

ROOSEVELT APPEALS FOR SACRIFICES TO DEFEAT AXIS ON EUROPEAN SOIL

Roy LeCraw Takes Office as Atlanta's 44th Mayor, Promises City 'Lean and Hungry' Financial Policy

New Executive Has Blessing Of Predecessor

Wife, Five Sons Watch
Ceremonies in Council Chamber.

In a flower-banked, flag-draped city hall council chamber 45-year-old Roy LeCraw last night was inaugurated as the 44th mayor of the city of Atlanta. The oath of office was administered by Robert Carpenter, one-time city alderman and present judge of the civil court of Fulton county.

He took office with the explicit blessing of his predecessor, William B. Hartsfield, who in his own farewell message outlined his administration's accomplishments and in concluding extended "every good wish" to the man who beat him by 111 votes in one of the major city political upsets of recent years.

Family Present.

In the throng which watched his induction were his wife and his five sons, to whom he gives the credit for putting his feet in early manhood, upon the path of public service.

The administering of the oath, the induction of the 18 members of city council, the appointment of committee chairmen and the inaugural address by the incoming mayor were the essential features of the meeting.

In the latter the new mayor promised a "lean and hungry" financial policy. To maintain a treasury surplus, he contended, was to invite profligate spending and a certain deficit.

"After the war many experts predict another depression. I believe in trimming the sails before the blow begins," he said.

Debate Flares.

The crowded council chamber got a glimpse of its council in action when Alderman G. Dan Bridges, newly appointed chairman of the 1941 police committee, offered an ordinance to restore to the committee the authority to elect a chief of police in the event of a vacancy. By a vote of nine for to seven against, council took that power from the committee on November 4 and placed it in council itself.

Presentation of the measure precipitated a debate in which Councilman J. Allen Couch flayed the new proposal, asserting he voted against allowing the committee to elect when it was approved 17 years ago, and that experience had convinced him he was right at that time.

"If you want to weaken law enforcement, vote for this paper," Couch said. "If you want law enforcement placed in the hands of a group hand-picked by one man, this is the way to get it."

"I have great respect for the

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LeCRAW SWORN IN—Mayor LeCraw is shown hand raised above taking the oath of office as Judge Robert Carpenter, of the civil court of Fulton county, swears the new mayor in for a four-year term as Atlanta's chief executive. Judge Carpenter is a former city alderman and former mayor pro tem. of council.

Actual Drafting Of Registrants Begins Here

188 Who Haven't Volunteered Will Be Called This Month.

The nation's first peacetime draft, during the next three weeks, will dip into the order lists of Atlanta's local boards and uproot 188 registrants from their homes and jobs, transplanting them for one year to Fort Jackson in Columbia, S. C.

They are the first men actually to be drafted from the metropolitan area, and will join 98 other registrants who have volunteered and were therefore accepted before their numerical turn.

The selection of the city's January quota came after local board members studied carefully the questionnaires of some 7,000 registrants, striking out those with deferments and calling up those whose names appeared at the top of the order list.

This morning at 8:30 o'clock Fulton Boards 1 and 2 will send their quota—50 men—to Fort McPherson for induction. From there they will go to Fort Jackson, to serve the 30th Division to wartime strength.

By the end of three weeks Fulton and DeKalb counties will have furnished 288 white men in the first selective service quota which made the draft a grim reality.

Some of the boards in this section were called on last month to furnish a handful of volunteers, but the requirements of the Fourth Corps Area this month demanded more men than were on the volunteer roles. Volunteers, however, were considered first by local boards.

Some boards were forced to consider registrants with order numbers as high as 400 because large numbers of men were classified into deferred groups.

(Partial List of Men Called for Army Duty on Page 12.)

Grand Jury Called on To Probe Bribery of Any Public Official

Judge Pomeroy Charges Body on Laws Governing Attempts To Influence Office Holders or Government Employees by Use of Money.

A call for investigation of bribery of any public officials was sounded yesterday by Judge E. E. Pomeroy as a new grand jury to serve during January and February was impaneled and sworn in Fulton superior court.

"I deem it important that the court should charge you on the subject of bribery at this time," the judge asserted. "I remind you both the giver and the receiver of a bribe are equally guilty."

"There is a special law against bribing members of the general assembly and another general bribery law. Both are misdemeanors. Then there is another special law providing a penalty of 20 years' imprisonment upon conviction of anyone passing bribes in an effort to influence the official conduct of the Governor or heads of the state departments," Pomeroy said, and read the jurors each law.

"As to bribery, gentlemen, I think all of you, or most of you, have heard that a certain amount of this is going on. I have nothing specific in mind, but if there be such going on in this jurisdiction, then it should be vigorously and diligently pursued by you. Bribery is a most serious undermining influence to sound government."

Judge Pomeroy, referring to bribery, called attention to the old city hall graft probe and the more recent investigation which resulted in the indictment of a number of city policemen and deputy sheriffs.

(F. R. Mitchell new foreman of grand jury. Story on Page 7.)

Amy Johnson Drowned

When Her Plane Sinks

LONDON, Jan. 6.—(P)—Amy Johnson, famous British aviatrix, drowned in the frigid waters of the Thames estuary yesterday afternoon when her plane sank before ships steaming at full speed could reach her.

A seaman from a balloon barrage ship attempted to pull one person from the plane but was unsuccessful.

A salvage worker said some of the gear bore "Amy's name."

Italians Face Surprise Drive Beyond Tobruk

British Plunge Across Desert for Bigger Stakes Expected.

CAIRO, Egypt, Jan. 6.—(P)—The possibility that British desert troops might sweep past the Italian seaport base at Tobruk and plunge on more than 250 miles across the Libyan sands to attack Bengasi arose tonight even as the advance guard of British motorized units threatened Tobruk's outer defenses.

Tobruk, 70 miles across the desert from Bardia, which the British captured yesterday, is the next natural objective. But it was not quite certain when the British would open a drive on Tobruk or whether they would pass it up for the time being for bigger game—the Cirenaican capital across the desert.

At any rate, the Royal Air Force pounded Tobruk in heavy raids similar to those loosed upon Bardia in the 48 hours preceding the final land attack which culminated in its capture yesterday.

Tons of bombs were dropped on military objectives at the seaport base.

At least one motorized spearhead was reported 20 miles from Tobruk, already blockaded by the British.

(Italian troops demoralized, British say. Story on Page 8.)

Russia, Turkey Believed Ready To Fight Nazis in Bulgaria

Soviet Official Arrives in Sofia; Deal With Germany Doubtful.

By the Associated Press.

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Jan. 6.—Diplomatic sources regarded joint Russian-Turkish resistance to any German push through Bulgaria as still likely tonight despite German reports that the U. S. S. R. has agreed to let the Nazis enter and take over Bulgarian territory.

The arrival of a high official of the Soviet commissariat of foreign affairs, these sources said, suggested that the reports—emanating from official German quarters—might only be wishful thinking.

Diplomatic reports also indicated that the Turks have concentrated several hundred thousand crack troops in Thrace, close to the Bulgarian frontier.

Trade With Reds Reported.—Reports given currency by official German quarters in Belgrade said Russia had acquiesced to a German move in Bulgaria on consideration that Germany not oppose Soviet policy either in Finland or Moldavia, the Rumanian area which adjoins Bessarabia, former Rumanian soil already annexed by Russia.

There was no confirmation of these reports, however, in Russian, Bulgarian, Rumanian or Turkish sources.

The Russian official, Alexander Mihailevitch, came to Sofia with the official title of first counselor of the heavily staffed Soviet legation here.

The Balkans, however, know him as a member of the middle European division of the Soviet foreign commissariat and as Moscow's outstanding expert on Balkan affairs.

Word immediately went the rounds of the chancelleries that Mihailevitch already has seen both Foreign Minister Ivan Popoff and King Boris, but this was not confirmed.

Bulgars Pray for Russians.—It was recalled, however, that the last visit of a high Soviet official to Sofia was followed quickly by the King's talks with Adolf Hitler and was popularly credited with having kept Bulgaria from joining the Axis.

It was the Greek Orthodox church's Christmas eve in Bulgaria and also the 63d anniversary of the "freeing" of Sofia from Turkish domination.

Bulgars in Sofia attended ceremonies honoring the Russian dead in the battle which won Sofia and turned them into a prayer that the Soviet would use its weight now to keep the Germans on the Rumanian side of the Danube.

Dispatches from Bulgarian towns on the river indicated that German troops on the other shore appeared to be settling down in their barracks rather than preparing to cross the ice-filled river.

Farley With Von Ribbentrop.—The reports in German official quarters in Belgrade, however, said the Germans were unlikely to move into Bulgaria at any event until a heavy freeze or a thaw makes a river crossing easy.

Premier Bogdan Philoff, of Bulgaria, has seen German Foreign Minister Joachim von Ribbentrop, the Nazis sources said, and told him that if Russia agreed there was nothing Bulgaria could do against German entry.

Then, the informants said, the Germans would enter Greece if the British showed continued signs of making that country their starting point for a northward drive through the Balkans.

These sources said territorial revision also is part of the plan: Bulgaria to win her long-sought outlet to the Aegean sea and regain the rest of Dobruja, the southern part of which already has been ceded her by Rumania under Axis arbitration.

Rumania virtually would disappear. Hungary would get all the remainder of Transylvania, and what is left of Rumania would be under German military and civil domination.

Democratic, Republican Chiefs Commend Roosevelt's Message

'A Strong Statement of the President's Position,'
George Declares; Other Georgians Praise Appeal for More Aid to Britain.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—(P)—The Democratic and Republican leaders of the senate today commended President Roosevelt's message to congress, urging increased defense production and expanded aid to Britain, but some legislators were critical.

Here is the reaction: Senator George, Democrat, of Georgia: A strong statement of the President's position.

Senator Russell, Democrat, of Georgia: I was particularly impressed that the President is not going to let anybody get wealthy on this program and his indication that he will not let either capital or labor delay it.

Senator Austin, of Vermont, Acting Republican Leader: The address will do much to crystallize the harmony and unity necessary to greater efforts to aid Britain.

Senator Wheeler, Democrat, of Montana: It was intended to frighten the American people to a point that they would surrender their liberties and establish a wartime dictatorship in this country.

Senator Barkley, of Kentucky, Democratic Leader: It expressed the overwhelming determination of the American people.

Senator Capper, Republican, of Kansas: It's another war speech.

Speaker Rayburn: It stated the viewpoint of the vast majority of the American people in masterly fashion.

Senator Taft, Republican, Ohio: The President is asking again for unlimited personal authority to loan abroad as much as he sees fit.

Senator Glass, Democrat, Virginia: A fine speech. It couldn't be better.

William S. Knudsen, a Director of the National Defense Commission: It hit the nail on the head.

Representative Whelchel, Democrat, Georgia: I think the program will be put into effect without a great deal of opposition.

Representative Ramspeck, Democrat, Georgia: A very comprehensive statement of our problems.

Representative Gibson, Democrat, Georgia: I consider the President's message a symbol of states-

manship and a challenge to all who would destroy democracy.

Representative Brown, Democrat, Georgia: The President's speech was forceful and a strong appeal for adequate national defense.

Representative Pace, Democrat, of Georgia: I feel sure that the President expressed the sentiments of the overwhelming majority of the American people.

Chairman Vinson, Democrat, Georgia, of the House Naval Committee: I shall support the President's program to the fullest extent.

Representative Tarver, Democrat, Georgia: The President's message was a strong expression of American sentiment.

Representative Camp, Democrat, Georgia: I believe my district is almost unanimously behind him.

Representative Cox, Democrat, Georgia: Vigorous and strong, an appeal to reason rather than to the emotions.

Representative Peterson, Democrat, Georgia: It was a forceful presentation of the international issue, containing vital thoughts and suggestions.

"RATHER SHARP,"
BERLIN OBSERVES

BERLIN, Jan. 6.—(UP)—Authorized sources tonight termed parts of President Roosevelt's message to congress "rather sharp" but refused further comment until the entire speech is available.

SEEKS TO PROVOKE
AXIS, ROME SAYS

ROME, Jan. 6.—(UP)—The first impression created in Rome political circles by President Roosevelt's message to congress was that it aimed at provoking Germany and Italy into a declaration of war against the United States.

Fascist spokesmen unanimously assailed it as completely lacking any understanding of the Axis viewpoint and paving the way for United States entry into the war in the near future.

(London Hails F. D. R. Pledge as Masterful. Story on Page 5.)

F.D.R. Urges Swift Increase In Arms Output

President's Tone Almost
Reaches Shout in
Pledge to Britain.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Gravely and earnestly, President Roosevelt informed congress today that "a swift and driving increase in our armament production" was the immediate need of a critical period and appealed for widespread personal sacrifices in a national effort to defeat the Axis powers lest they win abroad and then attack the Americas.

"Let us say to the democracies," he said, "we Americans are vitally concerned in your defense of freedom. We are putting forth our energies, our resources and our organizing powers to give you strength to regain and maintain a free world. We shall send you, in ever-increasing numbers, ships, planes, tanks, guns. This is our purpose and our pledge."

Emphatic Delivery.

A slow-paced delivery, accompanied by an ever-rising tone, almost reaching the proportions of a shout, made this the most emphatically spoken passage of the address—his annual message to congress, delivered as usual in person and received with repeated, enthusiastic ovations.

The President said he would ask for "greatly increased new appropriations" for defense, and for lending arms to England, called for higher taxes to defray the bill in part, warned against listening to those who "preach the 'isms' of appeasement," and as a means of strengthening the moral fiber of the American people in the face of "foreign peril," made four recommendations for domestic action.

Spread in Pensions.

Old-age pensions and unemployment insurance should be spread to cover a greater proportion of the population, he said, opportunities for adequate medical care should be increased, a better means of providing employment for those deserving or needing it should be devised, and no person should be allowed to grow wealthy out of the defense program.

Under the maze of steel beams and girders erected as a temporary support for the capitol roof, the President addressed a packed house chamber. Members of senate and house, cabinet members and dozens of notables were on the floor. The galleries were jammed with listeners, including Mrs. Roosevelt, Crown Prince Olav and Crown Princess Martha of Norway, who drove to the capitol.

Continued on Page 5, Column 4.



ATLANTIANS LISTEN IN—In barber shops and hotel lobbies, beer parlors and private homes, Atlantans, foreign-born and bluebloods, listened attentively yesterday as the President spoke, calling for a quickening of pace in the defense program. In a Greek hat-cleaning shop these four men listened. Left to right, Spiro Poulos, George Zabor, John Alex and J. A. Nichols.

Civil Service Revision Loses In Old Council

Lyle Says He Will Reoffer It; Couch, Gilliam Oppose.

The final session of the 1940 city council yesterday was enlivened by a short debate when Councilman George B. Lyle, of the second ward, failed in an effort to send to the 1941 ordinance and legislation committee a proposal to revise the civil service set-up affecting about 1,300 municipal employees. The measure was voted down, but Lyle said he will reoffer it.

Councilman J. Allen Couch, chairman of the 1940 council's special civil service committee, and Alderman Ed A. Gilliam, of the second ward, attacked the Lyle measure, contending that while the present system with its personnel department is not perfect, and probably should be amended, it should be preserved. Both warned that abrogation of the present personnel board direction over employment would throw city jobs back into politics and, Couch said, to "some people who are politically hungry."

Couch added that in the absence of civil service he believed the next 30 days with the advent of the administration of Mayor Roy LeCraw.

The Lyle measure would have abolished the city personnel board and the personnel department, substituting a modified system of civil service to be administered by various department heads and council committees having charge of the respective governmental divisions, much on the same order of the present police department's set-up.

Lyle argued that his measure would save the city from \$10,000 to \$20,000 a year in salaries and other expense.

U. S. Extends Time For Darien Bridge

The War Department yesterday approved a request of the State Highway Board that the time for beginning construction of a bridge across the Darien river at Darien be extended to November 20, 1942. Original plans for the bridge were approved November 20, 1937, and the time for commencing construction was fixed at November 20, 1938. The time limit previously had been extended to November 20, 1940, but no work was begun.

INDIGESTION

may affect the heart

Gas trapped in the stomach or gut may act like a hair-trigger on the heart. At the first sign of distress, man and woman depend on Bellan Tablets to get gas free. No laxative but made of the fastest-acting medicine known for acid indigestion. If the FIRST DOSE doesn't bring relief, take two more, return bottle to us and receive DOUBLE Money Back, 25c.

DAVISON'S

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15% to 50% off

A Few Examples:

Eldredge Rotary Stitch Console Model, Knee Control, attachments and 10-year guarantee... Reg. 69.95... **45.50**

Eldredge Reverse-Stitch console model, sews forward and backward, hinged presser foot, knee control, lamp... Reg. \$85... **\$55**

Eldredge Rotary stitch. Improved model. Beautiful walnut and chrome cabinet (pictured) Reg. \$110... **\$75**

Eldredge Improved Rotary console. Built-in motor, lamps, knee control. Reg. 89.50... **\$65**

Trade-Ins and Repositions: Console Electric. Parts guaranteed, good condition... **34.95**

Eldredge Electric Portable. Attachments. Perfect sewing order... **27.50**

Eldredge Console Electric. Knee control, lamp. Guaranteed... **39.95**

Call for Expert Repair Service

Davidson's Sewing Machines, Second Floor

Text of Mayor LeCraw's Inaugural Address

Text of Mayor LeCraw's inaugural address follows:

To the Members of the 1941 Council, Ladies and Gentlemen: In assuming the office of mayor of Atlanta I do so with the utmost humility and with an earnest desire to do the best job of which I am capable. I start in upon my term of office with malice toward none and with a desire to cooperate with the members of council, the department heads and the employees of the city of Atlanta to the end of giving our city the very best and most economical business administration.

I am a business man, and in entering the race for mayor I looked upon the city government of Atlanta as being a business, a business to which business principles should and could be applied. A successful business must hold operating costs down, income up, and it must render a "value received" service to those who are entitled to its services.

I have taken the time during the past several months to make a minute and detailed study of many of the departments of the city government. I have studied the budgets of all of the departments, not only for the year 1940, but for five years past. I have written to many other cities comparable to Atlanta in order to get from them the methods they used and the comparative costs of operation in connection with many of our departments here.

These studies have crystallized certain definite ideas in my mind, some of which I would like to comment upon.

OPERATING COSTS STEADILY INCREASE

1. FINANCES: During the past four years the operating costs of our city government have been constantly and steadily and unintermittently increased. Almost every department has shown large increases in operating costs over that period. Hardly any new services have been provided to the citizens of Atlanta, which means that the costs of the original services have been greatly increased. There should, of course, be some normal increase in operating costs as the city of Atlanta has increased somewhat in population, but the increases in operating costs have far surpassed proportionately the increases in population so much so that I have gone deeper seeking the underlying causes of the tremendous operation costs increases.

The year 1940 has been the largest spending year Atlanta ever knew. The city's income from taxes and other sources have likewise been larger than in any previous year. At the end of 1939, the city had a surplus of approximately \$750,000. Now at the end of 1940, we find that surplus reduced to approximately \$500,000, which means in plain language that the city has spent all of its 1940 income, and in addition has spent a quarter of a million dollars of the surplus that was carried over from 1939, reducing that surplus now from \$750,000 to \$500,000.

It seems, therefore, that the more money the city takes in, the more we spend and based on past records, should taxes be increased, even more, the city's expenditures would promptly increase proportionately. Throughout all of this procedure which has been going on steadily and insidiously for the past several years, the noticeable fact is that Mr. Average Citizen on the streets of Atlanta is not receiving any more or any better services than he did back during the years when Atlanta's city expenditures were two million dollars less than they are today.

GOVERNMENTS SHOULD HAVE NO SURPLUSES "It is my own opinion that any governmental unit should be lean and hungry all the time. It ought not to be fat and have big surpluses lying around to tempt those in authority to think up new ways of spending them. If this were the case, we would find ourselves always trying to save money, to cut corners to effect economies and we would be examining each expenditure with much more critical eyes than if tempting surpluses were lying around, begging to be spent.

"Remember that surpluses in the city's treasury means corresponding deficits in taxpayer's pockets. "Looking ahead, I believe everyone will agree that when the present war ends, this country will probably experience another great economic depression. I have always believed in the philosophy of trimming your sails before the blow comes. Therefore, I do believe that it is good business to curtail Atlanta's expenditures and cut off every unnecessary expenditure and effect every possible economy now, during 1941, while times are still good."

"II. WATER. One of the planks in my platform was to reduce Atlanta's water rate from \$1.30 to \$1. During my campaign, I received many comments on this point and it aroused more general approval than any other item upon which I campaigned. Hundreds of people have written, telephoned or personally visited me to tell me that they voted for me principally due to my stand on reducing the water rate.

Everyone knows that it costs only about 30 cents to deliver water into an Atlanta home and only about 40 cents to deliver it into a county home. I am hoping that the council will see fit to pass a bill which will be introduced to effect the reduction from \$1.30 to \$1 in the city and from \$3.10 to \$2.25 in the county.

Some city residents have complained that the county should not receive a reduction. At \$2.50, however, the county will be paying over twice the city rate. This is in the nature of an occupational tax of \$18 per year on every household in the county. These county residents after all are Atlantians. It is true our borders do not extend to their homes, but they are part and parcel of our city, earn their livings here and I believe that it is not only fair but also good business to reduce their rate proportionately to Atlanta's reduction.

In connection with the county water rate, it is a fact that Atlanta has been killing the goose that has been laying the golden egg. Wells are being dug all over the county and at least one Atlanta plumbing firm that I know of has quit the plumbing business and gone into the well-digging business. We have recently seen our sister city of Decatur entering into a water development plan. This might have been forestalled had Atlanta offered a lower rate. Other cities surrounding Atlanta, likewise, such as East Point, have strayed away from us due to our high rates.

At this time, I would like to put all far governmental bodies who intend to compete with Atlanta in the sale of water in this general vicinity, on notice, that in making these first reductions, Atlanta still has considerable leeway and I personally hope to see further reductions in water rates effected during my term of office.

TRAFFIC IS ATLANTA'S MOST PRESSING PROBLEM.

III. POLICE: One of the major planks in my platform was the elimination of the hiding police. This much discussed subject, I believe, will shortly be solved by the simple expedient of not requiring police officers to hide and by not forcing them to bring in any certain number of cases. At this point, I would like to comment on the fact that the police pension fund receiving 25 per cent of the total fines in the police court has caused many people to believe that the policemen have an incentive to make arrests. This principle is inequitable and unfair and I believe should be corrected by legislation.

By far Atlanta's most pressing problem at the present time is that of traffic and I intend to make a solution of it the major effort of my first year in office. We see our city here with downtown property values constantly deteriorating. All over the downtown section, there are vacant lots where buildings formerly stood. Our congested, unorganized and totally impossible traffic is doing more to harm business and to stunt the growth of our city than any other one thing.

This problem must be attacked with every facility at our command and I for one am not willing to say that nothing can be done about it. I believe that some-

thing can be done about it and with the assistance of the police department, the traffic court, an excellent police committee and the good citizens of Atlanta, I pledge you my very best efforts to remedy this cancer which is eating at the vitals of our prosperity and our progress.

PROMISES CAMPAIGN ON TAX DODGERS

IV. TAX DODGERS. As I see it, the city government of Atlanta legitimately belongs to only two classes of people, registered taxpayers and those who on account of age are not legally liable to registration and taxes. I believe that every agency in the city of Atlanta should be used to check up on those who are enjoying the services and benefits of this city, and who are not carrying their just share of the tax load. There are many ways of checking up and finding out who these tax dodgers are:

(1) Through the schools. The parents or guardians of every school child ought to be checked to see if they are registered taxpayers.

(2) Every applicant for a license to the city of Atlanta should be required to register and pay their just tax.

(3) Through the police department and the city courts. It should be known that every law violator brought before the traffic courts will be checked as to whether or not they have registered and paid their taxes.

(4) Every business concern in Atlanta should be made to pay a tax to employment that every employee should register and pay their just taxes to which they are legally liable. If the businessmen of Atlanta would co-operate to this extent it would result in putting thousands of additional taxpayers on the books and spreading the tax load. A tax dodger is a law violator and no concern should employ law violators.

TOO MANY PATIENTS TREATED AT GRADY V. HOSPITALS. A disproportionately large part of the people of Atlanta and surrounding territory are having their hospitalization and doctoring done free at Grady hospital. National statistics show that only the "lower third" or approximately 30 per cent of the population is entitled to free public service such as hospitalization and doctoring. The remaining 70 per cent of the doctoring is done at Grady hospital as evidenced by the fact that approximately six babies out of ten that were born last year were born at Grady hospital at the taxpayers' expense.

The reason for this, evidently, is the fact that the rates of the private hospitals are inordinately high. The average family earning from \$100 to \$200 per month would be glad, I believe, to pay something for their hospitalization and medical care, but when they see the prices of the private hospitals around \$5 to \$6 per day per room, they throw up their hands and go down to Grady.

Atlanta badly needs an intermediate hospital to take care of this middle group, the prices of which would be perhaps \$2 or \$3 per room per day and the doctor's fee in which would be say \$25 for an obstetrical case and proportionately on other treatments.

I believe the city could save money by subsidizing such a hospital to some extent and I know that the doctors would profit because they would salvage back into the paying groups the marginal group who are able to pay something for their care, but because of the high prices, are being hospitalized at Grady. I know that Grady hospital is not adequately housed and I hope during my term of office to see a new hospital built. Not a larger hospital, but a new fireproof hospital.

How are only a few of Atlanta's problems. Atlanta has many vexing problems and needs and it seems to me that the duty of the elected officials of this city is to see to it that FIRST NEEDS are attended to FIRST, that things are done in the order of their importance to the whole community and not in the order of their importance to some particular section of our community. We should forget sectionalism, there is no north side interests or south side interests in Atlanta. There is only one community, one interest, indivisible, and our needs and our problems are common to all. Let us therefore as servants of the people put our thoughts and our efforts squarely behind the solution of our city's problems and forgetting our own personal interests labor together with God's help for the common good.

FOOD EXPENDITURES INCREASE \$49,743 Expenditures for food in Atlanta and Fulton county were increased \$49,743.50 during December, represented by blue stamps issued by the Atlanta and Fulton county stamp program offices during the month. In addition, \$56,139 of orange stamps were purchased from the government during the period, bringing the total amount available for food purchases during the stamp program to \$105,882.50 for December, 1940.

The amount of blue stamps issued per person during December averaged \$2.08. Participating in the Atlanta and Fulton county stamp program during the month were 7,747 cases, including 23,913 persons. Those participating represented approximately 55 1-4 per cent of the 14,013 cases in the area eligible to receive stamps during December.

Winter session classes at the Atlanta Art Center started yesterday and will last for 10 weeks. Miss Minna McClelland Beck, director, announced yesterday.

The art courses are held at 679 Piedmont avenue, and are sponsored by the Atlanta Federation of Women's Clubs.

Miss Beck pointed out that the Art Center is a community service project of the Women's Clubs, for all Atlantians interested in studying art.

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Atlanta Mayor Has Led Life Of Adventure

LeCraw Was Expelled From Two Schools; Later Became Soldier

Atlantians this morning have a new mayor and he's something of a Peck's Bad Boy settled down. During his 45 years Mayor Roy LeCraw has experienced life's ups and downs, gone through what many consider a somewhat wild adolescence and then turned his indefatigable energy into constructive channels that civic work with a vigor and finally was bitten seriously by the political bug. He was kicked soundly by an artillery mule and twice he was defeated in political races.

For two episodes in his checkered career, the Mayor blushed and changed the subject. He was expelled from two schools—once for fighting when he was a tyke attending Inman Park school and another time from G. M. A. for arson, the burning of an important house.

At Nashville, Tenn., May 1, 1895, the new mayor was one of a family of seven children, and that "probably accounts for me being something of a roughneck," he says.

When he was five years old, the family moved to Atlanta, and LeCraw, the youngest, entered the insurance field as the son, Roy, began his schooling.

Not Irremedial. The fight and its accompanying expulsion were not irremedial, because during the year he was out of Inman Park school, he was a student at the Boulevard school. The following year he promised to be a better boy and was readmitted to Inman Park, from which he was graduated.

Later he matriculated at Tech High school, and subsequently at G. M. A. and he doesn't want to hear any further allusions about his unpleasant experience there.

From G. M. A. he proceeded to Dahlgren and thence to Auburn. In 1916 Villa was kicking up something of a row in Mexico, and LeCraw sided he ought to do something about it, so he volunteered as a private in the artillery.

His active service there was thwarted by a burly mule. This placed him on the inactive list for 1917 and part of 1918, but he entered the service again when he came to Zachary Taylor in 1918, only to have the war end and have himself mustered out.

Then along came the National Guard and LeCraw joined as a private. He rose rapidly until he became a sergeant, and then he was promoted to a post held until the present emergency forced him to resign service in order that he might serve as mayor.

In 1919, he married the former Miss Julia Adams, and in 1921 Carter (Buck) LeCraw, the first of his three sons, was born. The next came Roy Jr., Veazy, Julian and Rupert.

After the Mayor got out of school and into serious life, he decided there might be something to a schoolroom after all, and he entered the University of Georgia. He next tried for one of the five posts on the Fulton county commission.

Then on September 4, he received the nomination as mayor, defeating the incumbent, William B. Hartsfield.

LeCraw was one of the first workers in the Community Chest even before it became the Community Fund. He is the only Atlantian who has served as president of both the junior and senior chambers of commerce.

He doesn't drink, doesn't chew or smoke, and his doesn't seem so mild one with a good vocabulary would not recognize them.

During the late political campaign he bought his first hat in years because his advisers told him he didn't look like a 45-year-old man to offset his collegiate appearance.

Winter Classes Open At Atlanta Art Center

Winter session classes at the Atlanta Art Center started yesterday and will last for 10 weeks. Miss Minna McClelland Beck, director, announced yesterday.

The art courses are held at 679 Piedmont avenue, and are sponsored by the Atlanta Federation of Women's Clubs.

Miss Beck pointed out that the Art Center is a community service project of the Women's Clubs, for all Atlantians interested in studying art.

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Text of Hartsfield's Message

Mayor Hartsfield last night delivered the following parting message to city council as he ended his four-year term as the city's chief executive and turned the reins of the government over to his successor, Roy LeCraw:

Gentlemen of the general council: Four years ago this administration took office, with two definite mandates, the rehabilitation of city finances and a change in police administration.

We found our city staggering under a floating deficit of \$1,700,000 and an additional \$1,300,000 in technically defaulted bonds. There were outstanding huge sums in merchandise and salary script, together with large annual bank loans, all of which was draining the public funds with no benefit to the taxpayers. Our employees' wages had been cut, and script of doubtful value was peddled to merchants as an act of charity for the city. Finally as the result of a series of unwise financial acts, all of the Atlanta banks declined any further credit to the city.

GROSS PUBLIC DEBT HAS BEEN REDUCED

You may be surprised to know that at the same time, while improving the services of the city and maintaining a balanced budget, we have made material reductions in the gross public debt. We found the city owing a total of \$16,442,000 on January 1, 1937, which included the floating deficit. We leave it with outstanding bonds and revenue certificates of only \$12,879,000 or a net reduction of \$3,563,000 and the funds for this year's debt service are on hand in the banks. All of these figures are taken from the records of the comptroller of the city.

In addition I call your attention to the fact that after this year, by legislative enactment already provided for in our finance bills of 1937, the water rate goes down automatically to the same charges, both for individual and industrial users as were in effect in 1936, leaving us with a thoroughly modernized waterworks with its improvements fully paid for.

Also there remains but a few hundred thousand dollars of the deficit certificates unpaid, which will be retired this year, after which Atlanta's tax rate automatically goes down one mill, or back to the old rate of 15 mills, one of the lowest tax rates of any city of our size in the nation.

There is only one other fairly large southern city with a lower tax rate, which is Birmingham, Ala., but in their case it must be borne in mind that there the county performs all hospital services and a competent gentleman of high character in whom the public has entire confidence.

We brought Atlanta down from a record high of 87 deaths per year to a record low of 28 fatalities in 1939, together with several thousand less accidents and injuries, making our city third in her class in the entire nation in traffic improvement.

We installed two-way radio and a modern police school, together with better equipment for efficient service.

At the prison farm we installed new management with a superintendent recommended by the University of Georgia Agricultural School. In cleaning up the place and installing more decent and humane methods of treatment of prisoners, it was necessary to dismiss several drunkards and incompetents, one of them having been convicted of murder in another county. This incurred the ire of a few cheap politicians who have vowed political vengeance. I cannot believe the new administration will turn this place, where five or six hundred unfortunates are kept, back into the hands of professional politicians to make of it the miserable place it was under their former control.

Our administration is also proud of the fact that city employees have been removed from the realm of political vassals with a modern civil service law, enforced by a high type citizens' committee, whereby efficient service to the public is the means of securing and holding employment instead of making the city pay rolls the playground of a lot of ward heelers and political morons.

EFFICIENT WORK OF BOARD IS CITED We can also be proud of the efficient work of the various boards such as the Grady hospital board, the Housing Authority and other citizens' committees. On such committees I have tried to appoint the very best persons qualified to render good service, instead of using such appointments to pay political debts.

I think we can also be proud of the fact that this administration has promoted a spirit of harmony between our city government and the Atlanta school department and also the labor movement, which for the first time has been given representation on various citizens' committees.

To enumerate all of the various improvements in the department

either accomplished or provided for nearly four million dollars' worth of public improvements without the benefit of any bond issues such as former administrations enjoyed.

Many of these improvements have been made possible by the tremendous savings, amounting to hundreds of thousands of dollars in the financial operation of our city and other municipal economies. Money which heretofore had gone into the rat hole of high interest rates on all sorts of merchandise and salary script and juggling deficits over from year to year, with huge bank loans, has been put into better equipment, which in turn gave better service to the people at less operating cost.

POLICE ADMINISTRATION SOURCE OF STRIFE Police administration had been a constant source of bickering and strife. There were open charges of underworld influence in the management of that department. Atlanta's traffic fatalities had reached an all-time high, with the press, civic clubs and successive grand juries demanding a housecleaning.

Under such circumstances, this administration took office with the first act was to cut the city's pay rolls 6 per cent and to effect every possible economy. When this was done there still hung over our heads the tremendous deficit, unpaid bonds, unpaid equipment and the grave threat of a waterworks rapidly reaching the end of its filter and pumping capacity.

It was then that this administration called upon the people of Atlanta to end this situation and put Atlanta once more on its feet. One of the evils of financial operation of our city was the old anticipation system whereby politicians could merely imagine additional revenue and spend the city into further deficits.

We proposed a series of measures to finance the deficit, refund unpaid bonds and rebuild the waterworks. Citizens committees representing all walks of life were called in. These citizens, together with the entire press gave their approval to our plan to put Atlanta on its feet, together with a new budget law putting Atlanta on a cash basis and forever ending annual deficits.

RESULTS JUSTIFIED EFFORTS AT REFORM The results have justified our efforts. Today Atlanta is on a strictly cash basis. Our method of financing has been completely changed. We have restored our employees' wages. We have stopped heavy interest charges and have repaired and replaced worn out equipment, together with badly needed new equipment for better service. Atlanta's bonds now enjoy the highest rating and no American municipality enjoys any better credit standing.

Our waterworks has been enlarged and improved, thus guaranteeing the future growth of Atlanta. Our method of financing it was thoroughly sound, in that all users whether inside or outside the city participated in a "five-year pay-as-you-go" plan, whereas bonds or additional taxes would have fallen on Atlanta taxpayers alone.

We now have under construction a modern incinerator guaranteeing future garbage disposition in a growing city, and funds for it are now on hand.

You gentlemen are already aware of the fact that once again we have ended the year with all bills paid, all charter and trust funds intact and a surplus of \$321,696.47 in the treasury to pass on to the new administration.

In addition we have for the past two years operated your city government without borrowing a single cent from any bank for operating purposes. Indeed we have in the past four years saved tremendous sums in interest on script, bank loans and in discounts for prompt payment of bills.

IMPROVEMENTS EXCEED THREE MILLION DOLLARS I further call your attention to the fact that this administration has done over three million dollars' worth of necessary improvements for the benefit of our citizens. We now have on hand in the bank over \$800,000, for pending waterworks and incinerator construction. These two items were financed with revenue certificates, but they are repayable solely on present revenues. At the same time we undertook and carried to completion the sewer program of the former administration, which incidentally required, not only additional sewer funds, but the additional personnel to man the new disposal plants.

Thus you will see we have

would require too much time, but we can truthfully say that there is not a single department in our city which we do not leave in better shape than we found it. At the same time we have also tried to improve the moral and cultural life of our city with better recreational facilities and the rebuilding of the cyclorama, together with the establishment of Atlanta's only downtown central park and beauty spot, which for many years has been so sorely needed.

"I desire also to pay tribute to the various department heads upon whom fall the real burden of operating our city. They are a fine group of officials and they deserve your support and that of the incoming mayor.

COUNCILMEN PRAISED FOR THEIR LABORS

"In these matters I desire also to pay full tribute to the valiant labors of your honorable body during the past four years. There have been years of progress and achievement of which we may well be proud. Jealous politicians may seek to discredit our labors, but the general results are so outstandingly good that we may rest secure in the approbation of all responsible citizens.

"For myself I have worked exceedingly hard for the last four years, but I have enjoyed my service and leave my office with a high regard for those who constitute the official family of our city.

"When I was first elected I resolved to give my city the very best which was within me, without regard to any selfish interests or personal or political consequences, and I shall forever be grateful to the people of Atlanta for having entrusted to me for a period of years the highest office within their gift.

To the new administration and especially to the newly elected mayor, the Honorable Roy LeCraw, I extend every good wish for a successful and efficient administration of Atlanta's affairs.

So, gentlemen, with a clear conscience and the knowledge of a duty performed to the best of my ability, I return my commission to the people of Atlanta and may God bless you each and every one.

Respectfully submitted, W. B. HARTSFIELD, Mayor.

There is only one other fairly large southern city with a lower tax rate, which is Birmingham, Ala., but in their case it must be borne in mind that there the county performs all hospital services and a competent gentleman of high character in whom the public has entire confidence.

We brought Atlanta down from a record high of 8

LeCraw Names '41 Committee Assignments

Councilman Omitted at His Own Request, New Leader Says.

Mayor LeCraw last night made the committee assignments for 1941, but prefaced his appointments and the absence of the name of Councilman Frank Wilson on any committees with this statement:

"In making my committee appointments I have made every effort to place each member of council on the committees for which I believe he is best suited, both temperamentally and from the standpoint of ability, experience and training. I have taken into consideration the wishes of each councilman and have also consulted with department heads and many employees in the various departments. It will be noticed that one councilman has been left off of all committees. I want to make it very clear, however, that this was done at this councilman's own request. Several conferences were held with him, after which his own words were 'Leave me off of all committees.' Having offered him several very important appointments, including one of the best chairmanships, I feel that I have done my duty, but finally I have acceded to his request to be left off of all committees. All committee appointments are for one year and are subject to change after one year."

The committee appointments are:

FINANCE—White, chairman; Hester, vice chairman; Moseley, Bell, Lyle, Drennon.
PUBLIC WORKS—Lyle, chairman; White, vice chairman; Bell, Jackson, Knight, Drennon.
PRISON—Lyle, chairman; White, vice chairman; Bell, Jackson, Knight, Drennon.
SEWER—Reynolds, chairman; Drennon, vice chairman; Couch, Marler, Gilliam, Lyle.
ELECTRIC LIGHT—Allen, chairman; Drennon, vice chairman; Bridges, Knight, Reynolds, Brewer.
MUNICIPAL PARKS AND AIRPORT—Hester, chairman; Allen, vice chairman; Moseley, Jackson, Butler.
BOARD OF FIREMASTERS—Haire, chairman; Bell, vice chairman; Allen, Knight, Jackson, Couch.
HEALTH AND SANITATION—Butler, chairman; Knight, vice chairman; Brewer, Marler, Reynolds, Bell.
HOSPITAL—Marler, chairman; Gilliam, vice chairman; Couch, Brewer, Butler, Drennon, White, Jackson, Bridges, Lyle, Allen, Reynolds.
MINUTES COMMITTEE—Bridges, chairman; Lyle, vice chairman; Haire.
POLICE COMMITTEE—Bridges, chairman; Moseley, vice chairman; Lyle, Hester, Haire.

Wilson, LeCraw In Rift Over Council Set-Up

Councilman Left Off All Committees at Own Request.

A disagreement between Mayor LeCraw and Councilman Frank Wilson over the personnel of the purchasing committee last night resulted in Wilson being left off all council committees "at his own request."

LeCraw announced during his campaign that he would not appoint any member of council to the purchasing committee if he or any organization with which he was affiliated had "anything to sell the municipality."

Wilson was a member of the 1940 purchasing group, and was affected by the announcement. When it was finally determined that LeCraw planned to carry out his announced intention to leave Wilson off the committee, Wilson insisted he be left off all committees. LeCraw did so.

And for the first time in the memory of the oldest political observers, a council member will start the year without designation as a member of a single one of the standing committees of council.

"The mayor acted a gentleman about the whole thing," Wilson said. "It was my fault, and he is not to blame."

Defense Work, Flu Cut List of Jurors

National defense work and influenza took a heavy toll of jurors called for service yesterday in Fulton superior courts, deputy clerks announced.

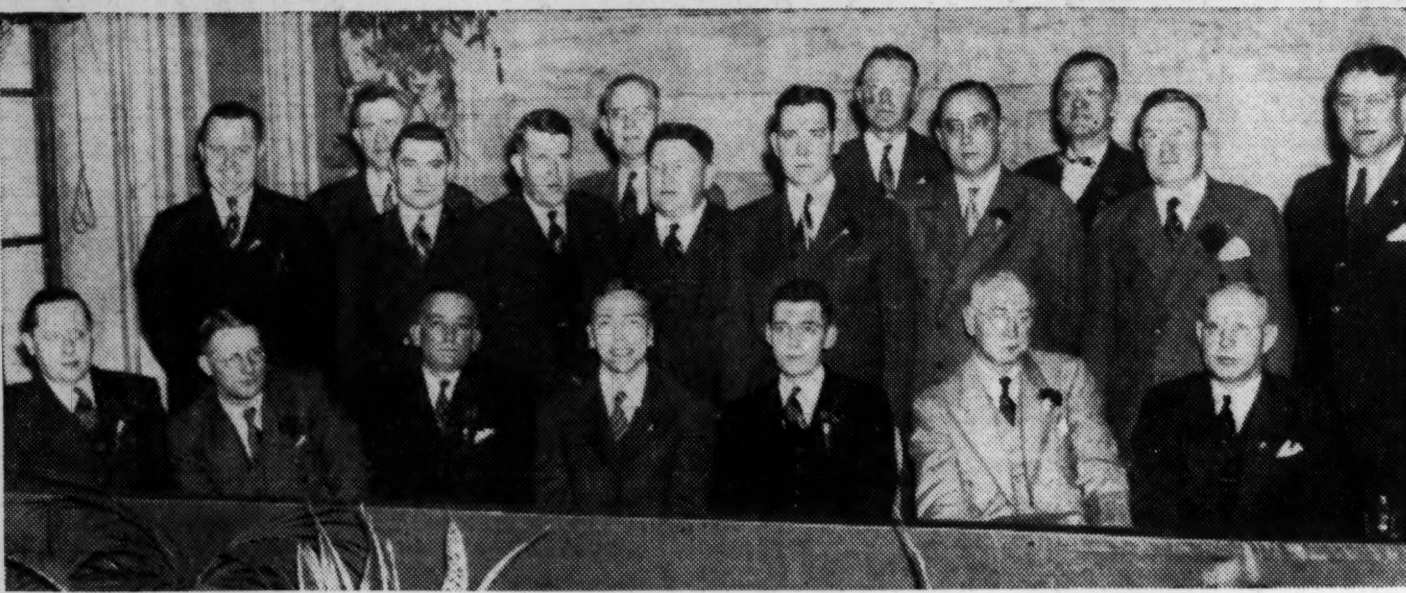
Of 130 called for the three divisions of criminal court which began the new term, only 48 men were able to serve. Seeing five panels for the civil divisions, only three could be mustered.

Most of the persons asking to be excused said either that they or members of the family had "flu" or that they were engaged in Army service or some other branch of the government vital to defense.

CIO Aircraft Employees To Strike for More Pay

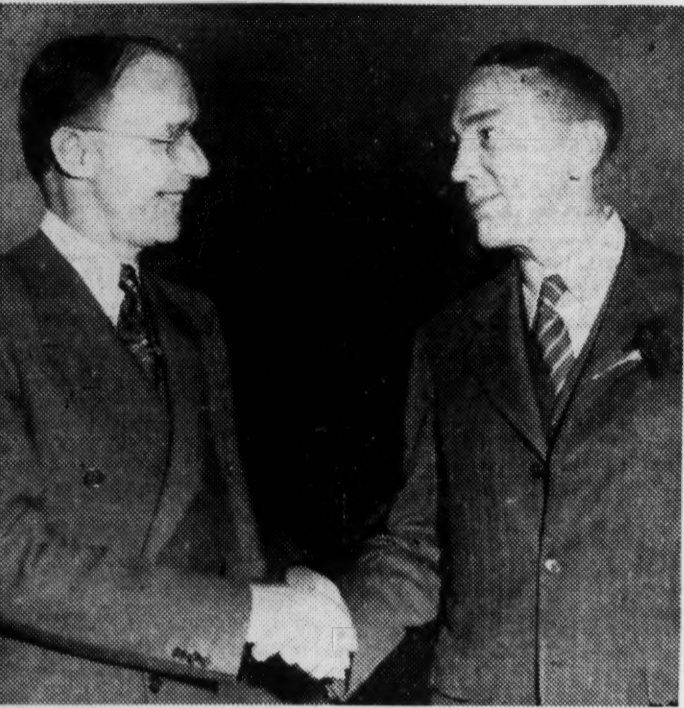
FARMINGDALE, N. Y., Jan. 6. (AP)—CIO workers at the Ranger aircraft engines division of the Fairchild Aircraft & Engine Corporation, which makes engines for Army and Navy training planes, voted tonight to go out on strike Thursday night.

The union is seeking a 5-cent an hour pay increase for all employees and seeks to raise the starting wage from 50 cents to 55 cents an hour.



MAYOR AND COUNCILMEN—The 1941 city council and Mayor LeCraw last night launched a new administration for a four-year term. Shown, left to right, front row, are Aldermen G. Dan Bridges, Ed A. Gilliam, L. O. Moseley, Mayor LeCraw, Aldermen Lester R.

Brewer, Frank H. Reynolds and Raleigh Drennon. Back row, Councilmen Roy Bell, James E. Jackson Jr., Cecil Hester, William T. Knight, George B. Lyle, J. Allen Couch, Joe Allen, John T. Marler, Paul Butler, John A. White, Howard Haire and Frank Wilson.



NO HARD FEELINGS—The bitterness of the September 4 political campaign was buried last night in a handclasp as retiring Mayor William B. Hartsfield, left, and incoming Mayor Roy LeCraw shook hands after they had delivered their respective messages to council.

LeCraw Takes Office as 44th Atlanta Mayor

Continued From First Page.

present chief, but he's been hampered and damned near ruined. I hope you do not vote this measure."

Councilman George B. Lyle then moved that it be sent to the 1941 police committee for a report. Bridges agreed, and the debate ended.

White Is Elected.

As council organized John A. White was elected unanimously as mayor pro-tem, the first time that officer has been drawn from other than the aldermanic board. He succeeds Alderman Frank H. Reynolds, retired. He also became the first man to serve both as mayor pro-tem and chairman of the finance committee, a LeCraw appointment.

Councilman Lyle was named provisional mayor pro-tem, and in accordance with precedent, will succeed White in 1942.

Alderman Bridges was named as one member of the budget commission, along with Councilman Cecil Hester for the other post. The new mayor in his inaugural address outlined his policy for the next four years. As pledged in his campaign he reiterated his promise to reduce water rates to \$1 for the first 800 cubic feet for city dweller, and to \$2.50 for the same amount to out-of-the-city residents. This will effect an approximate saving to water users of about \$250,000 from March through December, and will still leave room for more cuts if necessary.

He promised he would eliminate hiding policemen by revoking the order under which they are permitted to hide and also will discontinue the practice of requiring officers to make a certain number

of arrests per month, he said. Suggesting that the city subsidize hospitalization for people of moderate means, he urged a new Grady hospital, but not a larger one.

Citing figures to show that only one-third of the population should properly qualify as Grady patients, he charged that private hospital rates and private doctors' fees are so high they are prohibitive for persons earning from \$100 to \$200 a month.

He suggested these middle-income patients should be aided by

hospital, school and fire headquarters improvements, but they were sent to various committees.

Miss Doris White, daughter of Councilman White, who has attended many reorganization meetings of council, last night was prevented from seeing her father elected mayor pro tem because of an attack of influenza.

Clemency Given Prisoner in LeCraw's First Act

Mayor LeCraw's first act last night was to grant clemency to Robert Robinson, who still had two days to serve on a five-day sentence for being drunk on the streets.

Judge Luke S. Arnold recommended the action, after being informed Robinson had a job he could begin work on if he could get a pardon.

Alderman Frank H. Reynolds and Council J. Allen Couch, members of the sewer and tax committees, respectively, under Mayor Hartsfield, were reassigned to their posts.

Leaders Introduced.

LeCraw introduced many civic and political leaders. Among them was Herman Talmadge.

Councilman Roy Bell, who asked voters to send a bell to the city hall when he was running, presented LeCraw with a handsome silver-finished bell, and Joe Spinks in turn gave one to Bell.

Aldermen Raleigh Drennon and Ed A. Gilliam were elected council representatives on the Steiner board of trustees. Retiring Mayor Pro Tem Reynolds was presented a wrist watch by Gilliam, who acted in behalf of all council members.

Councilman Joe Allen offered several resolutions intended to revive the \$4,000,000 bond issue for

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Mrs. ROBT. B. CHURCH JR.

will review

OLIVER WISWELL

By Kenneth Roberts

History uncovered and woven into a story which surprises with its implications and stirs with its sincerity. A tremendously absorbing and courageous book.

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Davison's Sixth Floor Restaurant

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Billy's Taking His First Steps!

Only ten months old and he's already doing a Marathon around his play pen. You're careful to protect him against bumps and bruises—but what are you doing about the little feet that are just discovering a brand-new world? For this important new phase of his development, be sure he's wearing our famous Right Shape Shoes.

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RIGHT SHAPE SHOES, scientifically designed for the Standing-Stepping-Walking stages. The white elk high shoe sketched is the correct Right Shape shoe for baby's first steps. Semi-soft sole, raised toe box for roominess **2.50**

Johnson Asks Compensation Board Probe

Attacks Industrial Body for Fight Against Decision.

Dewey Johnson, president of the Georgia Federation of Labor, yesterday attacked the State Industrial Board in a letter to Jack C. Savage calling for an investigation in connection with the award of workmen's compensation to Willie E. Slack, member of the iron workers' union.

Johnson said he wondered "what advantage the board is to an injured worker if he is required to employ attorneys and fight every inch of the way for the benefits he is clearly entitled to under the law."

Elaborating on the specific case, Johnson said:

"As I understand the case the impartial chairman of the board held the original hearing and rendered a decision which seemed to us to have been fair and proper. However, the records in the case show that while the impartial chairman was away from the city, a hurried meeting of the other board members was held, which very largely nullified the decision of the impartial chairman, and in our opinion constituted a gross miscarriage of justice."

He asserted labor's representatives on the Industrial Board were "a party to this action."

Federal Crop Insurance Is Sought for Cotton

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6. (AP)—Senator Bankhead, Democrat, Alabama, introduced today legislation to extend federal crop insurance to cotton. The present system applies only to wheat.

Army Flier Is Killed When Planes Collide

HONOLULU, Jan. 6. (UP)—Second Lieutenant James J. Weigel, 22, of the Air Corps Reserve, was killed today when two Army pursuit planes collided over Wheeler field.

Second Lieutenant Horace A. Hanes, 24, of Armstrong, Ill., bailed out from the second plane safely.

Japanese Lose 3,000 In Desperate Battle

CHUNGKING, Jan. 6. (AP)—Three columns of Japanese were flung back with casualties of 3,000, the Chinese Central News Agency reported tonight, in a four-day battle on the northern front where some of the severest fighting of the Sino-Japanese war has occurred in the past two weeks.

New fly-front slacks in navy silk faille...3.98
 Rayon jersey shirt striped like a French sailor's...3.98
 Flag Red jacket in flannel with gold Emblem buttons...11.95
 The South Shop, Third Floor.

A Davison Resort First

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5-Point Sheets

69¢
Regularly 79¢

Sizes 63x99. Our famous sheets, selected as one of the best sheet values possible by a famous Research Bureau. Free from filling. Torn sizes. 128 threads per square inch.
 72x99, 81x99, reg. 89¢ **77¢**
 72x108, 81x108, reg. 99¢ **89¢**

Cannon Bath Towels

19¢
Regularly 29¢

Here's one of the biggest buys in thick, thirsty full-size towels we've ever seen. White with smart colored borders in rose, blue, green, gold. Size 20x40.

Quilted Mattress Pads

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Regularly 1.59

SINGLE or DOUBLE SIZE in heavy, closely stitched mattress pads. Durable muslin covers, filled with soft white cotton.

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 AFFILIATED WITH MACY'S - NEW YORK

Save **1.20** dozen

Save **1.20** dozen

Save **1.18** pair

Text of Roosevelt's Address Foreseeing Attack If Axis Wins

Swift Increase In Production Of Arms Urged

President Also Calls for Improvement in Social Economy.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—(AP)—The text of President Roosevelt's annual message to congress: To the Congress of the United States:

I address you, the members of the 77th Congress, at a moment unprecedented in the history of the Union. I use the word "unprecedented" because at no previous time has American security been as seriously threatened from without as it is today.

Since the permanent formation of our government under the Constitution, in 1789, most of the periods of crisis in our history have related to our domestic affairs. Fortunately, only one of these—the four-year War Between the States—ever threatened our national unity. Today, thank God, 130,000,000 Americans, in 48 states, have forgotten points of the compass in our national unity.

It is true that prior to 1914 the United States often had been disturbed by events in other continents. We had even engaged in two wars with European nations and in a number of undeclared wars in the West Indies, in the Mediterranean and in the Pacific for the maintenance of American rights and for the principles of peaceful commerce. In no case, however, had a serious threat been raised against our national safety or our independence.

U. S. ALWAYS HAS OPPOSED ANY LOCK-IN

What I seek to convey is the historic truth that the United States as a nation has at all times maintained opposition to any attempt to lock us in behind an ancient Chinese wall while the procession of civilization went past. Today, thinking of our children and their children, we oppose enforced isolation for ourselves or for any part of the Americas.

That determination of ours was proved, for example, during the quarter century of wars following the French Revolution. While the Napoleonic struggles did threaten interests of the United States because of the French foothold in the West Indies and in Louisiana, and while we engaged in the War of 1812 to vindicate our right to peaceful trade, it is, nevertheless, clear that neither France nor Great Britain nor any other nation was aiming at domination of the whole world.

In like fashion from 1815 to 1914—99 years—no single war in Europe or in Asia constituted a real threat against our future or against the future of any other American nation.

BRITISH FLEET A FRIENDLY STRENGTH

Except in the Maximilian interlude in Mexico, no foreign power sought to establish itself in

this hemisphere; and the strength of the British fleet in the Atlantic has been a friendly strength. It is still a friendly strength.

Even when the World War broke out in 1914, it seemed to contain only small threat of danger to our American future. But, as time went on, the American people began to visualize the downfall of democratic nations might mean to our own democracy.

We need not overemphasize imperfections in the peace of Versailles. We need not harp on failure of the democracies to deal with problems of world reconstruction. We should remember that the peace of 1919 was far less unjust than the kind of "pacification" which began even before Munich, and which is being carried on under the new order of tyranny that seeks to spread over every continent today. The American people have unalterably set their faces against that tyranny.

DEMOCRACY EVERYWHERE IS BEING ASSAILED

Every realist knows that the democratic way of life is at this moment being directly assailed in every part of the world—assailed either by arms, or by secret spreading of poisonous propaganda by those who seek to destroy unity and promote discord in nations still at peace.

During 16 months this assault has blotted out the whole pattern of democratic life in an appalling number of independent nations, great and small. The assailants are still on the march, threatening other nations, great and small.

Therefore, as your President, performing my constitutional duty to "give to the congress information of the state of the Union," I find it necessary to report that the future and the safety of our country and of our democracy are overwhelmingly involved in events far beyond our borders.

Armed defense of democratic existence is now being gallantly waged in four continents. If that defense fails, all the population and all the resources of Europe, Asia, Africa and Australia will be dominated by the conquerors. The total of those populations and their resources greatly exceeds the sum total of the population and resources of the whole of the western hemisphere—many times over.

SUCH A PEACE WOULD BRING NO SECURITY

In times like these it is immature—and incidentally untrue—for anybody to brag that an unprepared America, single-handed and with one hand tied behind its back, can hold off the whole world. No realistic American can expect from a dictator's peace international generosity, or return of true independence, or world disarmament, or freedom of expression, or freedom of religion—or even good business.

Such a peace would bring no security for us or for our neighbors. Those who would give up essential liberty to purchase a little temporary safety deserve neither liberty nor safety.

MUCH HAS BEEN LEARNED FROM LESSON OF NORWAY

There is much loose talk of our immunity from immediate and direct invasion from across the sea. Obviously, as long as the British navy retains its power, no such danger exists. Even if there were no British navy, it is not probable that any enemy would be stupid enough to attack us by landing troops in the United States from across thousands of miles of ocean until it had acquired strategic bases from which to operate.

But we learn much from the lessons of the past years in Europe—particularly the lesson of Norway, whose essential seaports were captured by treachery and

Highlights of F. D. R. Message On U. S. Defense, Aid to Britain

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—(AP)—Here are some salient statements from President Roosevelt's message to congress:

At no previous time has American security been as seriously threatened from without as it is today.

Every realist knows that the democratic way of life is at this moment being directly assailed in every part of the world—assailed either by arms, or by secret spreading of poisonous propaganda. . . .

In times like these it is immature—and incidentally untrue—for anybody to brag that an unprepared America, single-handed, and with one hand tied behind its back, can hold off the whole world.

No realistic American can expect from a dictator's peace international generosity, or return of true independence, or world disarmament, or freedom of religion—or even good business.

We must always be wary of those who with sounding brass and a tinkling cymbal preach the "ism" of appeasement. We must especially beware of that small group of selfish men who would clip the

surprise built up over a series of years.

The first phase of the invasion of this hemisphere would not be the landing of regular troops. The necessary strategic points would be occupied by secret agents and their dupes—and great numbers of them are already here, and in Latin America.

As long as the aggressor nations maintain the offensive, they—not we—will choose the time and the place and the method of their attack.

That is why the future of all American republics is today in serious danger.

That is why this annual message to the congress is unique in our history.

CONGRESS FACED BY GREAT RESPONSIBILITY

That is why every member of the executive branch of the government and every member of the congress face great responsibility—and great accountability. The need of the moment is that our actions and our policy should be devoted primarily—and almost exclusively—to meeting this foreign peril. For all our domestic problems are now a part of the great emergency.

Just as our national policy in internal affairs has been based upon a decent respect for the rights and dignity of all our fellowmen within our gates, so our national policy in foreign affairs has been based on a decent respect for the rights and dignity of all nations, large and small. And the justice of morality must and will win in the end.

Our national policy is this: First, by an impressive expression of the public will and without regard to partisanship, we are committed to all-inclusive national defense.

COMMITTEE TO SUPPORT NON-AGGRESSORS

Second, by an impressive expression of the public will and without regard to partisanship, we are committed to full support of all those resolute peoples, everywhere, who are resisting aggression and are thereby keeping war away from our hemisphere. By this support, we express our determination that the democratic cause shall prevail; and we strengthen the defense and security of our own nation.

Third, by an impressive expression of the public will and without regard to partisanship, we are committed to the proposition that principles of morality and considerations for our own security will never permit us to acquiesce in a peace dictated by aggressors and sponsored by appeasers. We know that enduring peace cannot be bought at the cost of the other people's freedom.

In the recent national election there was no substantial difference between the two great parties in respect to that national policy. No issue was fought out on this line before the American electorate. Today, it is abundantly evident that American citizens everywhere are demanding and supporting speedy and complete action in recognition of obvious danger.

INCREASED ARMAMENT IS IMMEDIATE NEED

Therefore, the immediate need is a swift and driving increase in our armament production. Leaders of industry and labor have responded to our summons. Goals of speed have been set. In some cases these goals are being reached ahead of time; in other cases they are on schedule; in other cases they are slightly behind; and in some cases—such as the case of the navy—I am sorry to say they are not.

PIMPLES OF EXTERNAL CAUSE

Clearing-up help aided by germicidal action of Black and White Dintment. Soothes out burn and itch. First try does it or your money back. Use Vital in cleansing is good soap. Use Black and White Skin Soap.

able time following the close of hostilities, in similar materials, or, at our option, in other goods of many kinds which they can produce and which we need.

Let us say to the democracies: "We Americans are vitally concerned in your defense of freedom. We are putting forth our energies, our resources and our organizing powers to give you the strength to regain and maintain a free world. We shall send you, in ever-increasing numbers, ships, planes, tanks, guns. This is our purpose and our pledge."

In fulfillment of this purpose we will not be intimidated by the threats of dictators that they will regard as a breach of international law and as an act of war our aid to the democracies which dare to resist their aggression. Such aid is not an act of war, even if a dictator should unilaterally proclaim it so to be.

DICTATORS WON'T WAIT FOR ACTS OF WAR

When the dictators are ready to make war upon us, they will not wait for acts of war on our part. They did not wait for Norway or Belgium or the Netherlands to commit an act of war.

Their only interest is in a new one-way international law, which lacks mutuality in its observance, and, therefore, becomes an instrument of oppression.

The happiness of future generations of Americans may well depend upon how effective and how immediate we can make our aid (to nations opposing aggressors) felt.

We must all prepare to make the sacrifices that the emergency—as serious as war itself—demands. Whatever stands in the way of speed and efficiency in defense preparations must give way to the national need.

This is no time to stop thinking about the social and economic problems which are the root cause of the social revolution which is today a supreme factor in the world.

No person should try, or be allowed, to get rich out of this program.

The world order which we seek is the co-operation of free countries, working together in a friendly, civilized society.

portant cases—we are concerned by the slowness of the accomplishment of our plans.

The Army and Navy, however, have made substantial progress during the past year. Actual experience is improving and speeding up our methods of production with every passing day. And today's best is not good enough for tomorrow.

I am not satisfied with the progress thus far made. The men in charge of the program represent the best in training, ability and patriotism. They are not satisfied with the progress thus far made. None of us will be satisfied until the job is done.

No matter whether the original goal set was too high or too low, our objective is quicker and better results.

To give two illustrations: We are behind schedule in turning out finished airplanes; we are working day and night to solve the innumerable problems and to catch up.

AHEAD OF SCHEDULE ON BUILDING SHIPS

We are ahead of schedule in building warships, but we are working to get even further ahead of schedule.

To change a whole nation from a basis of peace production to implements of war is no small task. And the greatest difficulty comes at the beginning of the program, when new tools and plant facilities and new assembly lines and ship ways must first be constructed before the actual material begins to flow steadily and speedily from them.

The congress, of course, must keep itself informed at all times of the progress of the program. However, there is certain information, as the congress itself will readily recognize, which, in the interest of our own security and those of the nation we are supporting, must of needs be kept in confidence.

New circumstances are constantly begetting new needs for our safety. I shall ask this congress for greatly increased new appropriations and authorizations to carry on what we have begun.

I also ask this congress for authority and for funds sufficient to manufacture additional munitions and war supplies of many kinds, to be turned over to those nations which are now in actual war with aggressor nations.

IMMEDIATE ROLE IS THAT OF ARSENAL

Our most useful and immediate role is to act as an arsenal for them as well as for ourselves. They do not need manpower. They do need billions of dollars worth of the weapons of defense.

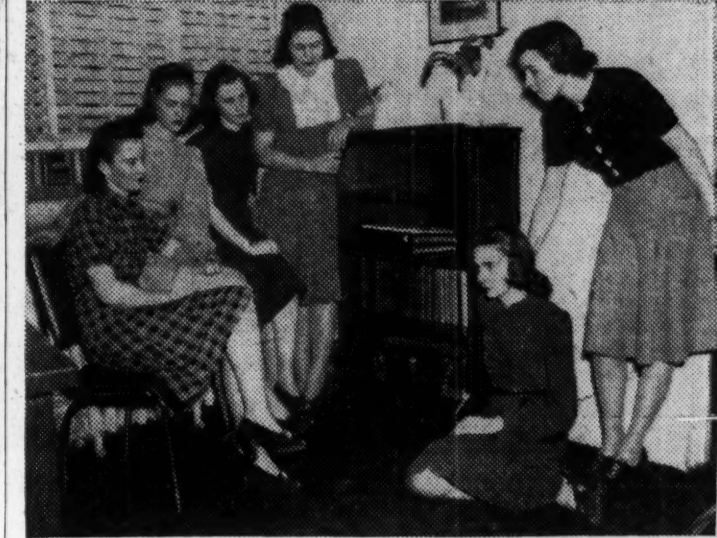
The time is near when they will not be able to pay for them in ready cash. We cannot, and will not, tell them they must surrender, merely because of present inability to pay for the weapons which we know they must have.

I do not recommend that we make them a loan of dollars with which to pay for these weapons—a loan to be repaid in dollars.

I recommend that we make it possible for those nations to continue to obtain war materials in the United States, fitting their orders into our own program. Nearly all of their material, would, if the time ever came, be useful for our own defense.

Taking counsel of expert military and naval authorities, considering what is best for our own security, we are free to decide how much should be kept here and how much should be sent abroad to our friends who by their determined and heroic resistance are giving us time in which to make ready our own defense.

WE SHALL BE REPAYED FOR WHAT WE SEND. For what we send abroad, we shall be repaid, within a reasonable



AS PRESIDENT SPOKE—In a downtown office these girls heard President Roosevelt's speech. They are, left to right, Ida Mae Kissell, Betty Walker, Dorothy Lee, Sara Scott, Marguerite Woolsey and Geraldine Pair.

of this program; and the principle of tax payments in accordance with ability to pay should be constantly before our eyes to guide our legislation.

LOOK TO WORLD FOUND ON FREEDOMS

If the congress maintains these principles, the voters, putting patriotism ahead of pocketbooks, will give you their applause.

In the future days, which we seek to make secure, we look forward to a world founded upon four essential human freedoms.

The first is freedom of speech and expression—everywhere in the world.

The second is freedom of every persons to worship God in his own way—everywhere in the world.

The third is freedom from want—which, translated into world terms, means economic understandings which will secure to every nation a healthy peace time life for its inhabitants—everywhere in the world.

The fourth is freedom from fear—which, translated into world terms, means a world-wide reduction of armaments to such a point and in such a thorough fashion that no nation will be in a position to commit an act of physical aggression against any neighbor—anywhere in the world.

That is no vision of a distant millennium. It is a definite basis for a kind of world attainable in our own time and generation.

That kind of world is the very antithesis of the so-called new order of tyranny which the dictators seek to create with the crash of a bomb.

SEEK CO-OPERATION AS NEW WORLD ORDER

To that new order we oppose the greater conception—the moral order. A good society is able to face schemes of world domination and foreign revolutions alike without fear.

Since the beginning of our American history we have been engaged in change—in a perpetual peaceful revolution—a revolution which goes on steadily, quietly adjusting itself to changing conditions—without the concentration camp or the quick-lime in the ditch.

Freedom means the supremacy of human rights everywhere. Our support goes to those who struggle to gain those rights or keep them. Our strength is in our unity of purpose.

To that high concept there can be no end save victory.

The old stove brings new cash when advertised through the Want Ads of The Constitution.

Nazis Pleased By Flood of Balkan Gossip

Rumors Called 'Splendid Fog' To Screen Real Plans.

BERLIN, Jan. 6.—(AP)—Everybody in Europe except the Germans seemed to be talking about the Balkans tonight.

Not a single authentic inkling of what, if anything, the German army in the southeast intends to do came from any authoritative quarter. Spokesmen smiled at the floor of rumors, some of which were termed fantastic.

"It's a splendid fog and others made it for us," said one.



They mean that a \$123,000,000 agency of United States Government guarantees every penny of your savings up to \$5,000. . . . Join the 2,600,000 American families who save the Insured Safety Way.

CURRENT 3 1/2% RATE

Wm. M. Scurry, Mgr. Fulton County Federal Savings & Loan Association Trust Co. of Ga. Bldg.

Announcing

A New Briarcliff Laundry Service

RUG CLEANING

Here is rug cleaning that will warm your heart with joy. Renew those rugs . . . restore them to practically their original brilliance of color. New equipment—new methods. Clean rugs freshen up and brighten up the house these winter days.

HATS Cleaned and Blocked for Size and Shape

Introsductory Special
9x12 Rugs \$275
Expertly Cleaned
Colors Brightened and Renewed

for Cleanest Clothes Use the
Briarcliff LAUNDRY
NEWEST, FINEST LAUNDRY IN THE WORLD
14 PICK-UP STATIONS
Featuring **Cleaning** **LAUNDRY**
PHONE HE 2170 TODAY

Cleanest Clothes
because . . . here is the finest, newest, most complete laundry plant in the world. . . . Every type of new and modern machine installed in a building especially designed for perfect, efficient operation. . . . A force of workers who are trained, well paid, well cared for, given free medical attention, and provided excellent cafeteria food for lunch. These people launder and clean clothes as only satisfied American workers can do—and that's why your clothes get cleanest at Briarcliff Laundry!

FURS Cleaned by Furrier Method

CURTAINS Laundered and Returned Right Size

DRAPES CLEANED

Beware Coughs
from common colds
That Hang On
Creomulsion relieves promptly because it goes right to the seat of the trouble to help loosen and expel germ laden phlegm, and aid nature to soothe and heal raw, tender, inflamed bronchial mucous membranes. Tell your druggist to sell you a bottle of Creomulsion with the understanding you must like the way it quickly allays the cough or you are entitled to your money back.
CREOMULSION
for Coughs, Chest Colds, Bronchitis

YOU PHONE HE 2170
Ask for Delivery Service

These Convenient Economy Pick-Up Stations

284 WEST PEACHTREE (At Baker St.)	BRIARCLIFF ROAD (Plant)	425-A PONCE DE LEON AVE. (At Briarcliff Plaza)	1018 VIRGINIA AVE.
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			1017 JONESBORO ROAD

Dr. Duggan's NOTE BOOK

Eyes Quickly Improved With New Glasses

SHE had tried bathing her burning eyes in cold water—but not until she let us change to new glasses, with accurately-ground lenses, did she get genuine relief.

Dr. J. C. DUGGAN
OPTOMETRIST-OPHTHALMIST
(Phone WA 9985—221 MITCHELL ST. SW NEAR TERMINAL STATION)

DO WE HAVE TO DIE?

A strange man in Los Angeles, known as "The Voice of Two Worlds," reveals the story of a remarkable system that often leads to almost unbelievable improvement in power of mind, achievement of brilliant business and professional success and new happiness. Many report improvement in health. Others tell of increased bodily strength, magnetic personality, courage and poise.

The man, a well-known explorer and geographer, tells how he found these strange methods in far-off and mysterious Tibet, often called the land of miracles by the few travelers permitted to visit it. He discloses how he learned rare wisdom and long-hidden practices, closely guarded for three thousand years by the sages, which enabled many to perform amazing feats. He maintains that these immense powers are latent in all of us, and that methods for using them are now simplified so that they can be used by almost any person with ordinary intelligence.

He maintains that man, instead of being limited by a one-man-power-mind, has within him the mind-power of a thousand men or more as well as the energypower of the universe which he uses in his daily affairs. He states that this sleeping giant of mind power, when awakened, can make man capable of surprising accom-



plishments, from the prolonging of youth, to success in many fields. To that eternal question, "Do we have to die?" his answer is astounding.

The author states the time has come for this long-hidden system to be disclosed to the Western world, and offers to send his amazing 8,000-word treatise—which reveals many startling results—to sincere readers of this paper, free of cost or obligation. For your free copy, address The Institute of Mentalphysics, 213 South Hobart Blvd., Dept. 82N, Los Angeles, Calif. Readers are urged to write promptly, as only a limited number of the free treatises have been printed.—(adv.)

Wilson Called For a Peace Without Victor

24 Years Ago He Spoke to Senate; War Soon Followed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—(P)—Woodrow Wilson, 24 years ago this month, called for "a peace without victory," Franklin Roosevelt declared today against "a peace dictated by aggressors and sponsored by appeasers."

On that January day in 1917, Wilson was speaking to the senate, as Roosevelt was speaking to congress today, as head of a nation that was outside a great European conflict.

Then, as now, there was much talk of a negotiated peace. Wilson had been exploring the question with the belligerents. He was laying down at that time, "not afterwards when it may be too late," the broad principles for which the American government stood in creating "the foundations of peace among the nations."

"It must be a peace without victory," said Wilson. "Victory would mean peace forced upon the loser, a victor's terms imposed upon the vanquished." "Only a peace between equals can last."

The equality of nations, he went on, "must be an equality of

rights; the guarantees exchanged must neither recognize nor imply a difference between big nations and small, between those that are powerful and those that are weak. Right must be based upon the common strength, not upon the individual strength, of the nations upon whose concert peace will depend."

"The world can be at peace," said Wilson, "only if its life is stable, and there can be no stability where the will is in rebellion, where there is not tranquility of spirit and a sense of justice, of freedom, and of right."

But Wilson's peace efforts failed then; Germany soon launched unrestricted submarine warfare; and three months later the United States was at war.

U. S. Citizens Prepared To Fight--Austin

American People Enlisted on Side of Freedom, He Says.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—(P)—Senator Austin, Republican, Vermont, asserted tonight that the American people had enlisted on the side of "freedom" in the present world conflict and "touching elbows with the British" were prepared to fight if that becomes necessary.

"Let no dictator get the impression that Americans will not fight," the acting Republican leader of the senate said in a radio address. "Of course, they will not fight unless and until they have to. But they know the cost of freedom and they are preparing to pay that cost if they have to."

Austin made his remarks in an address prepared for delivery on the Washington Star's National Radio Forum.

Declaring that the debate over United States policy and the war should be considered closed, he said the re-election of President Roosevelt was an expression of the people's "determination that the present attitude of their government in the world revolution should be maintained."

The real question now, he continued, is how to speed up the production of the national "workshop" to meet the needs of the British and their allies as well as to supply American defense requirements.

As steps to that end, he suggested a longer working week,

with extra pay for labor, and urged that all citizens curtail the use of luxuries and semi-luxuries to make room for greater military production.

The government, he said, ought to "modify existing clogs in the operation of private industry" as well as amend existing contracts "so that both labor and capital may have the reasonable compensation which is absolutely necessary to a vigorous and effective economy."

By speeding up defense production, he said, the United States could give effective aid to Britain, Greece and China "without a single American soldier engaging in combat."



"A MOMENT UNPRECEDENTED"—"I address you, the members of the 77th congress, at a moment unprecedented in the history of the Union," said President Roosevelt yesterday as he began his message on the state of the nation. Still standing as the President starts to speak are Speaker Sam Rayburn (left) and Vice President Garner.

Roosevelt Calls For Sacrifices To Defeat Axis

Continued From First Page.

With the chief executive, the crown princess was seated directly behind one of the broad structural steel supports, and peered around it to watch Mr. Roosevelt deliver his speech.

"Safety Involved." After a few preliminary paragraphs he swung emphatically into the main theme of his message that the "aggressors" were still on the march, the "democratic way" was under attack the world over, 16 months of war had blotted out democracy in "an appalling number of independent nations, great and small," and:

"Therefore, I find it unhappily necessary to report that the future and the safety of our country and of our democracy are overwhelmingly involved in events far beyond our borders."

An Axis victory, he said, would mean Axis domination of four continents, with greater population and resources than those of the United States. No generosity could be expected of a "dictator's peace," he continued, and an attack on the Americas was to be expected if the dictators won, and to speak of immunity from such an attack was "loose talk."

National Policy. "As long as the aggressor nations maintain the offensive," he said, "they—not we—will choose the time and place and the method of their attack."

"That is why the future of all American republics is today in serious danger." Quickly, then, he swung into an enunciation of three basic points of "national policy":

"First, by an impressive expression of the public will and without regard to partisanship, we are committed to all-inclusive national defense."

"Second, by an impressive expression of the public will and without regard to partisanship, we are committed to full support of all those resolute peoples, everywhere, who are resisting aggression and are thereby keeping war away from our hemisphere. By this support, we express our determination that the democratic cause shall prevail; and we strengthen the defense and security of our own nation."

Defense Heads Praised. "Third, by an impressive expression of the public will and without regard to partisanship, we are committed to the proposition that principles of morality and considerations for our own security will never permit us to acquiesce in a peace dictated by aggressors and sponsored by appeasers. We know that enduring peace cannot be bought at the cost of other people's freedom."

Defense production had shown much encouraging progress, he said, but he and his aides were still dissatisfied.

"The men in charge of the program represent the best in training, ability and patriotism," he said. "They are not satisfied with the progress thus far made. None of us will be satisfied until the job is done."

He said this, William S. Knudsen, General Motors man borrowed to take charge of defense production, slowly nodded his head, and then joined in the applause which swept the chamber.

Plane Output Slow. The President said the nation was behind schedule on airplane production, and the effort was to catch up; ahead of schedule on warship production, and working to get even farther ahead.

To change a whole nation from a basis of peacetime production of implements of peace to a basis of wartime production of implements of war is no small task," Mr. Roosevelt said.

Asserting that the time may be near when Great Britain and her

allies are unable to pay in cash for their war purchases here, the President said the nations must look forward to a world founded "upon four essential human freedoms," and as he detailed them some wondered if, however vaguely, he was suggesting war aims for the British. They were:

"The first is freedom of speech and expression—everywhere in the world."

"The second is freedom of every person to worship God in his own way—everywhere in the world."

"The third is freedom from want—which translated into world terms, means economic understandings which will secure to every nation a healthy peacetime life for its inhabitants—everywhere in the world."

"The fourth is freedom from fear—which, translated into world terms, means a world-wide reduction of armaments to such a point and in such thorough fashion that no nation will be in a position to commit an act of physical aggression against any neighbor—anywhere in the world."

London Hails F.D.R. Pledge As Masterly

Appeasers Dealt Blow by Stand on Peace, British Believe.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—(UP)—President Roosevelt's message to congress was hailed enthusiastically tonight as placing the United States officially on record backing to the limit those countries fighting aggression and tyranny—particularly Great Britain.

Official sources described the message as a "terse, masterly summary of the present world situation" and said it was being studied "with the greatest possible appreciation." Further official reaction must be held in abeyance for the moment, they said.

Authorities expected early congressional consideration of bills to assure continuation of American deliveries to Britain, since the British dollar resources are near an end. Another hope was for swift action by congress to authorize Mr. Roosevelt's recent suggestion of lending armaments to the British.

The President's words and implied policy were construed as a challenge to aggression from any source—German, Italian or Japanese.

The message was considered to have increased Mr. Roosevelt's stature as a world leader and the world's No. 1 anti-appeaser.

Authorities attached special significance to Mr. Roosevelt's declaration that the United States never would acquiesce to a peace dictated by aggressors and sponsored by appeasers.

That was expected to reduce further the influence of those in the United States and elsewhere who favor a patched-up peace.

Some observers read into the declaration an implied warning to the Vichy government that the United States would refuse to rec-

ognize the German dictates accepted by France.

ANOTHER STEP TOWARD WAR—LONDON

TOPEKA, Jan. 6.—(P)—Alf M. Landon declared today that President Roosevelt's message to congress shoved the United States further toward active participation in the war as an ally of Great Britain.

"The whole tone of the President's message shoves us further into underwriting a British victory," the 1936 Republican presidential nominee commented. "What else can the President mean when he says we cannot acquiesce in a peace except one acceptable to us?"

CANADIANS LISTEN TO F. D. R. MESSAGE

OTTAWA, Jan. 6.—(P)—Prime Minister Mackenzie King and most of his cabinet listened intently to President Roosevelt's broadcast message to congress today but there was no official comment.

It was obvious, however, that official circles were pleased by the President's declaration that United States policy was one of more and more aid to Britain and her allies.

NO COMMENT FROM WILLKIE

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—(UP)—Wendell Willkie declined comment today on President Roosevelt's message to congress but said he would make a speech, probably within a week, on the national defense situation.

The former Republican presidential candidate said his speech probably would cover the President's message to congress and his recent fireside chat.

Court Upholds Wagner Act in Heinz Decision

Rules Employer Must Sign Contract After Bargaining Agreement

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—(P)—The supreme court held today that the Wagner act requires an employer to sign a written contract with a union when a collective bargaining agreement has been reached, even though the law does not say so in so many words.

The decision on this point, which has been in controversy ever since the law was enacted, was given in a suit by the H. J. Heinz Company, of Pittsburgh, contesting the authority of the Labor Board to require it to sign a contract with a local of the AFL canning and pickle workers' union. The company had agreed to the union's terms after bargaining and contended that it met the requirements of the law by posting notices to this effect on the bulletin boards.

But the opinion of Justice Stone, from which there was no dissent, asserted categorically that the company's "refusal to sign was a refusal to bargain collectively and an unfair labor practice" and that "the board's order requiring petitioner (company) at the re-

quest of the union to sign a written contract embodying agreed terms is authorized" by the section of the act which empowers the board to make orders to remedy unfair practices.

The decision noted that before enactment of the Wagner act "it had been the settled practice of the administrative agencies dealing with labor relations to treat the signing of a written contract embodying a wage and hour agreement as the final step in the bargaining process."

Swift Firm Named In NLRB Report

A recommendation that Swift & Company, operating in Atlanta under the name of the White Provision Company, "cease and desist from interference with union activities of employees" was made in the intermediate report of R. N. Denham, National Labor Relations Board trial examiner, made public yesterday at the NLRB office here.

Charges against the company were filed last October by Local No. 108, United Packing House Workers of America (CIO), alleging violations of the Wagner act, and a hearing was held before the trial examiner last November. The charges alleged interference and intimidation to defeat the union in an election held last June.

Denham's report also recommended posting of a notice by the company that it will "cease and desist from interference with employees' union activities." The company employs approximately 300 persons.

AUTHENTIC FASHION NEED NOT BE EXPENSIVE—at HIGH'S

Suit FASHIONS

... are headline news this 1941! A new silhouette... shoulders smoother, waist narrower, skirts in reed-trim version... fashioned of shetland and colored in tender-toned pastel! Be the first to flaunt a jubilant suit before the wintry world! Wear it now and through spring; for town, country, campus, or business. A thrilling selection styled for your personality, priced for your purse!

A. 3-PC. REEFER SUIT for campus co-ed, or career woman. Note the hip-hugging jacket! Rose, blue, natural. 12 to 20! **\$16.95**

B. 2-PC. TABBY SUIT with three tab pocket jacket, gently gored skirt! Rose, blue, chamomile, aqua! 12 to 18! **\$9.95**

C. GOING-AWAY SUIT with boxy wolf-collared coat; tie-front jacket, twin pleat skirt! Natural, rose, blue! 12 to 20! **\$24.95**

High's

HIGH'S—SECOND FLOOR OF FASHION

EAT MORE **SEA FOODS** THEY ARE GOOD FOR YOU

SEA FOOD GRILL PLATTER **50c**

- Fried Oysters
- Fried Shrimp
- Fried Scallops
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- Cole Slaw and Hot Rolls.

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Dodge A Winner On All 6 Counts

We asked 5,000 Dodge Buyers to wire what they like most about their New Dodge

Read their praise of Fluid Drive* and other Dodge Features

AFTER all, there was only one sure and convincing way to find out what owners like most about their 1941 Dodge...and that was to ask them! So that's exactly what we did.

And what a response we got! Hot off the wires...from all over America...came hundreds of enthusiastic telegrams!

Just listen to this typical wire from New York... "Delighted with my fifth

Dodge...certainly got my money's worth in this big car...Dodge Fluid Drive is great stuff. Nothing like it in city traffic."

Countless Dodge owners told us 6 vital ways in which Dodge leads in 1941! Here they are...Velvet-Smooth Ride...Genuine Hydraulic Brakes...Beautiful Lines...Fluid Drive...Ease of Handling...World Famous Economy. And all these are yours for only a few dollars more than smaller, low-priced cars!

Why don't you try a Dodge Fluid Drive tomorrow? Then ask your dealer about the Easy Budget Terms.

Tune in on the Major Bowes Original Amateur Hour, Columbia Network, 9 to 10 P. M., Eastern Standard Time



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New Dodge—New Plymouth—Dodge Job-Rated Trucks—Phone Today for a Demonstration!
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MOROLINE-5 WHITE PETROLEUM JELLY **MOROLINE-5** HAIR TONIC 10¢ to 25¢

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ATLANTA, GA., JANUARY 7, 1941.

The State of the Union

President Roosevelt's speech of yesterday, to the new congress, did not contain anything unexpected. His description of the situation in which this country today finds itself, was succinct, forceful and utterly to the point. His analysis of public opinion was so exact that no man can successfully refute it.

He had been expected to outline definite action which the congress can take to aid the effort to provide arms for the democracies now fighting the dictatorships. On this point he spoke in general terms, merely asking congress to provide the way by which this country could become a great arsenal of supply to the warring democracies, whether or not those democracies are able to continue cash payments for the goods.

So far this country has, in the true sense, given no direct material aid in the struggle. It has sold, at profitable prices, whatever in planes, ships, guns, tanks, etc., have been shipped across the Atlantic.

What the President wants, and what every American with any knowledge of the situation wants, is to ship these materials, in ever increasing quantity, to Britain and her allies on any sort of a basis, as loaned goods, as free gift if necessary.

To do this will require changes in the neutrality act and repeal of the Johnson act. These two items should be the first and immediate interest of the congress. The sooner the changes are made the better for America, and the greater the assurance of security for all of us and for our children.

Those two acts were enacted at a time when today's situation could not be foreseen. They have become dead hands out of the past, strangling this country at a time when all her future freedom is at stake.

They must be taken from the national throat without delay.

No orator, spouting for the decadent democracies, has mastered the Fuehrer's knack of shifting easily from the hysterical to the historical and back.

Mayor LeCraw

Atlanta this morning has a new mayor. Mayor Roy LeCraw was sworn in last night, together with the new and re-elected members of city council and thus a new city administration begins its term of office.

Mayor LeCraw assumes office at a time when the city, together with all the world, faces a future of unusual ominousness. What may come before the LeCraw administration finishes its term no man can foretell, but the potentialities of the times loom more heavily upon the horizon than usual.

The LeCraw administration enters office with a program which, if carried out, will mean much to the city. Included in that program are a new Grady hospital, solution of the traffic problem, an economical administration, reduction of water rates and the addition of alleged "tax dodgers" to the city digest.

Mr. LeCraw begins his public service with the best wishes of the entire city. He takes over at a time when city finances are in excellent shape and there should be no reason why he cannot give a sane and progressive administration.

It is sincerely to be hoped that partisan politics and rivalries, the great stumbling block upon which so many promising programs have wrecked, will be kept out of the city administration for the coming years.

The year past saw the customary many sad occurrences in the hunting country. Saddest, perhaps, was the case of Italy, not knowing Greece was loaded.

Hens in the southern mountains were found none the worse for a meal of moonshine mash. Thus we come a step closer to the pre-mixed egg nog.

Woman now appears in the role of traffic cop in the larger towns of Russia. This gives her the last last word.

It was a Georgia youth who mailed his girl

two letters a day during a long stay out of town and returned to find her married to the postman.

Pitt Must Smile

From whatever Valhalla great British statesmen look down, William Pitt must today be smiling at the forays of British troops into occupied France. They constitute a leaf taken from his book of fighting England's history.

There is much that parallels Pitt's England and this England of today. Pitt seized the reins of government in an "almost degenerate England," to use his own words, and much that he did in the years of his power have been written into the empire book of Britain's "finest hours." The tight little isle was at war with France and almost at sword's points with an opportunist Spain.

No military power, but flush in the naval strength and the growing tradition of the "silent service," England was building a colonial empire in an era never again equalled by a world power.

The land warfare against the French largely was in the hands of Frederick of Prussia and Ferdinand of Brunswick, continental allies of England. Chiefly by sea the British struck at the roots of French power: along the coast of France, at Louisbourg on the North Atlantic coast of America. By land the main operations were against Fort Ticonderoga in North America and Fort Duquesne in the first march of Anglo-Saxon power northward and westward across America.

But what must delight the heart of Pitt today is the spectacle of British ships and troops operating along the French coast, striking first here and then there, forcing the Germans to keep large troop and naval concentrations along the coastline to combat these ghostly excursions. At Cherbourg, at Brest, at Belle Isle, in Quiberon bay, at Basque Roads, at Rochefort, at Bordeaux, his dauntless men struck in ghostlike procession. From Belle Isle north today the troops strike into occupied France and undoubtedly from Belle Isle south and north agents provocateurs are filtering inland. It must warm the hearts of the man of action, who lost his power because he believed in the freedom of mankind. His was one of England's "finest hours."

An absence of heart interest is remarked upon in the overseas melodrama. It is two years since Goebbels last got into trouble over some special in blondes.

A General Tax

Undoubtedly the tax rate on gasoline is high. Six cents per gallon to the state and 1 1/2 cents per gallon to the federal government, constitutes a sales tax of approximately 50 per cent on the net cost, retail, of the product. General sales tax advocates never dreamed of such a rate in their wildest moments.

On the other hand it is true that few articles of commerce could be found upon which a sales tax would so closely approach a general tax. Thus, in the final analysis, the gasoline tax may not be so inequitable as at first sight it appears. The Georgian, young or old, who did not contribute something to the \$22-, 802,364.66 state revenue from gasoline tax during 1940 is non-existent. Even those who do not own automobiles, yet indirectly pay their share. The gasoline tax paid by common carriers, railroads, trucks, and so forth, is ultimately found in the price paid for every article of human use. And the non-auto-owners likewise pay their pro rata share of the tax, indirectly, whenever they ride in a bus or any gasoline-fueled vehicle.

The auto owner, naturally, pays more, but in this way one tax becomes, roughly, equitable. For the average auto owner is better able to pay taxes than the average non-owner.

The gasoline tax is heavy, but it is paid, one way or another, by all of us and is thus reasonably fair. It is, in any event, a fairer form of general tax than the ad valorem tax on real estate, for the simple reason that the proportion of auto owners in the population is far higher than that of realty owners.

The day when the gasoline tax was a levy on a particular class for a particular purpose is over. It has become, in every sense of the word, a general tax which we all pay, one way or another.

Editorial Symposium

\$17,000,000,000 FOR 1941.

Although the nation's press is most united in backing the arguments of President Roosevelt, as given in his fireside chat of a week ago, the thought of a \$17,000,000,000 budget for the coming fiscal year appears as something of a shock to a country awaiting the convening of the seventy-seventh congress. "Congress has no more urgent duty than to begin at once to plan for the future—to devise the necessary fiscal adjustments to make it possible to finance the national defense without wrecking the country for generations to come," says the DETROIT FREE PRESS, which points out that "When we entered the World War our national debt stood at \$2,975,000,000. We came out with a debt of \$25,484,000,000. The FREE PRESS sees as a 'staggering handicap' the fact that 'We are now starting a new defense program with a debt of \$45,000,000,000.'"

"Although the people will begrudge no necessary expenditures for rearmament at this critical time, they will demand that the President carry out his promise to cut other costs 'to the bone,'" says the BUFFALO NEWS, which feels that "The reported budget figures give no indication that this has been done." And, citing the reported figures that the new budget will list "10 billions for defense and 7 billions for other expenses," the ROCHESTER TIMES-UNION insists that "Taxpayers must keep up the fight for economy in government even at times like these," hopes the President "will stand up firmly against the pressure from all sides to exempt this item and that item from the economy knife," and adds, "defense items also should be scanned carefully."

"As well as being a sort of kitchen, they are also just like a country store—we sell every sort of thing like soap, chewing gum, cigarettes, toothpaste, razor blades, combs, stamps, hair oil,

THE CAPITAL PARADE

By JOSEPH ALSOP AND ROBERT KINTNER.

95% OF THE TROUBLE ON DEFENSE WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Shortly after the President announced the reform of the defense setup, William S. Knudsen foregathered with a friendly government official to discuss his work. The official remarked that he had been given the green light for a really intensive defense effort. "Yes," replied Knudsen ruminatively, "now we can keep our hats on and spit where we please."

Besides being another good item in the ever-increasing canon of Knudsenisms, the remark has considerable significance. It means that even after the President had associated Sidney Hillman with him in exercise of the defense powers, Knudsen was satisfied he had been given adequate authority. The question remains whether he is still satisfied, after the row over the executive order establishing the new Office of Production Management, and the resultant enlargement of Hillman's role.

Knudsen wisely maintained an impenetrable Danish silence throughout the row and its aftermath. Thus any statement of his reaction must be speculation. Yet, on the basis of the first returns of informed opinion, there seems to be little reason why he should be less pleased now than he was before the governmental factions flew at each other's throats.

GET ON WELL TOGETHER

In the first place, the final form of the executive order making Knudsen director of the OPM and Hillman associate director, with no precise delimitation of their fields of action, is much closer to what the President agreed to and Knudsen approved than the draft of the order giving Knudsen unquestioned administrative primacy. In the second place, Knudsen and Hillman get on well together, and ought to be able to work out a division of duties satisfactory to both. The prospect for such an arrangement is all the better, in view of the determination of Knudsen's allies, the top officials of the War and Navy Departments, to support Hillman in his struggle with the defense contractors who refuse to organize their plants.

The basis of the New Deal demand that Hillman share administrative authority with Knudsen was fear that defense contracts would be unnecessarily granted to manufacturers in bad standing with the National Labor Relations Board. The controversial Ford contract was in the background of the row over the executive order. In deciding whether it is necessary or unnecessary to grant a certain contract to a certain manufacturer, the War and Navy officials are still inclined to be primarily influenced by considerations of efficiency. But they say they are prepared to join with Hillman in using the strongest kind of moral, and perhaps legal, suasion to bring such employers as Henry Ford into line on labor matters.

CAN HAVE CO-OPERATION

In short, Hillman can have co-operation if he wants it. And if he gets co-operation on labor matters, he will not be inclined to interfere with Knudsen's direction of production.

Knudsen is already hard at work putting together the OPM's production division, bringing in such assistants as William Batt, now in Edward R. Stettinius' office, and Kent Keller, of the Chrysler Company, and outlining suborganizations to handle priorities, aircraft output, purchasing and general production. His efforts may be frustrated in the end, however, unless he and the other members of the OPM squarely tackle the problem so acutely raised by the row over the executive order.

This problem is the need for an intelligent liaison between the labor crowd and the industrial crowd within the OPM, and between the businessmen down here to do defense work, and the New Dealers already in possession. Fortunately, the solution should not be difficult.

The Defense Commission has never had a general counsel, since each commissioner wanted his own legal adviser. Knudsen chose Frederick Eaton, and Stettinius, Blackwell Smith, both from big New York firms; Hillman brought down Maxwell Brandwein, lawyer of his own union, and so. The system has worked remarkably badly. Although all these legal advisers are able and patriotic men, all are thoroughly imbued with the psychology of advocacy. The businessmen's lawyers incline to feel that, in any contact with the present administration, a man does well to go armed to the teeth. The lawyers of the nonbusiness commissioners like Hillman and Leon Henderson appear to be convinced that it is their colleagues' life ambition to plant a stiletto in their backs. The lawyers really seem to enjoy controversy, and it is hardly too broad a statement to say that 85 per cent of the rows within the Defense Commission, and between the Defense Commission and other government agencies, have originated with the legal advisers.

GENERAL COUNSEL NAMED

The obvious remedy was to appoint a general counsel, who would serve everyone, and would avoid the constant trouble caused by the legal advisers meeting in the manner of tough divorce lawyers arranging a much-argued settlement. This remedy has now been applied, and John Lord O'Brien, of New York, has been named to the post. Although his campaign for the senate against Robert F. Wagner made him some enemies in Washington, his association with the New Dealers on TVA questions has also earned him many useful friends. If he will bring into his office one or two able juniors from the New Deal group, to dispel every lingering suspicion of Wall Street-mindedness, the required liaison between the conservative and New Deal factions will be effectively established.

SILHOUETTES

By RALPH T. JONES.

Canteens

For Britain.

Have received a letter from Mrs. Ronald Tree, of Oxford, England, on the subject of mobile canteens, and the urgent need for more of them. The letter is too long for reproduction here, in full, but extracts from it may explain the nature of her plea.

She begins with an apology for asking people for money, but pleads the urgency and rightness of the need as excuse. She then suggests that there may be individuals, or groups, who could contribute the \$1,500 needed for the purchase, equipment and operation of one of these invaluable kitchens on wheels.

She explains that, in the territory assigned to her, by the British war office, she has been asked to supply 100 of these canteens. She now has enough funds for 33, chiefly from American friends, and has been promised funds through Allied Relief for 37 more. What she is now trying to do is make up the remainder of the 100.

"England," she writes, "since Dunkirk, has been countryside jammed with soldiers who are scattered in out-of-the-way posts, far from villages. If they are searchlight or anti-aircraft units, they are unable to leave their lonely field posts and sometimes are there for two weeks at a time. These people are all in need of shore line and all through the country, and can only be reached by the mobile canteens, particularly as the posts are apt to shift about."

Billeting

More Difficult.

"With the approach of winter," she continues, "billeting is becoming a difficulty, as the villages are already full of refugees and evacuees, and schools and town halls are full to overflowing. Every house and building seems to be taken for hospitals, billets, schools, refugees, etc., and there is little possibility of getting any recreation rooms where men can get a cup of tea and a pie except in large towns."

"The canteens have a small cooker so you can boil water, cook eggs and sausages and give tea, coffee and cocoa. In case of heavy bombing and evacuation from towns on an even larger scale they can be used as soup kitchens for civilians."

"As well as being a sort of kitchen, they are also just like a country store—we sell every sort of thing like soap, chewing gum, cigarettes, toothpaste, razor blades, combs, stamps, hair oil,

FAIR ENOUGH

By WESTBROOK PEGLER.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—The Northwest Organizer, the official publication of the Teamsters' Joint Council of Minneapolis, has reprinted an editorial which presents very well the reaction of the mercenary unioner to revelations of crookedness on the part of his pals. This organization, incidentally, is a political freak, being one of the few elements in the AFL in which the Communist influence is dominant.

The Northwest Organizer replies to detailed, specific disclosures of criminality in labor organization by citing a number of recent cases involving persons and firms engaged in other lines.

First is that of a New York brokerage firm "caught swindling" customers out of \$50,000, "certainly," the Organizer observes, "a minor peccadillo for a Wall Street outfit."

Next, the Organizer says, "a boss newspaper" and two of its officers were just convicted of conspiracy in restraint of trade.

Next, "11 conspirator who monopolize the nation's nitrate products" have just been indicted on a charge of conspiracy to control supply and price.

Then we have a New York broker, sentenced to a year in jail for fraud, and an item from a southern city in which 38 cops were found guilty of taking bootleg bribes and another was fined \$50 for cursing a colored witness against him.

A New York insurance broker, charged with criminal assault on a 17-year-old girl, is next on the list, the Northwest Organizer observes.

And that the rape of a girl is "a common practice of the rich who love to talk about the sanctity of the home and how the Reds are out to destroy it."

There are four other citations, including the Howard Hopson case, but these will give you the general idea, and a full canvass of the docket would leave me no room for my say, which is as follows:

The Organizer's editorial says all the persons and companies listed in its list are members or associates of the "union bug" and that those who bark at organized labor can't seem to see or hear real examples of racketeering and thievery by such. The answer is, of course, that crooks are constantly being exposed and punished. All walks of life are full of crooks, and only in the labor racket is the denunciation and legal prosecution of a knave resented as an attack on a whole class of innocent people.

Alarmed Crooks.

The reason is that the proportion of crooks is higher in union leadership than in any other occupation, thanks to many years of immunity from prosecution by public authorities. Now seeing their racket challenged at last, the labor fakers are greatly alarmed, and by means of union weeklies which they publish to protect their powers are trying to convince their rank and file victims that punishment of those who persecute them will somehow harm them. Last it seems to be a careless, unconsidered statement, I repeat that in union leadership the proportion of crooks is higher than in any other occupation.

Possibly the theft of \$50,000 is a "minor peccadillo" for a Wall Street outfit, but it is also a minor peccadillo in union management, too. I have called attention to a Chicago judge, a shameless labor faker, whose law firm for a dozen years wrung about \$60,000 a year from the members of a janitors' union. George Scullie, the third and fifth column of the Capone-Nitto mob in labor organization, and to a rich and powerful unioner who grafted \$100,000 from the pension fund of his members but still holds his job.

Reading the newspaper which is said to have been convicted of restraint of trade I have no information, but I do observe that the newspaper industry has not made this an occasion to rail against the government as labor fakers rail against those who expose union crooks. And as to the nitrate man, as yet merely indicted but not convicted, I would point out that scores of union racketeers have been indicted on the same charge and that the labor racket has been a very bloody murder against these indictments and Thurman Arnold, of the Department of Justice.

Awkward Charge.

The insurance broker was promptly arrested on the rape case, with no protest from his colleagues nor any appeal to the policyholders to resent a foul conspiracy against their interests and the observation that the rape of young girls is a common sport of the rich comes awkwardly from men who welcome to their company two convicted white slavers in the role of important labor leaders.

The crooked southern cops have not been defended by the aroused police of the nation, but a crooked renegade cop by name, Jack Dempsey is international secretary of a big AFL union, and the revelation of his moral unfitness for a place of honor in the labor movement is taken very much amiss by labor racketeers everywhere.

That just about rounds out this discussion.

house of commons tonight passed the first reading of the government bill for compulsory military service by the decisive vote of 403 to 105.

And Fifty Years Ago.

From the news columns of Wednesday, January 7, 1891: "The news of the death of Emmu Abbot, the famous singer, causes much sadness in Atlanta."

ONE WORD MORE

By RALPH MCGILL.

"BLUE STOCKING" Atlanta awakes this morning to find itself under the administration of a new mayor and a council which contains a few new faces. By and large, though, the face of council is much the same.

The new mayor is Roy LeCraw, native of Tennessee but for most of his life a resident and a citizen of Atlanta. There has been much said about Roy LeCraw. As a matter of fact, very few persons, I suspect, including many of his intimates, know little about him.

All of them know one thing. He is stubborn. He is a Presbyterian by birth, inclination and inability to become anything else. He just had to be a Presbyterian. There is in him that austere determination to do what he believes to be the right thing. This may get him into trouble. Because, like all born Presbyterians, he is stubborn and may go ahead with an unwise or incorrect man or measure simply because he has made up his mind. He finds it difficult to listen to anyone else.

That is the Scot in him. The iron will of Calvin is in his blood. He is from a long line of what used to be called "Blue Stocking" Presbyterians. That is to say, they were of the old type of pioneer Presbyterians who wore the long blue stockings in colonial days. They did not do any cooking on Sunday and they did not believe in amusements, but in the serious, predestined aspects of life.

I would wager, without knowing that Roy LeCraw himself is not far away from the days when there was no Sunday cooking in his family. And I would wager, also without knowing that, he has no fondness for going to the theater or for amusements generally. Let me hasten to say that I surmise all this because I come of the same faith. Somewhere along the line I managed to shake off the iron grip of John Calvin, but even today there are times when I feel it clutching at me.

STUBBORN MAYOR Atlanta has got a stubborn mayor. A stubborn man learns to listen to advice and to weigh it. And a stubborn man will not long break his horns off against facts.

Stubbornness is not a bad asset. It is, at times, one of the most valuable of assets. There are some of those who hastened to get onto his coattails who may imagine themselves to have great influence with him. They will learn differently. I imagine that some members of council who are planning certain drastic re-venues or measures of radical departure from what is right and good, will find themselves opposed to that stubborn quality of the new mayor.

I should say that this all is an estimate based on no intimate knowledge of the man, but merely on two or three more or less casual meetings. But I do know a "Blue Stocking" Presbyterian when I encounter one and I know them well.

It would be my idea that Roy LeCraw, taking over a city in good shape, will go ahead and keep it that way; will carry out his campaign promises even though council may prove difficult. He will get lower water rates. He will soon be sold on the broad aspects of planning for traffic control. He will make a good mayor. His greatest trouble will be in learning to listen.

TO THE VICTOR That there will be dismissals of persons from many positions goes without saying. It is ridiculous to assume that a new mayor will not put his own friends and supporters in jobs. He ought to do so.

But the stubborn will of the mayor ought to intervene in favor of those men who did not obtain their jobs through political appointment. There are a few of them, trained men who done good jobs at prison farm, at the water works, or at other positions, who did not come through politics and should not go through politics. Good government is dependent on trained men for the jobs demanding trained men.

In this he may have to battle council. But public sentiment will support him.

Public sentiment is the greatest friend and supporter a politician or a citizen may have. It is of greater value than pearls and rubies, or much fine gold.

Roy LeCraw wants to make a good mayor. Most assuredly the people want him to make a good mayor. That always is a good start. His victory was a surprise. Few expected him to win. When he did win it was but natural his victory should have been accompanied by some confusion and many misunderstandings.

There can be no misunderstanding about the fact that Roy LeCraw wants to make a good mayor; that he is honest, sincere and stubborn.

With that beginning he may go far.

Firemen Are Free Men But Not Free to Quit While Fire Threatens the City

By ROBERT QUILLEN.

The problem of strikes in defense industries could be solved quickly and justly by men of reason and understanding.

The first step demanded by sanity is to place first things first. If free America lives, workers can get their due. If free America dies, neither workers nor employers will get anything except what is given to them by a master.

The first and all-important thing is to save America. Nothing else matters now. Whatever the cost, and no matter what happens to any individual or group or interest, we must make America safe.

Workers have the right to organize and to strike. Those of us who truly believe in freedom and democracy have defended that right all our lives. But all rights are modified by conditions.

When a flooded river threatens to break a levee and destroy a city, every available man is employed to heighten the levee with sandbags. And because the safety of thousands depends upon their labor, men are forced to work if force is necessary.

The right to stop work is annulled by necessity, and all reasonable men approve.

Before 1914, wars were won by soldiers. Single-shot rifles and muzzle-loading cannon of Civil War days required little ammunition. Providing munitions interfered but little with peace-time industries.

The safety of the nation depended upon soldiers, and men were drafted to serve. Those who refused to serve or tried to quit were shot. Their right to quit was annulled by their country's need.

The World War was won by the ability to produce munitions. And today, more than ever, war is chiefly a job of production, and the workers who produce the tools of war are more necessary than soldiers. The safety of the nation depends upon them.

They were not drafted for their jobs. No law required them to be mechanics. But when they chose their work, they became the tools of Destiny, with power to save or ruin the nation. And power carries responsibility.

Treat them justly. Pay them well. Increase their pay as the cost of living rises. Pay them time and a half for overtime.

But if they have the right to strike while the very life of the nation depends upon their labor, then soldiers also have the right to strike for more pay when they see invaders landing on our shores.

OFF THE RECORD—By Ed Reed



"Maybe you'd better just order a sandwich, Mister."

Dudley Glass

Listens to Veteran Who Hates Pigeons And Explains Why

Veteran—but not a professional one—of the World War of nearly a quarter-century ago joined me in looking out of my window at the pigeons strutting along the cornice of a building across the street.

"I don't like pigeons," he remarked. Which brought on more talk.

He explained he had been in the Signal Corps in France. The Battle of the Argonne was under way. He was down toward the front.

"With a cage full of pigeons in my hand," he said, bitterly. "Homing pigeons."

"Runners sent back from the front were being killed. Wires were broken. But these pigeons were trained to fly back to headquarters, carrying messages. Usually they made it."

"Well, my commander desired to send a message back to the big shot. So I wrote it on a little slip of paper and stuck it in the little capsule and fastened the capsule to the pigeon and tossed him gently into the air."

"And the daddarned bird flew up to the limb of a dead tree and roosted there—content to observe the war from that post."

"My commanding officer commanded me, as pigeon expert, to get that pigeon out of that tree and send him on his way."

"So there was I, in a hell of a

fix. I had to give an exhibition of superhuman bravery by climbing out of my hole and going out in the open where shells were exploding and shrapnel flying.

"And stand there like a dum fool throwing rocks at that pigeon."

"After a while he took the hint and started out—straight toward Berlin. But he circled around after a while and headed for our headquarters."

"Did he deliver the message?" I asked, naturally.

"Well, we won the war, didn't we?" returned my veteran friend.

Sloppy Cops

Out of the seven or more columns of last week's presentations of the grand jury—which are invariably interesting and almost invariably wasted upon the desert air—I pick a few paragraphs.

About the general sloppiness of Atlanta policemen.

Of all the criticisms of Atlanta I have heard from visitors that sticks out most prominently.

It is true that an unbuttoned coat and a chaw of tobacco in the cheek and pants which look like they'd been slept in for six months may not interfere with a policeman's ability to grab a murderer. But, after all, we have comparatively few murderers uptown. Not, at least, in business hours.

New York cops have the respect of the community. Because their appearance commands respect. That is true of many cities.

We have fine-looking cops in Atlanta. Many of them. And we also have many who look like the fat and valiant and futile officers of the old Keystone Comedies. Who always get the worst of it.

A number of these policemen who look as though they haven't been home for a week are good friends of mine. We say "howdy" in passing. I like them.

And I don't think that cops of fairly advanced age should be retired—with as poor a pension system as we have. Places can be found for them.

But I do think the main corners should be in charge of fairly young, well-uniformed, well-set-up policemen who look like they are awake and ready for what happens.

Pretty, But Bad Fit

New 1941 automobile license tags are flaunting themselves from front and rear of cars.

There's one thing to be said for them—they're cheaper than any in the country, as far as I know—and bigger. You get a lot of tin for your money. And a prettier peach.

But there's always a fly in the soup.

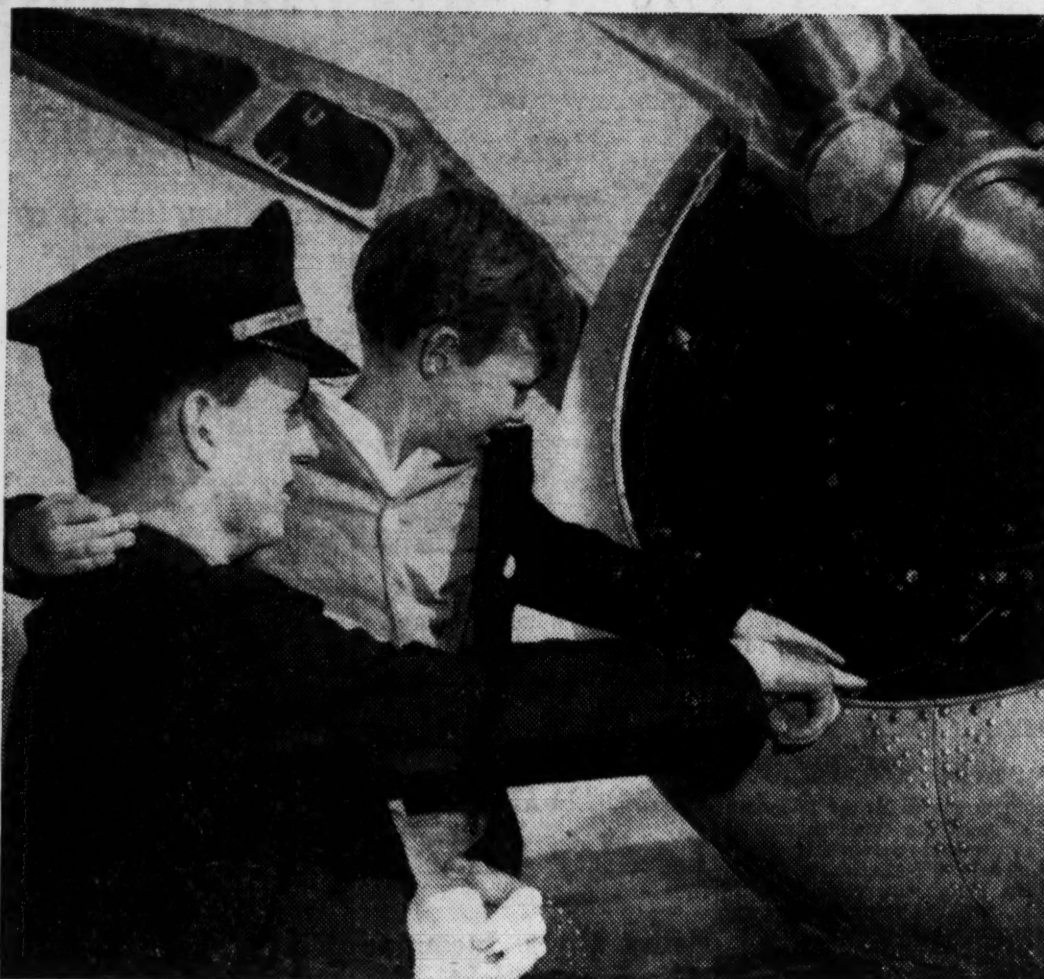
My car—of 1937 vintage, I think—has frames for auto license plates. Pretty frames, of chrome. They're built to stretch a little, endwise. But not up-and-downwise.

How am I going to put those tags—if I ever get around to obtaining them—in those frames?

Oh, yes, I know the answer. Buy a new car to fit the plates.

The idea fascinates me. But no agents need apply.

When Francis Spear sold me—over my anguished howls—that last one—I hope—he said he would last 20 years. And I'm going to



WHAT MAKES IT TURN—Pilot Jack Heggie is showing Charles Slade III what makes the propeller go 'round. Charles, age 5, stopped over seven hours in Atlanta yesterday on a 2,500-mile flight from Maracaibo, Venezuela, to Monroe, La. He was traveling alone, and soon had airport officials in a dither keeping him entertained. He visited all the hangars, ate plenty of candy and ice cream—but he was mostly interested in the airplanes.

find out whether he is as big a liar as I've often thought.

"Git up, Maggie. How'd you git the idea you need new rings?"

Down in south Georgia, according to George McNabb, of the Newnan Herald, an honest Negro found a stray bird dog which looked valuable.

The finder wanted to find the owner. The only clue appeared to be engraved on the dog's collar. So he mailed a letter addressed as follows:

MR. RABIES VACCINE

NEWNAN, GEORGIA.

Believe it or not, the postmaster sleuthed around and found the owner—Roscoe Moody.

Homing Pigeons Face Conscript by Army

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—(P)—The Army is preparing to conscript homing pigeons—in the event of a national emergency.

Major John K. Shawvan said the Signal Corps had started registering the birds for use in military communications if necessary and to prevent their use by fifth columnists.

"They (homing pigeons) are the only means of communication which can sustain a blitzkrieg when the lines are down," Major Shawvan said, adding that "homing pigeons are considered a menace to national safety if they are used for communication by fifth columnists."

When placing your Want Ad in The Constitution inquire about the attractive seven-day rate.

Boy, 5, Stops Here on 2,500-Mile Air Trip

Charles Slade III Travels From Venezuela Alone.

Charles Slade III, age 5, and unaccompanied, arrived in Atlanta by air yesterday on the last lap of a 2,500-mile trip from Maracaibo, Venezuela, to Monroe, La.—and airport officials spent most of a hectic day supplying ice cream cones, candy and a special detail of experts to tour Candler field with him and answer questions.

Charles left Venezuela Sunday morning, where he has been visiting his mother, and made stops at Port-au-Prince, Haiti; Antilla, Cuba; Miami and Atlanta on the trip to Monroe to his home, where his daddy and grandmother are waiting for him.

At each stop Charles had trained nurses, stewards and officials to transfer him from plane to plane on three different airlines. His longest stop was in Atlanta—seven hours—and he literally "took over the field."

Inex. Jackson, Delta Airline stewardess, headed the reception committee at Candler field, but most of the other employees in the airport offices had a hand in the job of keeping Charles entertained.

He demanded to be shown through all the hangars and wanted to know whether each plane was new, how long it had been there, when it would leave, what made it run, etc.

He ate two ice cream cones and wanted "to try one of each kind" of candy in the airport drug store.

He was given a change of clothes, against his will, in the ladies' rest room.

Charles flatly refused to co-operate with the press by answering questions. He had to be coerced to pose for a picture, declaring he was much more interested in the airplanes.

Charles said he hadn't been lonesome on the trip, that he liked to travel alone, but he wanted to see his little brother in Monroe, he confided. He traveled with his tag on his coat for identification, but said it wasn't necessary.

F. R. Mitchell New Foreman Of Grand Jury

Group Asked To Investigate Bribery of Any Public Officials.

F. R. Mitchell, widely known Atlanta and assistant treasurer of the Georgia Power Company, yesterday was elected foreman as the January-February grand jury was sworn in and organized in Fulton superior court.

Chosen to serve with him as officers were: W. Stanton Hale, assistant foreman; G. C. McWhirter, secretary, and Jesse Draper, assistant secretary.

The new jury, charged by Judge E. E. Pomeroy to investigate bribery of any public officials, was also asked to study pardons and paroles as other grand juries have been asked, and to continue the study of methods of rehabilitating prisoners and segregation of first offenders from hardened criminals.

Judge Pomeroy lamented the fact the jury will be in office only two months, commenting that many juries in Fulton county have to go out of office just in the middle of some important investigations.

"In the smaller court circuits, the grand juries are often in session for a six-month period," the judge said. "I urge you to study past grand jury presentations pertaining to this matter."

The court told the jurymen that the spring and fall term grand juries are charged by law to investigate affairs of Fulton county, but added this jury has the right to probe any matter it may desire if circumstances warrant.

A committee from the November-December grand jury conferred with the new jurors yesterday, and it was understood that the new jury was asked to continue the investigation of the city water department. One city employee has already been indicted on charges of "fixing" water meters.

Other members of the grand jury include: Frank M. Inman Sr., Sloan Truscott, B. W. Sill, J. H. Alexander, T. H. Fulton, C. L. Jeanes, C. C. Chamberlain, G. S. McDaniel, J. C. Kennedy, James T. Whitney, W. B. Hardman, W. A. Jones, C. S. Trammell, Nelson T. Spratt and C. A. Adair. Four additional jurors to complete the panel will be sworn in Friday morning.

No debate necessary to prove the value of Constitution Want Ads. Phone WA-lut 6565.



Constitution Staff Photo.

NEW FOREMAN—F. R. Mitchell, assistant treasurer of the Georgia Power Company, yesterday was elected foreman of the January-February grand jury. The jury was asked to investigate bribery and pardons and paroles.

SWISS WOMEN JOIN ARMY.

For the first time in the history of Switzerland, Swiss women are being trained as auxiliary soldiers. Hundreds answered the first call for volunteers for A. R. F., nursing and transport work.

Treasury May Again Borrow \$500,000,000

Financing Would Be Through Sale of Defense Notes.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—(P)—Secretary Morgenthau said today that the Treasury was considering borrowing \$500,000,000 more to finance the defense program this month.

The financing, Morgenthau said, probably will be similar to that employed when the Treasury borrowed \$530,000,000 last month through the sale of five-year national defense notes, bearing three-quarters of one per cent interest. These were the first securities in Treasury history to be subject to all federal taxes, and Morgenthau said the next issue would be about the same.

Asked about the effect of President Roosevelt's lend-lease plan of aid to Great Britain, he said it would affect Treasury financing "substantially" probably some time in the next fiscal year.

BUILDING LOOTED.

In Montgomery, Ala., burglars looted a new judiciary building, taking minor articles of furnishing.

You Should See MEYERE for SHIRTS
Today—Drive to 6 No. Rhodes Center

Speak Effectively

Increase Your Income—Get Ahead and Stay Ahead

Learn

- Effective Speaking
- Human Relations
- Salesmanship
- Personal Development

Class Starts Monday, January 13th

ENROLL NOW

HENRY N. CASELL, Director

Executive Institute, Inc.

Jackson 1615

First National Bank Bldg.

The MORRIS PLAN BANK of GEORGIA

The Second Oldest Bank in America Specializing in Serving the Individual

Officers

GEORGE WINSHIP, President
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J. T. ROSE
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HOUSTON WHITE
GEORGE WINSHIP
General Counsel: SPALDING, SIBLEY, TROUTMAN & BROCK

Comparative Condensed Statement of Condition

December 31, 1940 and 1939

Resources:

	December 31, 1940	December 31, 1939
Cash on Hand and Due from Banks	\$ 747,561.01	\$ 374,610.69
Municipal and Other Bonds	9,228.32	29,470.50
Loans and Discounts	2,967,010.63	2,256,578.25
Real Estate Owned (net)	21,505.40	27,194.52
Furniture and Fixtures (net)	13,345.63	10,020.12
Other Resources	10,282.73	2,545.83
TOTAL	\$3,768,933.72	\$2,700,419.91

Liabilities:

	December 31, 1940	December 31, 1939
Capital	\$ 200,000.00	\$ 200,000.00
Surplus	50,000.00	50,000.00
Undivided Profits	59,936.10	43,274.96
Reserves	215,736.51	149,199.21
Certified and Cashier's Checks	18,773.17	16,347.83
Deposits	3,222,534.01	2,239,202.29
Other Liabilities	1,953.93	2,395.62
TOTAL	\$3,768,933.72	\$2,700,419.91

Now Serving Over 20,000 Customers
An Increase of 100% Within the Past Two Years

The Morris Plan Bank of Georgia

THE BANK for the INDIVIDUAL

34 PEACHTREE STREET — ATLANTA

MEMBER FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION

Savings Accounts • Checking Accounts — Popular and Regular Types

For Added Personal Distinction

... Let Gold Shield



Monogram

Your Shirts

during this Free offer

Just send 5 or more shirts at a time. In addition to really fine laundering of shirts, we'll individualize them with your own monogram—beautifully embroidered. In choice of style and color. Each shirt is then laundered, wrapped in cellophane, and returned to you—all for only 15c per shirt. Be sure to send yours this week.

CAPITAL CITY VE. 4711
TROY HE. 2768
AMERICAN MA. 1016
FIEDMONT WA. 7651
GUTHMAN WA. 8661
DECATUR DE. 1608
MAY'S HE. 5390
EXCELSIOR WA. 2454
TRIO VE. 4721



FREE PICK UP & DELIVERY

TO THE LADIES OF ATLANTA

NITRON HOSIERY PRESENTS

The Most Sensational Gift Offer of 1941

The \$1,000,000 Hosiery Invention—Made from Wood, Air, Heat

FREE 2 PAIR NITRON Less Runs LADIES' CHIFFON HOSE

SCIENTISTS DREAM NOW A REALITY

Every woman knows what it means to wear fine hosiery with less danger and annoyance of runs, snags, etc. Now we are proud with the co-operation of a famous cosmetic manufacturer whose name we cannot divulge to present this sensational gift offer.

Present this Certificate and 99c Thursday Between

10 a. m. to 4 p. m. at Our Store and Receive:

2 Pair Nitron Hose
1 \$1.00 Box Well Known Face Powder
1 \$1.00 Bottle Exquisite Perfume

NO MAIL ORDERS FILLED

If you cannot attend this sale, leave 99c at our store and your set will be reserved.

LEE'S-CUT-RATE-DRUG-STORE

36 N. Broad St. Near Marietta and Broad St.

THURSDAY—10 A. M. TO 4 P. M.

All Sizes
Less Runs
Full Fashion
Full Length

ALL FOR 99c



YOU TOO MAY HAVE A SKIN MEN LOVE

HELP RELIEVE BLACKHEADS—ALSO EXTERNALLY CAUSED PIMPLES

Mildly medicated Cuticura Soap and Ointment are used by many beautiful women. Cuticura Ointment to help relieve blackheads and externally caused pimples. . . . and Cuticura Soap to help preserve a naturally lovely skin.



At Your Druggist's

CUTICURA

SOAP AND OINTMENT

Warship Sails Through Sea Of Torpedoes

Blows Italian Transport Off Map, Destroys Trucks on Road.

ABOARD THE MONITOR TERROR WITH THE BRITISH MEDITERRANEAN FLEET, Jan. 6.—(P)—This weirdly camouflaged, hard-fighting British warship splashed back into her Egyptian base today after handing Bardia a New Year's greeting of nearly 600 tons of TNT-packed shells.

The 7,200-ton Terror, slow and broad-beamed to carry her 15-inch guns, had come through a hail of bombs and constant torpedo attacks to shell Italian shore batteries at the Libyan port in the naval bombardment which helped clear the way for the British army's advance.

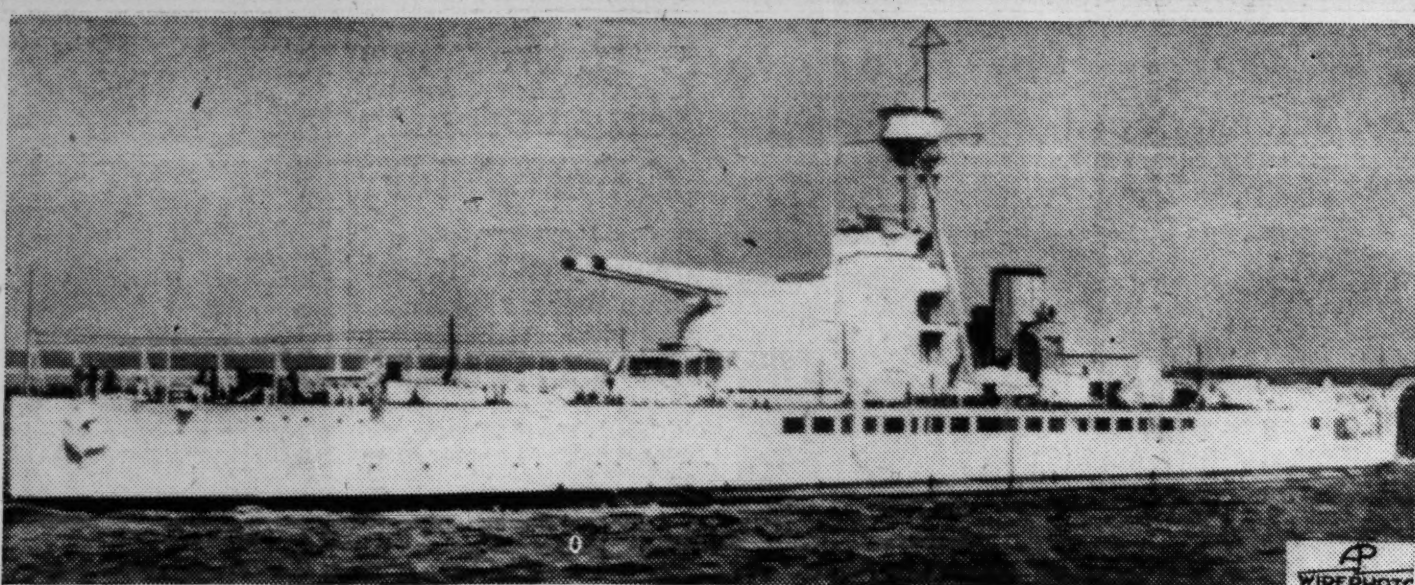
At one time, an officer said, "the torpedoes were so thick in the water we could almost knit them."

140 Tons in Day. While the Terror fired her 15-inch shells, the gunboats Ladybird and Aphid, moving inshore like Mississippi river mudscocks, pumped their 6-inch shells to blast Italian motor transports from the highway atop the sandy plateau and scatter Italian troop concentrations.

The Terror alone poured 140 tons of high explosives into the besieged Italian fort on January 3, as the prelude to the biggest bombardment of the Mediterranean war by British battleships, cruisers and destroyers.

"We dropped a big lot of bricks into the heart of a motor transport moving along the road," said one of the ship's officers. "When the smoke cleared there just wasn't any transport there."

From about 10 miles out the monitor Terror rained shells, while the Ladybird and Aphid



'FRANKENSTEIN' AT BARDIA—The Royal Navy's monitor Terror, one of three of the British fleet's "Frankenstein's," led the naval bombardment of Italians in Bardia. The Terror, waddling like a duck from the re-

coil of her two 15-inch guns pushed within a stone's throw of the Bardia docks and let loose a hail of exploding shells. The Terror had to sail through a hail of bombs and a sea of torpedoes to get close enough to let loose

moved in closer, hurling their shells as fast as their eager gunners could load.

Shell Trucks on Road. The Italian shore batteries returned the fire vigorously, one shell landing near the Aphid and causing "slight casualties."

The Terror's job was to stop any Italian counter-attack against the British army's steady barrage, but her officers said the barrage did more than that—it demoralized the Fascists, hastening their surrender, they said.

Once during the bombardment the Terror sighted an Italian truck convoy trying to get supplies to Bardia's beleaguered troops. The ship's guns sprayed a five-mile stretch of road, apparently crumbling the trucks as though they were eggshells.

Mrs. Susan Knight Dies Here at 71

Mrs. Susan Evelyn Knight, 71, beloved Atlanta, died yesterday at her residence, 1719 McLendon avenue, N. E.

She is survived by four sons, C. W. H. P. W. J. and M. P. Knight; two daughters, Mrs. J. R. Petty and Miss Susie Knight; three brothers, J. W. W. H. and Garnett Sutton; and by two sisters, Mrs. R. H. Knight and Mrs. J. W. Brock.

Funeral services will be held at 2 o'clock this afternoon at Trinity chapel, and the interment in East View cemetery, with the Rev. E. M. Wise and the Rev. C. V. Weathers officiating.

Keep False Teeth Purified Says Dr. Sherwin

The world progresses—new discoveries make history. Now, thanks to Dr. L. W. Sherwin, a well known authority on oral hygiene, false teeth and dental plates can be made to glister with purity and immaculate cleanliness with just a 10 minute daily bath, with amazing Stera-Kleen.

It's all so easy—just get a 30 cent bottle of Stera-Kleen—drop a pinch in a half glass of lukewarm water—let your dental plate stay in this glass 10 minutes or overnight, as you choose. Take it out, rinse under the cold water faucet—no brushing is needed.

Then you get a plate free from slimy incrusts and stains—a plate sparkling with beauty and glittering with purity. No more dull-looking, murky, dismal false teeth for you—lasts for weeks—30 cents—add drug stores.

Nazis Attack London Three Times in Day

RAF Assaults Force Italian Airplane Plants To Move.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—(P)—Light German fighter-bombers attacked London three times today—the first time in weeks that the capital has undergone more than one daylight alarm—and dropped bombs on East Anglia and southeastern points.

The sound of machinegun fire high above London indicated the Royal Air Force clashed with the Germans. The first alarm came during the rush hour and by mid-afternoon the sirens had wailed three alerts.

Quiet Night. Until yesterday, when one daylight alarm was sounded, it had been two weeks since London had had a daylight alarm.

Several hours of darkness passed without an alarm in London tonight. This may have been due to a heavy snowstorm over the Strait of Dover. Antiaircraft fire was reported to have driven a raider from a northeast coast town.

In the daylight raids a girl and a man were killed when two bombs hit a London office building.

British bombers have sunk or damaged seriously a number of Italian submarines at Bordeaux, France, and have bombed industrial northern Italy so effectively that some airplane plants there have decided to move, the air ministry declared in a roundup of damage reported inflicted on the Italian war machine.

Brest Again Attacked. The summary, touching on operations as far back as October, followed descriptions of raids on Brest, in which docks were "again battered by many sticks of bombs" last twilight and a destroyer damaged on Saturday.

The air ministry news service said British bombs had "severely damaged or sunk outright" Italian submarines based at Bordeaux on "several occasions."

The attacks on Bordeaux are important counteroffensives to the Atlantic raids conducted by Axis submarines based there.

EDUCATOR TO SPEAK. MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga., Jan. 6. Dr. W. H. Kilpatrick, educational philosopher, will conduct a series of conferences on the Georgia State College for Women campus January 12 and 13.

Purchasing Office Spends \$25,022,083

State purchases for the 18-month period since the establishment of the centralized purchasing office totaled \$25,022,083.10, O. G. Glover, state supervisor of purchases, declared yesterday in a department report.

Glover, who will resign with the induction of the Talmadge administration, said all debts of the department were paid and that he was turning over a surplus of \$13,557.92 to the incoming administration.

He reported he had saved the state \$4,552,222.65 during the 18-month period. Savings, he said, represent the difference between the price at which the goods were purchased and the wholesale market price.

Germans Lead Italian Attack, Rout Greeks

Nazis Capture 220 Men, Two Officers and War Material.

BELGRADE, Jan. 6.—(UP)—German tanks leading an Italian counterattack on the western slopes of the Malispat mountains today hurled back Greek troops attempting to push upon Italy's mid-Albanian base of Elbasan, according to frontier reports.

The German tanks, recently arrived on the northern Albanian front, were said to have been thrown into action in defense of Elbasan and the Albanian capital of Tirana.

The battle was said to have occurred early today after the Greeks had been thrown back to the Malispat slopes Sunday from their advance positions along the Stermen river.

Two Greek officers, 220 soldiers and a large quantity of war materials were reported to have been captured.

Along Albania's Adriatic coastal sector, where the Greeks are pushing into the key port and landing base of Valona against stiffened Italian resistance, heavy fighting was reported on the northern slopes of Khorra mountains.

The Greeks were said to be continually attacking strong Italian positions, forcing the enemy to withdraw toward Valona in several encounters.

NOVELIST WRIGHT BETTER. PALM SPRINGS, Cal., Jan. 6. (P)—The condition of novelist Harold Wright, seriously ill with pneumonia, has improved, his physician, Dr. James B. Oliver, said today. Wright has been working on a new novel.

No U. S. Action Is Seen in Draft Leader Change

Policy Gives Incoming Governor Right to Name Director.

Indications from Washington yesterday were that Governor-elect Talmadge will encounter no difficulty from the federal government in making his new adjutant general, Sion B. Hawkins, director of selective service in this state.

Washington advices said a policy has been adopted giving the incoming Governor the right to name his own director.

Speculation had developed over whether Marion Williamson, the outgoing adjutant general, could retain his post as selective service director.

The Washington officials said that in adopting the present policy they had been guided by the fact the new Governor could place obstacles in the way of the holdover director by naming assistants and cutting his power.

Talmadge appointed Hawkins to the adjutant general's post with the full intention that he should also take over the selective service duties.

Williamson said yesterday he had no comment on the developments until he had a chance to talk with Talmadge.

Italian Troops Demoralized, British Say

One-Third of Libyan Army, Captured, Killed or Wounded.

CAIRO, Egypt, Jan. 6.—(P)—With one-third of Italy's Libyan army reported captured, killed or wounded, and the Fascist fort at Bardia seized, British troops rushed tonight toward Tobruk.

Less than one month was required by British soldiers under General Sir Archibald P. Wavell to chase the Italian rear of Egypt to capture their northeastern Libyan base of Bardia. British military sources said Italy's position in all eastern Libya was in peril because of the fall of Bardia yesterday.

They declared the British dominate inland regions almost 100 miles from the western Egyptian frontier. Further, they said, there are indications of rapidly increasing demoralization among Marshal Rodolfo Graziani's forces.

The royal navy, which played a major role in blasting Bardia's defenses before the Australian and English troops went into the town, was reported blockading Tobruk to prevent the arrival of Italian reinforcements.

The RAF command announced concentrated air attacks throughout Saturday night and all day yesterday. It said one Tobruk fire was so huge it could be seen in England.

At the beginning of operations in Africa, Marshal Graziani was said to have 250,000 men. Based on reports made thus far by the British, the Italians have lost over 80,000 of these in the brief operations which began last month.

A general headquarters communiqué said more than 30,000 men were taken when Bardia's "suicide garrison" surrendered yesterday.

The number of prisoners has raised a problem of feeding and transportation for the British, but as soon as possible the Fascists are being shipped to concentration centers.

The cost of caring for them already has reached millions of dollars.

Prices never lower—values never greater. Trade your old car in now. Investigate the offerings in the Want Ad pages of The Constitution.

ENJOY the ZIP of WINTER
If your skin becomes dry, scaly, wind-roughened, apply bland, time-tested Resinol. Its active medication quickly soothes and smoothes the burning, itchy irritated skin, and thus quickens healing.
Resinol Soap cleanses gently. For sample of each, write Resinol 53, of each, Baltimore, Md.

Colored Theaters
ASHBY—"The Sea Hawk," with Errol Flynn.
EL-Special Four Star Program.
ROYAL—"Mr. Washington Goes to Town," with Colored Cast.
STRAN—"Old Alabama Frontier," with John Mack Brown.
LINDOL—"Outlaw Deputy," with Tim McCoy.
HARLEM—"Danger On Wheels," with Richard Arlen.

Labor Draft Move Started By Churchill

Production, Imports and Post-War Groups Appointed.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—Britain's insistent demand for speed and more speed on the home front in what every Englishman believes will be the most decisive year of the war was met by Prime Minister Churchill today with the dramatically timed creation of three new executive bodies to deal with production, imports and postwar reconstruction.

In the first major move to draft labor, Churchill put into the hands of three members of his government sweeping powers over the men and women who constitute these islands' industrial forces. They are Labor Minister Ernest Bevin, who was placed in charge of a new production organization; Minister of Supply Sir Andrew Rae Duncan, who is to boss the all-important import group, and Minister Without Portfolio Arthur Greenwood, who will make a study of postwar reconstruction.

While Sir Andrew's group attends to "the vital war business of bringing food from overseas, supplying the fighting forces and keeping the life of the country going," Bevin's organization, "knowing what our output must be, must achieve it."

Bevin's "executive," as the three new bodies were defined in an official announcement, will get broad authority to do what it likes with raw materials, with factories and workshops of Britain.

In a move to insure even further co-ordination, the newly created chairmen will sit with the heads of the existing committees of defense, home policy and food policy to advise the war cabinet concerning the home front.

Associated with Bevin in the production organization, which replaces the production council, are Lord Beaverbrook, minister for aircraft production; Captain Oliver Lyttleton, president of the board of trade, and Sir Andrew.

Sir Andrew's import executive includes Lord Beaverbrook, A. V. Alexander, first lord of the admiralty; Captain Lyttleton and Lord Woolton, minister of food. They represent Britain's chief importers.

The announcement said Greenwood had taken responsibility for a study of reconstruction and post-war problems.

Amusements

Stage and Screen

CAPITOL—Men From Texas, with William Boyd, on the stage. "Bring on the Girls," on the screen.

Downtown Theaters

FOX—"Santa Fe Trail," with Errol Flynn, Olivia de Havilland, Raymond Massey, Ronald Reagan, etc., at 1:00, 3:00, 5:15, 7:25 and 9:25.
LOEWS GRAND—"Comrade X," with Clark Gable, Hedy Lamarr, etc., at 1:45, 3:45, 5:45, 7:45 and 9:45.
PARKAMOUNT—"Second Chorus," with Fred Astaire, Paulette Goddard, Arlene Shaw, etc., at 11:45, 1:45, 3:35, 5:35, 7:35 and 9:35.
RIALTO—"Arizona," with Jean Arthur, William Holden, etc., at 11:15, 1:45, 4:00, 6:30, 8:30.
RHODES—"The Thief of Bagdad," with Sabu, Conrad Veidt, June Duane, etc., Newsreel, Short Subjects.
ROXY—"Love Thy Neighbor," with Jack Benny, Fred Allen, Mary Martin, etc., at 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:00, 7:30 and 9:30.
ATLANTA—"When Tomorrow Comes," with Irene Dunne, "Trouble in Texas," with Tex Ritter.
CAMEO—"They Drive by Night," with Loretta Young.
CENTER—"He Stayed for Breakfast," with Loretta Young.

Night Spots

ATLANTA BILTMORE HOTEL—Empire Room—Al Apolloni and his orchestra, featuring Jeanne Renard, songstress, playing dinner-dance music nightly from 7 p. m. until 12 midnight.
WISTERIA GARDENS—Tommy Rosen and his orchestra, playing dinner-dance music nightly from 7 p. m. until 12 midnight.
ANSLEY HOTEL—Rainbow Roof—Benny Strong and his orchestra playing dinner-dance music nightly from 7 p. m. until 12 midnight.
HENRY GRADY—Spanish Room—Wayne Karr and his orchestra playing dinner-dance music nightly from 7 p. m. until 12 midnight.

Neighborhood Theaters

ALPHA—"Black Diamonds," with Richard Arlen.
AMERICAN—"Nick Carter, Master Detective," with Walter Pidgeon.
BANKHEAD—"Dr. Christian Meets the Women," with Jean Hersholt.
BROOKHAVEN—"The Great McGinty," with Brian Donlevy.
BUCKHEAD—"Sporting Blood," with Robert Young.
CASCADE—"I Want a Divorce," with George Raft.
COLLEGE PARK—"The Fighting 69th," with James Cagney.
DEATH—"Another Thin Man," with William Powell.
DEKALB—"They Drive by Night," with George Raft.
EAST POINT—"Within the Law" and "Bar 20—Again."
EMORY—"The Great McGinty," with Brian Donlevy.
EMPIRE—"Diver's End," with Dennis Morgan.
EUCLID—"Boom Town," with Clark Gable.
FAIRFAX—"My Love Came Back," with George Raft.
FAIRVIEW—"Stardust," with Linda Darnell.
FULTON—"He Stayed for Breakfast," with Loretta Young.
GARDEN—"They Drive by Night," with George Raft.
GORDON—"The Mark of Zorro," with Tyrone Power.
HANGAR—"Stanley and Livingstone," with Spencer Tracy.
HILAN—"Dr. Christian Meets the Women" and "Charlie Chan at Wax Museum."
KIRKWOOD—"Our Town" and "Dr. Christian Meets the Women."
LITTLE 5 POINTS—"Gold Is Where You Find It" and "Cafe Hostess."
PALACE—"If I Had My Way," with Bing Crosby.
PEACHTREE—"They Drive by Night," with George Raft.
PLAZA—"Third Finger, Left Hand," with Melvyn Douglas.
PONCE DE LEON—"Charlie Chan's Murder Cruise," with Sidney Toler.
RUSSELL—"A Child Is Born," with Geraldine Fitzgerald.
SYLVAN—"Those Were the Days," with William Holden.
TEMPLE—"Shootin' High," with Gene Luttery.
TENTH STREET—"Sandy Is a Lady" and "Comin' Around the Mountain."
WEST—"Before I Hang," with Boris Karloff.

Lionel Hampton's Band Will Play Here Tonight

Lionel Hampton, who helped make the vibraphone an essential instrument of any well-balanced orchestra will appear with his orchestra at the Sunset Casino, Magnolia street and Sunset avenue, tonight.

It was while a member of Benny Goodman's celebrated swing quartet that Hampton's extraordinary ability on the vibraphone, an instrument which is a hybrid of the harp and vibraphone, first came to public notice.

He left Goodman's band while on the coast and organized one of his own. He is making his one-night stop here while en route from California to New York city. A special section has been reserved for white spectators.

GORDON NOW PLAYING
"THE MARK OF ZORRO"
TYRONE POWER—LINDA DARNELL

5c Joy's ATLANTA 10c
OPPOSITE HUNT BLDG.

LAST DAY
IRENE DUNNE—CHARLES BOYER
"WHEN TOMORROW COMES"
2ND FEATURE—TEX RITTER
"TROUBLE IN TEXAS"

In Person
LIONEL HAMPTON
(Formerly With Benny Goodman)
AND HIS
SWING BAND
SUNSET CASINO
TONIGHT
8 P. M. Till 1 A. M.
Advance 65c; Box 75c
Reserve Section for White
Tickets Now on Sale at Southeastern
Music Co., 62 Broad St., N. W.

EUCLID TODAY
"BOOM TOWN"
SPENCER TRACY—CLARK GABLE
CLAUDETTE COLBERT—HEDY LAMARR

PLAZA Ponce de Leon
At Highland
"3rd Finger, Left Hand"
Myrna Loy—Melvin Douglas

RHODES DOORS OPEN
2:15 P. M.
"THIEF OF BAGDAD"

RIALTO NOW
Jean Arthur—William Holden
Arthur Holden
"ARIZONA"

LOEWS LAST 3 DAYS
Clark GABLE
Hedy LAMARR
"COMRADE X"

FRIDAY . . .
GROUCHO—CHICO—HARPO
MARX BROS.
IN
"GO WEST"

YOUR FAVORITE BAND
JIMMIE LIVINGSTON Plus
The Show of Shows
KEE and TUK
"Stars of the Orient"
THE MARTIN GALES
"Poetry in Motion"
The Durends—Myran and Martin
Boots Hilbreath
LUNCH—SHOW—PRIZES—40c
SPANISH ROOM HENRY GRADY HOTEL

AT THE L. & J. THEATERS
"Where Happiness Costs So Little"

Starts TOMORROW!
Our Midnite Show
Audience Saturday
Night Said:
"It's Better Than
Alexander's
Ragtime Band"

ALICE FAYE
Betty GRABLE
in
TIN PAN ALLEY
With
JACK OAKIE
JOHN PAYNE
Thrill Again
To These
Old Songs
"K-K-K-Katy," "When You Were a Tulp and I Were a Big Red Rose," "Moonlight Bay," "Goodbye Broadway, Hello France," "The Shark of Araby," "America, I Love You."

20c
Till 1:00

Paramount
Starts TOMORROW!

JOHN GARFIELD
BRENDA MARSHALL
"EAST OF THE RIVER"
with Marjorie Rambeau
Last Times Today!
Fred Astaire—Paulette Goddard
in "Second Chorus"
Scenes Orange Bowl Game!

CAPITOL 2c Till 1:00
NOW
On the Stage!
"BRING ON THE GIRLS"
30—Alluring Girls—30
—On the Screen—
Wm. Boyd In "Man From Texas"

ROXY Last Day
JACK BENNY
FRED ALLEN in
"Love Thy Neighbor"

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If your skin becomes dry, scaly, wind-roughened, apply bland, time-tested Resinol. Its active medication quickly soothes and smoothes the burning, itchy irritated skin, and thus quickens healing.
Resinol Soap cleanses gently. For sample of each, write Resinol 53, of each, Baltimore, Md.

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EN

Navy Urgently Asks Congress For 509 Million

Quick Approval of Fund for Shipbuilding and Ordnance Seen.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—(AP)—An urgent Navy request for authority to spend an additional \$509,000,000 for shipbuilding and ordnance production facilities reached congress today, and there were indications that it would be quickly approved.

Chairman Vinson, Democrat, Georgia, of the house naval committee, immediately introduced the authorizing legislation. It was understood that the sum asked probably would be included in the first supplemental appropriation estimates sent to congress.

The Navy already has authority to use \$150,000,000 for new shipbuilding facilities and \$100,000,000 for increasing armor and ordnance capacity, but Secretary Knox said in a letter to Vinson that this would be exhausted "in the immediate future."

Knox added that \$315,000,000 of the proposed new authority would be used for shipbuilding expansions in both Navy and army yards and \$194,000,000 for boosting armor-ordnance capacity.

Farm Income For 1940 Is Set At Nine Billion

Greater Prosperity Seen This Year by Agriculture Department.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—(UP)—The Agriculture Department today estimated the 1940 farm income of this nation at \$9,500,000,000 and predicted a greater prosperity for farmers this year.

The department cautioned that part of this increased farm income in 1941 would be offset by higher costs. The bureau of agricultural economics said the ratio of prices paid by farmers to prices paid was 17 per cent below the base of 100 set before the first World War.

The increased farm income was expected to result from greater industrial activity in the national defense program.

John Edgar Denson, 74, Succumbs; Rites Today

John Edgar Denson, 74, for many years a resident of Atlanta, died yesterday at his residence, 698 Edgewood avenue.

He is survived by a son, C. E. Denson; a daughter, Mrs. L. M. Gray, and a brother, Ben Denson. Funeral services will be held at 2 o'clock this afternoon at the chapel of J. Austin Dillon, with the Rev. H. C. Johnson officiating. Interment will be in Greenwood cemetery.

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Custom Ground

Tell the A&P clerk the kind of coffee you use, so your Bokar will be ground just right to bring out the full flavor.

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CAN CHOOSE THE TYPE OF LOAN THAT BEST FITS YOUR REQUIREMENTS

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Community Investment Certificates Pay 3% Per Annum



Constitution Staff Photo—Bill Wilson.

FAREWELL—Members of the Atlanta Club, organization of women employees at the city hall and other city workers numbering perhaps 75, late yesterday swarmed into Mayor Hartsfield's flower-banked executive offices to bid him adieu. Mrs. Alonzo Richardson, right, presented a beautiful desk set to Hartsfield on behalf of the organization. Others, left to right, are Hartsfield, George A. Cole, Hartsfield's executive secretary, and Miss Sarah Cleveland, president of the club.

Pardons Given 22 Convicts in Fulton County

Four Persons Convicted of Murder Charges Are Released.

Four persons under life terms for murder and other crimes convicted of voluntary manslaughter have been granted pardons, clerks of Fulton courts were notified yesterday.

A total of 22 pardons were received at the court house during the day.

Those pardoned after having been convicted of murder included Sam Daniels, Virgil Jenkins, Clarence Price and Frank Williamson. Olin Tucker, sentenced to four to 10 years on voluntary manslaughter charges in 1939, also was pardoned.

Other persons pardoned and their sentences were: Milton Jerry Powell, five years, larceny of car and carrying concealed weapons; Luke Washington, felony, four to five years; Howard Stuart, alias Olin Hayes, felony, two years; Ralph E. Surber, alias Donald E. North, felony, two years; Albert Wheelers, robbery, 20 years; Arthur Fietze, fictitious checks, 12 months; Thomas J. Nichols, burglary, five to 10 years; Davis Norton, burglary, two to eight months; R. J. Renfro, felony, five to 10 years; Richard Johnson, burglary, eight months; Charles Johnson, burglary, five to 10 years; H. H. Ramsour, 10 months, illegal liquor; J. E. Gravitt, six months, larceny; Mary Legins, six months, larceny; Carl Logan, six months, larceny; Eugene Logan, six months, larceny; Rogge Brown, 36 months, larceny in 1938.

M. E. Thompson Heads

Masons of Alpharetta

M. E. Thompson has been named worshipful master of Alpharetta Lodge No. 235, F. & A. M.

Other officers are J. E. Cowart, senior warden; U. C. Sutton, junior warden; J. S. Mosteller, treasurer; T. L. Reid, secretary; W. M. Williams, senior deacon; C. C. Shirley, senior steward; R. D. Manning, junior steward, and P. E. Smith, Tyler.

Births

Birth certificates were issued in Atlanta yesterday for the following families:

O. M. Poole, 85 West Peachtree place, son; E. R. Sprattling, 337 1/2 Cooper, son; S. E. Locher, 466 Washington street, son; G. J. Gittens, 363 5th street, daughter; H. L. Noggle, 1595 Evans drive, son; H. L. Smith, 124 Tye street, S. E., son; P. Bailey, 800 Pulliam, daughter; H. P. Stevens, 1280 McLendon, N. E., daughter; M. McCullough, 282 Macon drive, daughter; G. H. Wilkie, 200 Harper road, daughter; H. M. Gallaway, 248 Iswald, daughter; G. Dodgen, 1025 Howell Mill, daughter; E. M. Lance, 132 Richardson, daughter; R. Sorrells, 689 Pryor street, daughter; R. E. Hyatt, College Park, Ga., daughter; A. L. Rose, Hapeville, Ga., daughter; O. S. Haygood, 604 Chestnut, son; J. E. Gaston, Egan, Ga., daughter; W. D. Cox, Route 1, Box 363, son; J. T. Jenkins, 276 Pryor street, son; H. L. Burnett, 1206 McPherson, daughter; R. L. Chambers, 827 Grant street, S. E., daughter; F. L. Silvey, 484 Pulliam, son; W. M. Feltman, 414 Crew street, daughter; R. Dobson Jr., Fairburn, Ga., son; A. L. Swinney, 774 Pryor street, son; J. B. Thompson, 852 Jefferson, daughter.

Relief Committee Here To Send British Socks

British airmen, the sailors of the Royal Navy, and His Majesty's troops in the field—1,500 or more of them—will soon be keeping their toes warm with socks knitted by Atlanta ladies of the British War Relief Committee.

Knitters of the committee are urged to attend a rally this morning at the First Presbyterian church, where, under the direction of Mrs. Valeria Manley and Mrs. Phinizy Calhoun, wool and knitting needles will be issued. The meeting begins at 8:30 o'clock and lasts until 1 o'clock.

Williamson Denies Split With Talmadge

Has Always Been Supporter of Governor-Elect, He Says.

Adjutant General Marion Williamson yesterday afternoon stated that there had been "no fight whatsoever" between himself and Governor-elect Talmadge.

He added that he had always been a supporter of Talmadge and that he "hoped and believed that the new Talmadge administration would be the most successful the state has ever had."

"I am surprised," he said, "that a report should be circulated of a disagreement between me and my old chief."

Glenn R. Moore, 37, Is Dead in Jacksonville

Glenn R. Moore, 37, Atlanta structural engineer, died yesterday in a Jacksonville hospital following a brief illness.

Moore, the son of Mrs. John Moore, was recently transferred to Jacksonville to supervise some construction work there.

He is survived by his wife; a son, Glenn Moore Jr.; two brothers, Raymond A. and B. W. Moore, and a sister, Mrs. R. E. Rosser.

5 Die in Night Crash Of Warplane in Canada

RIVERS, Man., Jan. 6.—(UP)—A Royal Canadian air force plane crashed here tonight, killing five occupants.

The plane was taking off on a night flight and crashed about a mile and a half from the airport here, reportedly burning.

Royal Canadian air force officers said a court of inquiry would be held immediately.

Diver Recovers Cross

After Trying 7 Years

TARPON SPRINGS, Fla., Jan. 6.—(AP)—Theofilos Katras became the pride of all Greeks in this world's largest sponge market today—and he was no less proud of himself—for he bested 17 other divers in recovering the gold cross tossed into Chill Spring bayou as a highlight of the spongers' annual Epiphany observance.

Katras had tried vainly for seven years to snatch the cross from the bayou's bottom but always had been beaten and today he was in the water a split second after the symbol was thrown by Bishop Athenagoras, of Boston.

Johnson Act Repeal

Bill Is Introduced

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—(AP)—Chairman May, Democrat, Kentucky, of the House Military Affairs Committee, introduced a bill today to repeal the Johnson act which prohibits loans to countries in default of their obligations to the United States.

ST. JOSEPH

WORLD'S LARGEST SELLER AT 10¢

ASPIRIN

Luke Arnold Begins Duties As Recorder

30 Cases Come Up for Trial on His First Day.

Judge Luke S. Arnold yesterday morning began his service as recorder with a light docket after induction ceremonies were completed.

Thirty cases were up for trial. Eight were checked for legal reasons. Two repeating speeders paid 14 in fines. Cash collateral of \$15 was forfeited. One of the forfeits was \$12 for speeding and another was \$3 for illegal parking.

The first case on which Arnold was called to act involved N. Morgan Woods, a newcomer to the city, charged with cutting a red light and driving without a license. Arnold assessed a fine of \$25 for driving without proper credentials and \$7 for running over the red light. He suspended both when Woods explained his status and promised to obtain his driver's license in two hours.

At ceremonies presided over by Yantis Mitchell, attorney, Arnold and Judge A. W. Callaway, recorder of the criminal division of the recorder's court, were sworn in before Mayor-elect LeCraw.

In taking over the post which Judge John L. Cone has held for 10 years, Arnold again warned the public "this court will be both stern and firm in trying wilful and flagrant violators."

He appealed for the co-operation of law-abiding citizens, urging them to start where "you are going a little earlier so you will not have to be in such a hurry as to endanger your own safety and that of others."

"I realize the responsibility of this position," Arnold told a courtroom of friends who had gathered for his induction ceremony. "I want you all to help me do the very best job possible in your own best interests—reduce the traffic death toll in Atlanta and cut down accidents—those are the major objectives of this court."

Civil Service Stand.

Arnold took issue with the law which makes it mandatory that the court clerk be under civil service. He previously had informed Charlie O. Murphy, clerk for 10 years, that his services would no longer be needed, and Edward Basmajian, utility clerk in 1890.



Constitution Staff Photo—Pete Roton.

NEW JUDGE—Luke S. Arnold yesterday took over the post of recorder of the traffic division, a position held for the past 10 years by John L. Cone. He is shown with the new gavel presented him by friends.

Two Brothers, of Port Huron, Mich., and in Nearby Sandusky, Each Drew the Same Draft Number.

Philip Allen, 24, and Edwin Allen, 22, each drew 302.

"I don't think civil service should apply to courts of any nature but believe the courts should be responsive to the will of the people as expressed at the ballot box," he added. "I favor civil service, but when it invades the courts—even the recorder's court—it is ridiculous."

He implied that the Georgia legislature will be asked to change the law which now protects the court clerk.

Murphy, whom Arnold told to confer with LeCraw about his future assignments, apparently was performing Basmajian's duties, while the latter served in Arnold's division.

\$549 FOR 20-YEAR CASE.

A Philadelphia attorney received \$549 as compensation for 20 years of labor. Judge Robert Bolger awarded the money to C. W. Van Artsdalen for his expenses and services in a 20-year search for heirs of a man who died in 1890.

75,000 Fulton Children Back In Classrooms

Two Weeks' Vacation, Longest in Several Years, Ends.

More than 75,000 school children in Atlanta and Fulton county went back to classes yesterday after a two-week vacation, the longest in several years.

City schools opened with an estimated enrollment of 55,000, including those in night and special schools, and Negro schools, it was announced by M. E. Coleman, assistant superintendent.

A total of more than 22,500—18,830 white students and 3,697 Negroes—were enrolled in nearly 100 county schools.

School children get a two-week vacation only when Christmas and New Year's Day come in the middle of the week.

DR. E. G. GRIFFIN

Dr. J. G. Lockett

DENTISTS

Hours: 8 to 6, Sunday 9 to 1
113 1/2 Alabama St. WA. 1612.

To relieve Misery of **COLDS**

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LIQUID TABLETS
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Try "Rub-N-Tum"—A Wonderful Liniment

TO FLORIDA

Excellent Fast Air-Conditioned Trains

Leave Atlanta (Terminal Station) Central Time

The Flamingo-Dixie Limited 9:05 A. M.
Via Jacksonville to All Florida Points

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Via Jacksonville to All East Coast Points

The Southland 6:50 P. M.
Direct Overnight Train to Tampa, St. Petersburg, Sarasota, Ft. Myers and Other West Coast Points

The Dixie Flyer 7:25 P. M.
Via Jacksonville to All Florida Points

De Luxe Air-Conditioned Coaches—Reclining Seats

LOW ONE-WAY AND ROUND-TRIP FARES

Through sleepers to Jacksonville, Daytona Beach, W. Palm Beach, Hollywood, Miami, Tampa, Bradenton, Sarasota, Punta Gorda, Ft. Myers, Tarpon Springs, Clearwater, St. Petersburg and intermediate points.

Passenger and Ticket Office—35 Forsyth St., N. W. Phone WA. 8181.

GEO. W. STRADMAN, Division Passenger Agent

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY

"WE CAN'T AFFORD ANYTHING BUT ONE OF THE THREE LOWEST PRICED CARS"—**BUT LISTEN, LADY!**

THIS OLDS IS ALSO LOW IN PRICE

Compare the costs and see!

\$852*

Olds prices begin at \$852 for Special Six Business Coupe. Sedan prices start at \$898, "delivered at Lansing, Michigan." State tax, optional equipment and accessories—extra. Prices subject to change without notice. A GENERAL MOTORS VALUE

LOW-PRICED OLDS SPECIAL ALSO AVAILABLE AS A 110 H. P. EIGHT AT SLIGHTLY HIGHER PRICE

AND SEE HOW MUCH MORE YOU GET!

100-HORSEPOWER 6-CYLINDER ECONO-MASTER ENGINE • 119-INCH WHEELBASE • BIGGER, ROOMIER FISHER BODY • NEW INTERIOR LUXURY • 4 COIL-SPRING RHYTHMIC RIDE • FAMOUS OLDS QUALITY THROUGHOUT!

ANALYZE the price situation and you'll see that you can easily afford an Oldsmobile! If you'll just compare *de luxe* models of lowest-priced cars (the models you've undoubtedly been considering) with the big luxurious Oldsmobile Special, you'll find no great difference in price. On a monthly time-payment basis, you'll hardly notice the difference at all. And if you'll check economy records, you'll find Olds compares with the best! Why not come in—and compare!

ALSO AVAILABLE WITH HYDRA-MATIC DRIVE!*

Get into an Olds and go—with automatic shifting and with never a clutch to press! No easier car to drive in the world than an Olds Hydra-Matic. Try it!

No Clutch!

*OPTIONAL AT EXTRA COST

THE CAR Ahead! IT'S

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SPECIAL JANUARY SALE OF "SAFETY-TESTED" USED CARS AT BARGAIN PRICES!
SEE CLASSIFIED SECTION FOR LISTINGS BY OLDSMOBILE DEALERS

Kitty Foyle

by
CHRISTOPHER MORLEY
A Story of the American
White-Collar Girl

INSTALLMENT XXXII.

Something, maybe seeing the old Manitou crowd again, put me in a yen for education. When Pop heard the typewriter going I was likely copying out bits from the freshman textbooks I had bought and not used. I wished I knew some Abbe Constantin who would tell me the answers. Myrtle was as near as I ever found one, I guess. When you're pushing the iron to and fro you're not embarrassed to ask questions. "How am I going to learn about things that are beautiful? I don't think those Manitou kids are really getting it in college. They're too young, too well fed, too secure. Can I learn it in books? Or newspapers?"

What I wanted to hear Myrtle or somebody say was: "You can learn it all from Wyn. He's beauty itself; he's truth and kindness and everything lovely. You worship him, and you should."

"Dat's what I calls beautiful," said Myrtle, taking a pan of beaten biscuit out of the oven. "Dat make me feel good."

A funny little thing happened. Somebody at the library gave me a ticket to go to a lecture at a club over in Germantown. There were a lot of dames hopped up with culture and good grammar and nowhere to park it between 3 and 5 p. m. I could tell by the way they chirped and rustled they were all set for a big sort of high-pressure literature. What shocked them was, the lecturer talked just like he might to a crowd of men, as though they had a sense of humor. First thing they knew, they were laughing, and they had it. They hadn't come there to laugh, and it threw them off balance. I heard them afterward saying it was an insult to a club like that to come there and just be jocular. What they didn't get, and it made me so sore I wanted to shout out about it, in between laughs that man was in savage earnest, he was really trying to tell them things. He was feeding them laughs to shake up their opinions. I guess it's risky to tell people anything except the way they count on hearing it.

"Listen, babygirl," Wyn said one time, "you weren't put here to reform the world."

I asked Myrtle, was she ever in love. "Maybe not, honey, not the way you mean. Anyhow, not to make me mizzable. 'Pears to me, colored folks ain't persecuted by love the way white folks is. The only real misadventure in our family is when my ole man cut his wrist off with a sickle. He was sickin' on a grasspatch while he had hiccupps. A big hiccupp throwed him forward just as the sickle was comin' up at him an' he like to amputate himself. All the grip in that hand is when paralyzed. I tell him it's lucky it ain't the hand he use for drinkin'. Oh, dat's a long while ago, it heal up nice, new meat come through as pink as white folks."

Come to think of it, when things happen to other people it's always a while ago. When they happen to me they're happening now.

My being out that night Wyn called started up some new campaigning. He invited me to dinner at Rittenhouse Square and I couldn't hurt him by ducking it. He said this would be different from the house party at Darby Mill. It was, it was lovely. It was just family and a few old friends. Myrtle was disappointed I didn't get the social dope on the colored butler, she thought maybe she knew his folks; I didn't let on I'd seen him light a pipe on the front steps. They had me at Mr. Stratford's right and Wyn was across the table next to his sister, who is just as darling as he is. There must be something to Englishmen because she married one of them, but he was killed in the war. On my right was Mr. Kennett, a perfectly delightful old Quaker who called me thee and started to talk about music. There was a Russian musician there and his wife, he played the violin after dinner and his wife at the piano.

I never talked to anybody who got more out of me than old Mr. Kennett. I guess you just can't resist it when they say thee. Naturally I was nervous and made a bad start, I said my favorite tune

was that theme song that starts the Tasty-yeast program on the radio because it put Pop in a good humor for his supper. But the Russian came to my rescue, made me hum it and then said it was a phrase from an old Russian balalaika or something. We got on to Pop's Irish melodies, and college in Manitou, and business school, and I spilled a lot of my simple ideas before it struck me the old friend was maybe pumping me to see what kind of a girl I was. I thought afterward he was probably a kind of spiritual adviser for the Stratford family, they confided their anxiety about Wyn's feelings and he was put there to get my number.

Anyhow it was better than Darby Mill, there were no dead animals around the house, no drinking except some sour wine, and I could catch Wyn's eye whenever I needed to. Rosey Rittenhouse and his wife were there and Rosey said wonderful things about Pop. I had some ammunition in reserve, if any highhating started I was going to come through with the fact that Pop's father was wounded at Gettysburg. When he did his shooting he did it at people that shot right back. But I didn't need to say it, and old Mr. Kennett being a Quaker maybe it was just as well.

They have a wonderful big drawing room with a greenhouse opening off it, full of flowers. Several people, who probably didn't get the house party at Darby Mill, came in after a few hands. You've got to do something with your hands when they play that Russian music. Even Stacey was on her good behavior and actually made out to recognize me—"Why yes, from the office. How delightful!"

They talked a bit about the poor little magazine. Mr. and Mrs. Stratford said they were so glad Wyn had got over it, as though it was a disease. Stacey said she thought it was putrid luck it hadn't gone over, it would have been such fun, as though it was a game. I said I didn't think there was really much fun in imitating other people's ideas; it was a New York kind of idea, not a Philadelphia one. Rosey whispered to me, what would you call a Philadelphia kind of idea? And I whispered back "Wondering how much of what you think it will be safe to say." By the time it was right to go I was beginning to enjoy myself, there was something unreal about that big warm room smelling of flowers while I could hear tirechains in the snow outside. That was sort of appropriate while the Russian music was playing inside, like prisoners clanking on the way to Siberia.

I could see there was a certain number of things that had to be said, after that they felt free to go ahead and talk. Something had to be said about the Community Chest for charity, and about the orchestra, Stokowsky has so much magnetism, and about the depression, has Mr. Hoover got it under control? You can't help being im-

pressed by those sort of things. They say them so comfortably as though they know they've got a warm bed waiting upstairs and a bank account to go to in the morning. Once, in the pause after a piece of music before anyone thought of just the right comment, I could hear that good old Philadelphia sound, very faint like church bells, the butler somewhere down in the cellar shovelling coal. It sounded so homely, it surprised me. I guess I don't get far enough away from myself and when they were talking gently about unemployment I almost wanted to hold out "What about K. Foyle? Suppose your old man might die any minute and his pension stops and you're thrown out." Rosey would have understood, there's something human about that bird, in between chuckers he must have heard about what goes on, maybe he talks over long distance.

I said to him, and I meant it, "I think they're wonderfully kind." He said "Kitty, we're the kindest people in the world, and don't we know it."

I was worried about Wyn, he was pretty quiet, I could see that his family had him swamped and I guess he felt himself sinking back into the banking business. Even old Mr. Kennett, who turned out to be Wyn's godfather, seemed to have something to do with banking. Everybody called him thee, but I doubt if it would make him any easier if you wanted a loan without security.

Mrs. Stratford explained that she and her husband were leaving for South Carolina so she was afraid they wouldn't see much of me for a while, but I hadn't really been counting on it. They had a big limousine waiting to take me home. Wyn went along, but I didn't feel like talking much with a chauffeur right in front of us. You made a great hit with old Godfather Kennett, Wyn said.

"He almost had me calling him thee. But I think I'd have to love someone very much before I could do it. I'm like the French that way."

"Kitty, does thee love me? I told them I considered myself practically engaged to thee."

I thought they all acted scared about something. I figured it was only the stock market.

"Oh Kitty, we can't seem to talk in Philly. Could we go somewhere else some day and get confidential?"

"I'll let thee know," I said.

That was a funny time, now I think back. There isn't any better thinking than you do at the hair-dresser's, and sitting in one of those orchid-colored booths of Nicolai's puts a new light on all sorts of things including complexions.

Everything was in the oven and the heat turned on and the yeast ready to go to work. And the Main Line was out chasing fresh air and foxes as though nothing had happened or ever would.

I got a pay-off on things sometimes from Nicolai. He's a Russian and if he gets fond of your scalp he talks about it. What I mean, he knows that revolutions really happen; he saw one. He says he was raised in the Imperial Institute of Hair Culture in Saint Petersburg, and Russia is the place to study hair. He says when Russians shaved and shingled they went crazy. He was brought up among the whiskers and coiffures of the Romanoffs, who were the Main Line of Holy Russia. He thinks maybe I'm not fair to Holy Philly. He says "they worked hard."

Continued Tomorrow.

AUNT HET

By ROBERT QUILLLEN.



"She ain't the friendly kind. I've known her a year and she's never told me any of her husband's faults."

JUST NUTS



WE'RE LATE, WE'VE MISSED THE OTHER EIGHT!

BEETHOVEN'S NINTH SYMPHONY

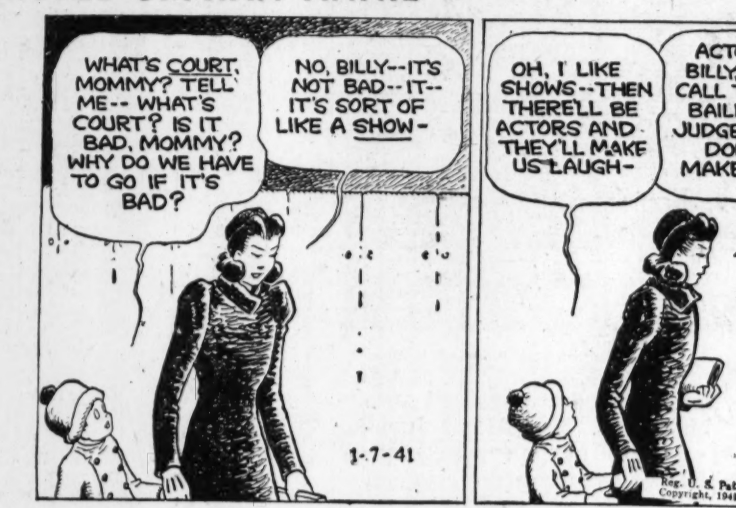
Solution to Yesterday's Puzzle.

STARK BLET RASH
EATEN RAGE ONCE
EPODE IRON AVOW
REPULSED DESIRE
CLEF SETTLED
AGREED SPRUE
BOO DUCAL TIRKED
ERSEMI GILISERA
TEETH PITAL PIG
HOVER VISAS
SPHERES TIME
THORNS VOLITANT
RAVE POOR TOPEE
ASEA IRIS EESSED
YELL DADO DEEDS

THE GUMPS



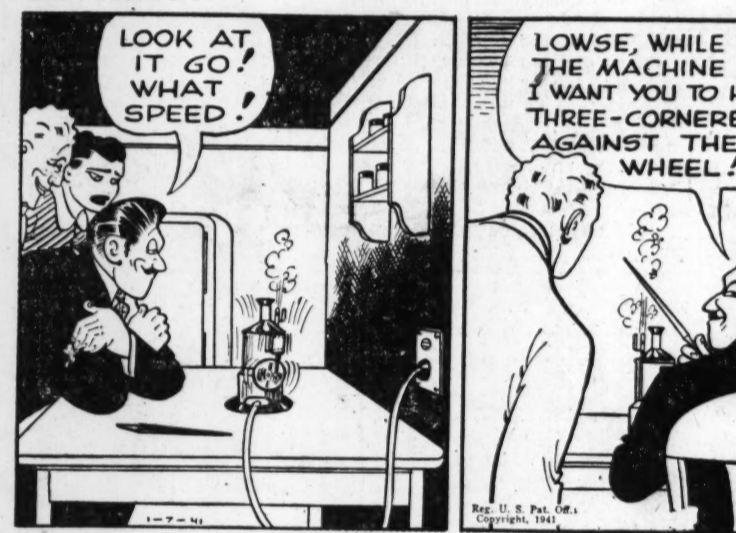
LITTLE ORPHAN ANNIE



MOON MULLINS



DICK TRACY



JANE ARDEN—By Monte Barrett and Russell Ross

Reg. U. S. Patent Off.



TODAY'S CROSSWORD PUZZLE

ACROSS

1 Sacrificial fire. 63 Meddling. 64 Ramps. 65 Clove. 5 Indian hemp. 10 Passport indorsement. 14 Lament. 15 Lament. 16 Old-time Irish frock. 17 First move. 18 Eye. 20 Foible. 21 Tracts. 23 Furze. 25 Scar. 26 Asiatic country. 29 Chair upholstery material. 32 Malicious look. 33 Indian. 35 Spanish gentleman. 36 Tavern. 37 Meal course. 39 Negrito. 40 Passee. 42 The caama. 43 Stock of family lineage. 44 Tieleke. 46 Bats. 48 Emerald Isle. 49 Mindful. 50 Marks with small grooves. 53 Superficially brilliant. 57 Put. 58 Grand. 60 The first shepherd. 61 Moslem governor. 62 Heavenly.

DOWN

1 Betwixt. 2 Beyond hope. 3 Naturally. 4 Trous, as an uncut gem. 4 A whole. 5 A Dante heroine. 6 A cardinal's dignity. 7 Limber. 8 Glacial snow. 9 Make to run smoothly. 10 Outrage. 11 Redouble. 12 To corn. 13 Square measures. 18 Hallowed likeness. 22 Delight. 24 A cold, piercing wind. 26 Careened. 27 French bond. 28 Zoot. 29 Vacillate. 30 Prominent. 31 Chick-peas. 34 Worm. 37 A name of Diana. 38 Tellers. 41 Ghostly. 43 English poet. 45 Arrow poison. 47 Flag. 49 Quivering. 50 Large slice. 51 Ostracism. 52 Consort of King Canute. 54 Faction. 55 All square. 56 Supplied. 59 Macerate.

An Artistic Flop



Just Before the Battle, Mother



Smelly Business



Mechanized Crime



Facing Death



SMITTY



What every Soldier and his Family should Know.

by CAPT. GENE MORGAN.

"I employ three persons, who depend upon my ideas and my contacts for their employment. Will I be deferred?"

Your case undoubtedly will be given consideration by your local draft board. There is good reason to believe that you will be granted deferment if it is found, as seems to be indicated, that continuance of your activities in civilian life are in the public interest.

"My order number is such that I may not be called up for two or three years. In the interim I contemplate marrying. Will I be deferred?"

Marriage will change your status as a draft registrant, for you are now listed as a single man. In case you marry, you are advised to notify your local draft board of your changed status. You may then ask to be placed in the deferred class of men with dependents.

"Am I to be penalized if I inadvertently injure or destroy army equipment during service?"

For every dollar's worth of Army equipment somebody is held responsible. If you are assigned to an infantry company, for instance, you will learn that the company commander is financially and otherwise responsible for

AFTER THE SOLDIER IS ISSUED HIS RIFLE...



THE CARE AND CLEANING IS ENTRUSTED TO THE SOLDIER. THE RIFLE IS LOCKED IN THE GUN ROOM, AND MUST BE CALLED FOR BY SERIAL NUMBER.

keeping all the company's equipment in good condition and protecting it against loss or theft. He is held responsible for every soldier strictly accountable for such equipment as may be entrusted in the latter's care.

Officers' boards of survey investigate cases of damage to and loss of equipment. A soldier is not penalized if such damage or loss is found not to be the result of his carelessness or other fault.

SUPERMAN—By Jerry Siegel and Joe Shuster



TERRY AND THE PIRATES



MARY WORTH'S FAMILY



SMILIN' JACK



TARZAN No. 422



They'll Do It Every Time



Map Your Life According to Its Plan

If you would like to have an Astrological Chart covering your sign of the Zodiac, THE CONSTITUTION will be glad to send it to you. All that is necessary is to fill in and follow directions in this coupon:

Name _____ Address _____ City _____

I was born: MONTH _____ DATE _____ YEAR _____

You may obtain as many Astrological Charts as you wish for your family and friends. There is nothing to do except to send in the birthdate, address, self-addressed stamped envelope and 10 cents in coin to cover EACH birthdate, in accordance with this coupon.

There's Many a Slip—

Today's Radio Programs

Today's Hour-by-Hour Calendar

WGST, 890 Kc. WSB, 740 Kc. WAGA, 1450 Kc. WATL, 1370 Kc.

Note: Where no listing is given, last program in preceding listing is continued.

5:30 A. M.

WSB—Farm Hour; 5:55, News.

6 A. M.

WGST—News and Sunday; 6:10, ATLANTA CONSTITUTION NEWS; 6:15, Kentucky Mountaineers.

WSB—Farm Hour; 6:15, Merry-Go-Round.

WATL—News; 6:05, Varieties.

6:30 A. M.

WGST—Happy Rhythm Boys; 6:45, Hal Burns' Varieties.

WSB—Happy Dan's Folk; 6:45, Merry-Go-Round; 6:55, Weather News.

WAGA—Morning Pick-Me-Up.

WATL—Top of the Morning; 6:45, Time Table.

7 A. M.

WGST—News; 7:15, News and Sunday.

WSB—Merry-Go-Round; 7:15, News.

WAGA—News; 7:15, Irving Miller's Music.

WATL—News; 7:05, Time Table.

7:30 A. M.

WGST—News and Sunday; 7:45, News.

WSB—News and Sunday; 7:45, News.

WAGA—News and Sunday; 7:45, News.

WATL—News; 7:30, News and Sunday.

8 A. M.

WGST—News and Sunday; 8:10, News.

WSB—News and Sunday; 8:10, News.

WAGA—News and Sunday; 8:10, News.

WATL—News; 8:05, Time Table.

8:30 A. M.

WGST—News; 8:35, News and Sunday.

WSB—News; 8:35, News and Sunday.

WAGA—News; 8:35, News and Sunday.

WATL—News; 8:30, News and Sunday.

9 A. M.

WGST—Arnold Grimm's Daughter; 9:15, News.

WSB—News and Women in Headlines; 9:15, End Day.

WAGA—News and Music; 9:15, Morning Music.

WATL—News; 9:05, Interlude in Melody; 9:15, Melody Strings.

9:30 A. M.

WGST—Just Home Folks; 9:45, Woman of Courage.

WSB—Ellen Randolph; 9:45, Guiding Light.

WAGA—Your Radio Neighbor.

WATL—Keep Fit to Music; 9:45, John Metcalf's Choir.

10 A. M.

WGST—Mary Lee Taylor; 10:15, Life Begins.

WSB—The Man I Married; 10:15, Against the Storm.

WAGA—Linda Dale; 10:15, Sons of the South.

WATL—News; 10:05, Langworth Chorists; 10:15, News; 10:20, John Agnew.

10:30 A. M.

WGST—Big Sister; 10:45, Aunt Jenny.

WSB—Road of Life; 10:45, Little Country Church.

WAGA—Rev. J. M. Hendley.

WATL—Morning Melodies; 10:45, Words and Music.

11 A. M.

WGST—Kate Smith; 11:15, Right to Happiness.

WSB—News and Band for Today; 11:15, Lang Worth Music; 11:20, Words, Music.

WAGA—Rev. J. M. Hendley; 11:15, Glenn Darwin.

WATL—News; 11:05, Freddy Nagel's Music; 11:15, Rome News.

11:30 A. M.

WGST—Linda's Love; 11:45, Best Tunes.

WSB—Farm and Home Hour.

WAGA—West End Church of Christ; 11:45, Jamboe.

WATL—Helen Wynn; 11:45, Nat Shilkret's Music.

12 NOON.

WGST—ATLANTA CONSTITUTION NEWS; 12:05, Chuck Wagon.

WSB—Farm and Home Hour; 12:15, Farm News and Views.

WAGA—News; 12:12, Spotlight of Local Events; 12:15, Ted Malone.

WATL—News; 12:05, Luncheon Dance Music.

12:30 P. M.

WGST—Chuck Wagon; 12:45, Snooper.

WSB—News; 12:45, Weather, Markets and Music.

WAGA—Homer Knowles; 12:45, Dixie Land Barn Dance.

WATL—Okay Boy; 12:45, Harry Horlick's Music.

1 P. M.

WGST—Young Dr. Malone; 1:15, George West; 1:20, Interlude.

WSB—The Teen Age; 1:15, For Your Health's Sake.

WAGA—Varieties; 1:15, Studio; 1:20, Varieties.

WATL—News; 1:05, Bay Sisters' Quartet; 1:15, George West; 1:20, Johnny Duffy.

1:30 P. M.

WGST—Boulevard Rendezvous; 1:45, My Son and I.

WSB—Georgia Jubilee.

WAGA—Army Band.

WATL—Designs in Melody.

2 P. M.

WGST—Marine Program; 2:15, ATLANTA CONSTITUTION NEWS; 2:20, Musical Pickups.

WSB—Mary Martin; 2:15, Ma Perkins.

WAGA—Orphans of Divorce; 2:15, Amanda of Honeymoon.

WATL—News; 2:05, Lud Gluskin's Music; 2:15, Jimmy Lunceford's Music.

2:30 P. M.

WGST—A Friend in Need; 2:45, Children's Hour.

WSB—Pepper Young; 2:45, Vic Sage.

WAGA—John's Other Wife; 2:45, Just Plain Bill.

WATL—Manny Landers' Music.

3 P. M.

WGST—Portia Faces Life; 3:15, We, The Abbot.

WSB—Backstage Wife; 3:15, Stella Dallas.

WAGA—Mother of Mine; 3:15, Club Matinee.

WATL—News; 3:05, Swing Session.

3:30 P. M.

WGST—Hilltop House; 3:45, Kate Hopkiss.

WSB—Lorenzo Jones; 3:45, Young Wilder Brown.

WAGA—Accent on Music; 4:15, ATLANTA CONSTITUTION NEWS; 4:20, His, Encore.

WATL—News; 4:05, Benny Strong's Music.

4:30 P. M.

WGST—Columbia Concert Orchestra; 4:45, Scattergood Baines.

WSB—A Short Reporter; 4:45, Life Can Be Beautiful.

WAGA—Down Melody Lane.

WATL—Unemployment Program; 4:45, Tea Time Tunes.

5 P. M.

WGST—Snooper; 5:15, Singin' Sam.

WSB—Glen Island Music; 5:25, Song for Today.

WAGA—News; 5:15, Irene Wicker; 5:25, Geppert Man.

WATL—News; 5:05, The Monitor Views the News; 5:15, Don Allen's Music.

5:30 P. M.

WGST—To Be Announced; 5:45, Scattergood Baines.

WSB—Reveries; 5:45, News.

WAGA—Don Window of the Navy; 5:45, Tom Mix.

WATL—Spreadin' Rhythm Around; 5:45, Captain Midnight.

6 P. M.

WGST—Amos 'n' Andy; 6:15, Lanny Rogers.

WSB—Sports News and Views; 6:15, Texas Rangers.

WAGA—Easy Aces; 6:15, Mr. Keene.

WATL—News; 6:15, News; 6:20, Dinner Dance.

6:30 P. M.

WGST—Second Husband.

WSB—Stanley Mehan; 6:45, H. V. Kaltenborn.

WAGA—Abe Lyman's Music; 6:45, Sportscope; 6:50, Abe Lyman's Music.

WATL—Dinner Dance Music; 6:45, Sports Review; 6:55, Interlude.

7 P. M.

WGST—Court of Missing Heirs.

WSB—Johnny Presents.

WAGA—Gen. Bernie.

WATL—News; 6:55, The Williams; 7:15, Henry King's Music.

7:30 P. M.

WGST—First Nighter.

WSB—Horace Heidt's Music.

WAGA—Uncle Jim's Question Box.

WATL—Ned Jordan.

8 P. M.

WGST—We, The People.

WSB—Ben Bernie.

WAGA—Grand Central Station.

WATL—News; 8:05, Swintime in Dixie.

8:30 P. M.

WGST—Professor Quiz.

WSB—Fibber McGee.

WAGA—To Be Announced.

WATL—Morton Gould's Music.

9 P. M.

WGST—Glenn Miller's Music; 9:15, News.

WSB—Bob Hope.

WAGA—Story Dramas by Olmstead.

WATL—Story Dramas by Olmstead.

Radio Highlights

6:30—Second Husband, WGST.

7:00—Court of Missing Heirs, WGST.

7:00—Johnny Presents, WSB.

7:00—Ben Bernie, WAGA.

7:30—First Nighter, WGST.

7:30—Horace Heidt's Music, WSB.

8:00—We, the People, WGST.

8:00—Grand Central Station, WAGA.

8:30—Professor Quiz, WGST.

8:30—Fibber McGee, WSB.

9:00—Glenn Miller's Orchestra, WGST.

9:00—Bob Hope, WSB.

9:30—Uncle Walter's Dog House, WSB.

10:35—Bob Chester's Orchestra, WGST.

WE, THE PEOPLE—Three Park College freshmen from Parkville, Mo., who staged a sitdown strike in a bathtub to decide who had prior bathing rights, will spill their story on Gabriel Heatter's "We, The People," heard over WGST at 8 o'clock tonight.

Max Lowe and Bill Turner of Casper, Wyo., and Robert Gaiser, of Kansas City, Mo., stayed in the tub for eleven hours, arguing about their respective rights to the bathing receptacle. Meanwhile three young co-eds waited in vain—for their "dates."

Lauritz Melchior, noted opera star, will introduce and sing with Ruth Welles, an opera singer, who has been blind since birth, the second to appear on "We, The People" in recent weeks. Music for "We, The People" will be conducted by Mark Warnow.

FIRST NIGHTER—Tropical romance, oil wells and intrigue are mixed together in a comedy called "Once Too Often," which will be dramatized on "First Nighter" program to be heard over WGST at 7:30 o'clock tonight. Les Tremayne and Barbara Luddy co-starred.

Betty Richardson, played by Barbara Luddy, starts out with her father on an oil-lease buying junkie in Central America. Betty quarrels once too often with handsome Bill Wade (Les Tremayne) and loses his services as a guide.

Betty and her father fall into the hands of an unscrupulous native guide and then the thrilling adventures really get under way.

DOG HOUSE AGAIN—When Johnny Baldwin essayed to play the unintentional fool of John Alden, it got Johnny and the night man at his hamburger stand both into the poodish prison, according to Tom (Uncle Walter) Wallace, who will reveal the case history on Uncle Walter's Dog House, heard over WSB at 9:30 o'clock tonight.

Virginia Verrill, the show's "countrito," will offer Brahms' "Lullaby" as her feature song number; the quartet will sing "Ida," and Bob Strong's orchestra will play "Do You're the One" and the college medley, dedicated to three "ag" schools, Oklahoma A. & M., Utah Aggies and Pennsylvania State College.

Whether you have a few suitcases or many items of furniture to be moved, get someone for the job by turning to Classification 84—"Moving and Storage."

On the Network

6:00 P. M.—Waring Time—nbc-weaf.

East Aces, Dramatic Serial—nbc-weaf.

Amos and Andy, Sketch—nbc-weaf.

Fulton Lewis Jr., Talk—nbc-weaf.

Europe's News—nbc-weaf.

Mr. Keen, Dramatic Serial—nbc-wjz.

Lanny Rogers, News—nbc-weaf.

Here's the Morgan Prog.—nbc-weaf.

6:30—Revue and Quizzes—nbc-weaf.

Stanley Mehan, nbc-wjz.

Tom Powers, Vocal Prog.—nbc-wjz.

Hubbard, nbc-weaf.

Arthur Hale's Broadcast—nbc-weaf.

Kaltenborn's Comment—nbc-weaf.

Sam Baller in Spits, Talk—nbc-weaf.

7:00—Johnny Presents, nbc-weaf.

Ben Bernie's Musical Quiz—nbc-wjz.

Court of Missing Heirs—nbc-weaf.

Europe's News—nbc-weaf.

7:15—Sentimental Concert—nbc-weaf.

7:30—Horace Heidt's Show—nbc-weaf.

Uncle Jim's Question Box—nbc-wjz.

First Nighter, Dramatic—nbc-weaf.

Music Broadcast Features—nbc-wjz.

Wynne Harris, nbc-weaf.

Antonioli Concert—nbc-weaf.

8:00—Battle of the Sexes—nbc-weaf.

Grand Central Station Play—nbc-wjz.

We, the People—nbc-weaf.

Mystery Hall, Dramatic—nbc-weaf.

8:30—Fibber McGee's Show—nbc-weaf.

News Bishop and Garkey—nbc-wjz.

Professor Quiz & Quizzes—nbc-weaf.

Morton Gould's Music—nbc-wjz.

8:00—Bob Hope's Variety—nbc-weaf.

Olmstead's Story Dramas—nbc-wjz.

Glenn Miller & Orchestra—nbc-weaf.

Comment on News of War—nbc-wor.

9:15—Dancing Music—nbc-wjz.

Invitation for Learning—nbc-weaf.

News, Dance Music Or—nbc-weaf.

Use Us—nbc-weaf.

Concert Musical Program—nbc-wjz.

Dancing Music Orchestra—nbc-weaf.

The Vagabond Trail—nbc-weaf.

Broadcasting War News—nbc-weaf.

7:00—Amos and Andy—nbc-weaf.

10:00—News and Dance—nbc-weaf.

Fred Waring's repeat—nbc-weaf.

Dancing Music—nbc-wjz.

Sports Time Broadcasting—nbc-weaf.

Sally Forth

SAYS

Mrs. I. N. Ragsdale Honored On Her Eightieth Birthday

● ● ● **MRS. I. N. RAGSDALE**, one of Atlanta's most beloved pioneers, was the inspiration yesterday of not one, but two, surprise parties! That, of course, is something of a record, especially so since Mrs. Ragsdale was taken as completely unaware by the second as the first! The two occasions celebrated her 80th birthday anniversary, and some of the celebrants had a surprise, too, when they learned Mrs. Ragsdale's age, which her looks, her activities and her modern point of view certainly belie.

The first of the surprise affairs was a tea held at the Morningside drive home of one of her daughters, Mrs. J. B. Suttles, with whom she resides, the guests including 20 neighborhood friends. The second, which took place later in the evening, found Mrs. Ragsdale the center of a family dinner party.

The smiling faces that surrounded her at the dinner table included among others those of her four daughters, Mrs. Suttles, Mrs. R. C. Upchurch, Mrs. Matt Perkins, Mrs. T. E. Camp; her only son, C. N. Ragsdale, and her seven grandchildren.

Innumerable corsages, bouquets of cut flowers, and hot-house plants, as well as telegrams, birthday cards and gifts, were received by Mrs. Ragsdale from her countless friends as tributes of their affection.

Few women ever achieve such widespread admiration as has been accorded Mrs. Ragsdale throughout the years. The wife of the late Mayor Ragsdale, she is the former Miss Mary Huff, of West End. She was born in Atlanta, where she has lived all her life, and made an enviable record in social and civic life. Incidentally, the house in which she was born 80 years ago still stands at the entrance to Greenwood cemetery on Cascade road.

Mrs. Ragsdale was a member of the first graduating class at Girls' High school and is a charter member of the organization of Pioneer Women.

A becoming and charming modesty forbids this delightful

person to speak of the civic advancements she has championed and personally aided. But it is not amiss for Sally to mention that, among other things she has done for her community, was the presentation to the city of the site upon which the West End Woman's Club now stands.

● ● ● **CUPID IS STILL** romancing! This time that capricious fellow has engineered the courtship of one of the city's most popular brunettes and a very handsome young man from a distant city. The belle received her beautiful engagement ring during the weekend, and is telling her friends.

She graduated from the University of Georgia, where she was a member of Tri Delta sorority, and made a brilliant scholastic record as well as an enviable social one.

The nuptials are being planned for next month. Can you name them?

● ● ● **FIFTY YEARS** ago today the former Miss Jennie Sibley, of Augusta, became the bride of Harold Lamb at a fashionable ceremony, and since that time has been a prominent resident of Union Point, Ga. The celebration of the cou-

ple's golden wedding anniversary at an open house from 4 until 8 o'clock today at their home in Union Point is an event of especial interest to Atlanta relatives and friends.

Robert Bryan, by the way, is a nephew of the couple, and Judge Samuel Hale Sibley, of Marietta, is a brother of Mrs. Lamb.

Among the Atlantans who will motor to Union Point for this auspicious event are Mr. and Mrs. Robert Bryan and their young daughter, Mary Virginia; Mr. and Mrs. William Sibley, Mr. and Mrs. John Sibley, Mr. and Mrs. Josiah Sibley, Dr. and Mrs. Mordock Eguen, Mr. and Mrs. Toulman Hurt, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Wotton, Dr. and Mrs. Perrin Nicholson, Caroline Nicholson, Mr. and Mrs. John S. Spalding, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Anderson and their little daughter, Constance; and Mr. and Mrs. Tom Gash.

Also attending the affair will be Mr. and Mrs. John Wesley Weekes and Mr. and Mrs. Murphy Candler, of Decatur.

Especially thrilled over the advent of the celebration is little Mary Virginia Bryan, who will play an important role. Assisted by her young cousin, Betty Bryan, and Florrie Fleming, of Augusta, she will be stationed at the door to receive the guests as they arrive to extend felicitations to their hosts.

● ● ● **THE BEAUTY** and gaily of Miami continue to attract scores of prominent Atlantans, who are caught up in the whirl of social activity the moment they reach the tropical playground. Sally learns from her Miami scout that Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Keyes are entertaining at a musicale this evening, the elaborate affair to attract a representative group of the resort's winter social colony. Mrs. Keyes, you know, is the former Lucile Thomas, daughter of Mrs. Claude C. Smith, of this city.

Also on the calendar of events for this evening in the "Sunshine City" is the party for the benefit of the British War Relief Society, in which all of the celebrities in Miami will be asked to perform. Needless to say, Mrs. John George Simmons, the former Bessie Draper, of Atlanta, will be an enthusiastic participant at the affair because of

Miss Carroll Sheep To Marry Captain Voegtley On Jan. 18

Of interest in Army circles is the announcement today of the wedding plans of Miss Carroll Sheep, daughter of Brigadier General William L. Sheep and Mrs. Sheep, of Fort McPherson, and Captain John Henry Voegtley, of Fort Devens, Mass., whose engagement was recently announced. The ceremony will take place on January 18, at 4:30 o'clock at the chapel at Fort McPherson.

Rev. William Pfeifer, of Pittsburgh, Pa., uncle of the groom-elect, will officiate, and his sister, Miss Elizabeth Voegtley, of Pittsburgh, Pa., will present a musical program.

Miss Gretchen Beekman, of Kankakee, Ill., will be maid of honor and only attendant. Miss Sheep will be given in marriage by her father, General Sheep, and Captain Voegtley will have as his best man, John Torrance, of Carlisle, Pa. Ushers will be Captain Earle Lowry and Lieutenants Donald Foster, Oscar Moffett and Tom Bartel.

After the ceremony General and Mrs. Sheep will entertain at a reception at the Officers Club at Fort McPherson for their daughter and Captain Voegtley.

The initial affair in the pre-nuptial series will be the cocktail

her interest in the worthy cause.

Tomorrow marks the opening of the racing season at Hialeah Park and listed among notable boxholders are former Governor and Mrs. James M. Cox, who undoubtedly will entertain extensively during the season.

Another former Atlantian, Mrs. Edward Brantley, is quite in demand in Miami, Sally hears, for presiding at the coffee urns of many of the social affairs, her last one having been at the elaborate cocktail party given by Mrs. Smiley M. Tatum and Mrs. Francis Gardiner at the Tatum home.

Glimpsed constantly at the various parties are Mrs. Edwin Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Miller, Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Moon, Mr. and Mrs. Lindsey Hopkins Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Robert K. Ludwig and Mr. and Mrs. Harold Barnes.

party at which Miss Sheep will entertain on Saturday at her home at Fort McPherson, honoring her guest, Miss Beekman, who will arrive on that date for the wedding.

On January 12, Mrs. Ellen Rhodes Oehmann entertains at a buffet supper at her home on Brighton road for the Army belle, and sharing honors will be Miss Maibelle Dickey, whose marriage to Raymond T. Barnett, of New York, will take place in the spring.

Mrs. Ross Bretz entertains at a luncheon on January 13 at her home on Peachtree road for Miss Sheep, and on January 14, Mrs. Clifford Earley will be hostess at a luncheon at her quarters at Fort McPherson.

Miss Genevieve Scully will entertain at luncheon on January 15 at the Piedmont Driving Club for Miss Sheep, and on January 16 Mrs. Earl Lowry will be hostess at a luncheon at the Biltmore hotel for the lovely bride-elect.

Center Hill O. E. S. Installs Officers.

Installation of officers of Center Hill O. E. S., No. 235, was held recently in the Center Hill Masonic temple. Mrs. Pauline Dillon was grand installing officer, with Mrs. Grace Lynn, grand matron of Georgia O. E. S., grand marshal; Mrs. Genevieve Foddrill, grand chaplain; Mrs. Clara Ogletree, grand organist, and Miss Thelma Morris, grand soloist.

Mrs. H. W. Dunn was installed as worthy matron, with Elmer Smith, worthy patron; Mrs. Estelle Britt, associate matron; W. H. McCleskey, associate patron; Mrs. Bessie Lou Buckner, conductress; Mrs. Bonnie Smith, associate conductress; Mrs. Elinor Smith, secretary; Mrs. Martha Sessions, treasurer; Mrs. Gertrude Bailey, chaplain; Mrs. Cora Campbell, marshal; Mrs. Jimmie Clayton, organist; Mrs. Gladys Jones, Adah; Mrs. Marguerite Parkinson, Ruth; Mrs. Betty Cooper, Esther; Mrs. Grace Estes, Martha; Mrs. Lillie Mae Burdette, Electa; Mrs. Nettie Smith, warden; S. O. Cantrell, sentinel, and Mrs. Floye Melton and Hazel Aiken, page.

Mrs. John Slaton Jr. To Fete Debutante

Featuring the debutante calendar for today will be the luncheon at which Mrs. John M. Slaton Jr. will entertain at the Mirador Room of the Capital City Club for Miss Emmelyn Carter.

The table will be decorated with pastel flowers including jonquils, pink roses and blue delphinium, the same floral combination to feature the hand-painted place cards for each guest.

Invited are Misses Carter, Margaret Winship, Isabel Vretman, Jean Pentecost, Anne Garrett, Evelyn Harrison, Elsa McCall, Mrs. B. T. Carter and Mrs. E. G. Hitt.

Miss Carter, the honor guest, is the daughter of Dr. and Mrs. B. T. Carter and is one of the most popular members of the debutante set.

Mrs. Fuller Plans Luncheon For Miss Marguerite Jones

Initiating a series of interesting parties planned in compliment to Miss Marguerite Jones prior to her marriage to Pope Fuller next month, will be the luncheon to be given on Friday by Mrs. Samuel J. Fuller, mother of the groom-elect. The betrothal of the popular couple was announced January 2.

Mrs. Fuller will entertain in the Mirador room of the Capital City Club, Friday's luncheon to be one of a trio at which she will be hostess in honor of her son's fiancée. Covers will be placed for Misses Emily Evins, Emmakate Vretman, Mary Foute Jones, Annie Lou Hardy, Mesdames J. J. Haverly Jr., Robert B. Hodgson,

Thomas O. Fleming, S. J. Elder, B. R. Beck, Miss Sallie Mae Strickland and Mrs. Roger Strickland, of Concord, and Mrs. Paul W. Jones, of Canton.

Next Week Mrs. Fuller will be hostess at two luncheons, one on Tuesday and one on Wednesday, when she will introduce her future daughter to groups of her friends among the married contingent of society. Both affairs will be held in the Mirador room.

A number of other parties will precede the wedding of Miss Jones and Mr. Fuller. The bride-elect's aunt, Mrs. B. R. Beck, will entertain at a trousseau-tea in her honor and other affairs will be announced later.

Wheary Luggage

is definitely Nassau-bound! In brown or grey and white checked duck... these three carry your whole Rich wardrobe:

18-inch O'Nite case, 12.50...
18-inch hat and shoe box, 21.50...
28-inch wardrobe, 27.50.
Others from \$10 to trunks at \$190.

Luggage Shop
Rich's Balcony

EXCLUSIVELY IN GEORGIA, RICH'S PRESENTS

Fashions for Nassau

OR ANY PLACE UNDER THE SUN

A complete, co-ordinated collection created by a group of favorite American designers to outfit you head to toe! See them photographed, sketched, emblazoned across the pages of January VOGUE and HARPER'S BAZAAR! See them modeled in our TEAROOM FASHION SHOWS * * today at 12:15 and again at 1:15 Then come try them on in all our shops on FASHION THIRD FLOOR. They're ready to make your winter vacation another Rich fashion triumph!

* * Models wearing Elizabeth Arden's "Bronze Glow" make-up and specially designed resort coiffures by our Antoine Salon.

★ Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

Coral-reef print evening dress, 39.95

Oyster linen topper, 22.95.
Tattersall check dress, 22.95

Watermelon pink and purple linen playsuit, \$15.

Newton Elkin pump, 13.75.
Bahama brown bag, 2.98.
Shadowy shirred felt, 22.50.

Bahama brown and sand plaid coat, 49.95.
Matching suit, 49.95.

TUESDAY IS FASHION DAY AT

RICH'S

Betrothed Pair To Be Honored

Initial parties planned in compliment to Miss Julia Chapman, whose marriage to Ray Retterer, of Cleveland, Ohio, will be a social event of February 4, are announced today.

Mrs. John Colley will be hostess at an elaborate tea on January 22, honoring Miss Chapman, Miss Mary McGaughey, fiancée of Ellis Gay, and Miss Barbara Indell, attractive debutante. The affair will take place at the home of the hostess on Club drive, and will assemble a large number of the married and unmarried social contingent.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Evans will honor their niece and Mr. Retterer at a party to follow the couple's wedding rehearsal on February 3 at their home on Club drive. Guests will include members of the wedding party, immediate families and out-of-town guests.

D. A. R. Presents

Interesting Program.

"Craige House," home of Atlanta Chapter, D. A. R., was the scene recently of a Christmas program, which marked the December meeting.

Christmas carols, snowy Christmas trees and an illuminated star, emblem of Holy night, lent the Yuletide atmosphere. The vested boys' choir and the girls' glee club from the Samuel Inman school sang carols, directed by Mrs. Isabel Brooksher. Mrs. Delos Hill spoke on the customs of early American Christmas. Dr. Theodore S. Will, rector of All Saints', brought the Christmas message.

Mrs. John W. Rice presided and presented each member of the chapter a card bearing the United States flag, the pledge to the flag and the American creed. Miss Albretha Malone, scrapbook chairman, presented the regent on behalf of the members, a golden jubilee plate, a souvenir of the 50th anniversary of the national society.

The regent announced the annual Martha Washington luncheon will be held at the chapter house, February 22, at 1 o'clock. Miss Dorothy Waldman, chairman, spoke of the activities of the Junior Citizenship Club and the work done by the committee. Ten dollars was contributed to aid in the work.

The chapter members gather weekly at the Red Cross work rooms to aid in the worthy cause. Mrs. James L. Logan, chairman, reported 94 hours' work by members. The members of the Junior group will have charge of the chapter's January program, when "Americanism" will be the theme.

Mrs. John E. Wells, chairman, arranged the decorations for the Christmas meeting, and Mrs. W. E. Beckham and members of the hospitality committee served tea.

Johnson Estates

Garden Club Meets.

The Johnson Estates Garden Club meets Friday at 3 o'clock with Mrs. B. B. Brock, 1739 Johnson road.

In the recent Santa Claus sweepstakes conducted by the club, Mrs. Herman Jacobson won the \$15 merchandise prize, and first place in the Christmas lighting contest was won by Mrs. H. P. Whitehead. Mesdames E. H. Bailey and S. R. Weems tied for second place, and Mrs. Claude Grizzard Jr. was third.

Judges in the lighting contest were Mr. and Mrs. H. K. Brannon, and Mrs. Stewart Carver was the chairman in charge.

Garden Club

Names Officers.

Mrs. George A. LaFitte was re-elected president of the Peachtree Heights Garden Club, which met with Mrs. H. M. Stanley recently.

Others elected were Mrs. Karl Icenogle, Mrs. Charles Daniel and Mrs. E. R. Sumpter, first, second and third vice presidents; Mrs. J. D. Poage, treasurer; Mesdames H. K. Brannon and W. L. Swartz, recording and corresponding secretaries; Mrs. W. C. Browne, auditor, and Mrs. Lucius Lamar, parliamentarian.

Last Few Days!

\$5 Shoe SALE

Wide assortment . . . day and evening styles . . . season's smartest leathers and materials . . . includes Pandora . . . Stine styled . . . Foot De-light . . . Young Georgians . . . all from regular stock

Values to 13.75
ALL SALES FINAL

REGENSTEIN'S

Peachtree



Miss Elisabeth Farnum Green, lovely young daughter of Mrs. Natalie Elliott Green, of Harrison, N. Y., and Lieutenant Commander Fitzhugh Green, U. S. N., of New Canaan, Conn., will become the bride of Richard Hooker Wilmer Jr., of Washington, D. C., their engagement having been announced last week. Mr. Wilmer is the grandson of Mrs. John W. Grant and the late Mr. Grant, of Atlanta, his mother having been before her marriage Miss Margaret Grant. Miss Green was a popular debutante of the 1938 season in New York and Philadelphia.

Whiteford Club

Elects Officers.

Mrs. J. D. Robinson entertained the Whiteford Garden Club at a party recently at her home in Decatur. Special guests were Miss Maude Rhodes, Mrs. Owen Phillips, Mrs. Joel Yarbrough and Miss Ruth Sullivan. The following officers were elected: President, Mrs. N. A. New; vice president, Mrs. Hugh Chandler, recording secretary, Mrs. Homer Carter; corresponding secretary, Mrs. H. J. McArthur; treasurer, Mrs. H. J. Bolton; parliamentarian and auditor, Mrs. W. F. Carmichael. The president, Mrs. H. J. McArthur, presented Mrs. Hugh Chandler with a picture which she had painted as a prize for high point winner for the year. Each member received a potted plant from the president, and the club presented Mrs. McArthur with an aluminum tray as a token of appreciation for her services.

The club will meet on January 8 with Mrs. H. J. McArthur, 1470 Boulevard, N. E. The feature of the meeting will be the installation of officers.

Radiance Garden Club

Members of the Radiance Garden Club held a party recently at the home of Mrs. W. A. Hodges on Page avenue. Mrs. T. F. Hemminger was co-hostess.

Mrs. R. L. Gatchell was awarded first place; Mrs. C. E. Harris second, and Mrs. C. T. Greer, third, for exhibits.

Mrs. Gatchell's entry featured a miniature tree, graced with tiny garden tools and packages of seeds. Mrs. C. E. Harris exhibited a cluster of silver bells centered with blue lights, which adorned the doorway. Mrs. C. T. Greer exhibited a spray of evergreens, pine burs and red berries, tied with a red oil cloth bow.

Mrs. J. C. Howard Jr., gave a reading on "Candles."

Garden Club Meeting.

The Druid Hills Garden Club meets Thursday at 10:30 o'clock with Mrs. Henry M. Davis at her home, 811 Clifton road. Mrs. Carl Lewis and Mrs. R. D. Ison will be co-hostesses and the board will meet at 9:45 o'clock.

Lebanon O. E. S.

Holds Installation.

The 1941 officers of Lebanon Chapter No. 105, O. E. S., were installed recently in the Capitol View Masonic Temple and witnessed by a large number of members and friends. Mrs. Grace Lynn, worth grand matron, Grand Chapter of Georgia, served as grand installing officer. Assisting her were: Mrs. Pauline Dillon, past grand matron, Grand Chapter of Georgia, as grand marshal; Mrs. Mabel Matthews, grand chaplain of the Grand Chapter of Georgia, and past matron of Lebanon chapter; Mrs. Marcia Jewett, past grand matron, Grand Chapter of Georgia, as grand secretary; Mrs. Elizabeth Garrett as grand organist, and Mrs. LaVert Mitchell as grand soloist.

Officers installed were: Mrs. Inez Wheeler, worthy matron; A. L. Harwell, worthy patron; Mrs. Florence McGee, associate matron; Hugh H. Lytle, associate patron; Mrs. Sara Belle Isle, secretary; Mrs. John Johnson, treasurer; Mrs. Dodd, conductress; Mrs. Pauline Moss, associate conductress; Mrs. Lila Laney, chaplain; Mrs. Nell Stephens, marshal; Mrs. Lottie Chapman, organist; Mrs. Lucie Hughes, Adah; Mrs. Hattie Spill, Ruth; Mrs. Louise Wilson, Esther; Mrs. Fannie Mae Blackmar, Martha; Mrs. Gladys Blacklock, Electa; Mrs. Gertrude Lytle, warder; Dr. Frank A. Blacklock, sentinel.

Mrs. Wheeler received a handsome gavel from her father, F. W. Snell, a bouquet of roses from her officers, and many lovely gifts from the past matrons of the chapter, members and friends.

Mrs. Grace Lynn, worthy grand matron, honored three members in the chapter by appointing Mrs. Ruby Dodd a grand usher, Mrs. Louise Wilson and Mrs. Fannie Mae Blackmar as grand pages for the grand session of the Grand Chapter of Georgia.

Judge and Mrs. A. W. Callaway, the retiring worthy patron and worthy matron, received past matron and past patron's jewels from the chapter in appreciation of their splendid work. They also received many lovely gifts from their officers, committee members and friends. Judge and Mrs. Callaway, in turn, presented the officers and committee members serving with them during 1940 with beautiful gifts of silver in appreciation of the co-operation given them during their tenure of office.

Miss Humphries Weds

William Y. Jackson.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Humphries announce the marriage of their daughter, Miss Naomi Lee Humphries, to William Young Jackson. The ceremony took place recently at the Central Baptist church, with the Rev. Paul Meigs officiating.

The only attendants were Miss Sara Humphries and J. Ernest Hensley.

Mr. and Mrs. Jackson left on a wedding trip. Upon their return they will reside with the bride's parents.

For Miss Sargent.

Mrs. Roy C. Sargent was hostess recently at an open house at her home on East Lake drive, complimenting the holidays with a crystal bowl filled with sprays of cedar and gaily colored balls.

Invited for the occasion were a group of members of the high school and college contingent.

FEMALE PAIN

Women who suffer pain of irregular periods with nervous, blue spells due to monthly functional disturbance should find Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a most efficacious remedy to relieve such distress. Pinkham's Compound is made especially for women to relieve such distressing feelings and thus help them go smiling through such "difficult days." Over 1,000,000 women have reported remarkable benefits. Try it!

Personals

Mrs. Robert Lorton is ill at St. Joseph's infirmary.

Mr. and Mrs. Langdon Quin leave on January 15 for St. Simons, where they will spend a month.

Miss Martha de Golan returned yesterday from New Orleans, La.

Mr. and Mrs. Willis Timmons are at the Riviera hotel in Daytona, Fla.

Mrs. Sterling Jestis Rogers, of Chicago, formerly Miss Ann de Camp Bell, of Atlanta, will arrive on January 10 for a visit with her parents, Judge and Mrs. Clarence Bell, at their home on Peachtree road.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Robertson and Mrs. James H. Whitten have returned from Miami and other points of interest in Florida.

Dr. and Mrs. A. A. Greene and children, Theodosia and Albert, have returned from Miami and Havana. While in Miami they were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. D. T. Blake Jr.

Major and Mrs. Charles Herbert Day and their son and daughter, Thomas McCabe Hyman Day and Jeanne de La Ville Beuvre Day, have returned from New Orleans, where they spent the holidays with Mr. and Mrs. Bentley G. Byrnes, son and daughter of Major and Mrs. Day. The Day family came to Atlanta for residence last fall and are making their home at 229 Bolling road.

Mrs. Wilson Williams and her daughters, Misses Rochelle and Alexa Williams, have returned from Hobe Sound where they visited Mr. and Mrs. Samuel F. Pryor, of Greenwich, Conn. The Atlantics and their hosts went by plane to Miami for the Orange Bowl game on New Year's Day as the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wendell Wilkie.

Miss Mildred Hutcheson has returned from Miami, Fla., where she visited relatives.

Mrs. J. P. Stark is ill at Crawford Long hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. James E. Kennedy Jr. announce the birth of a daughter at Crawford W. Long hospital on January 3, whom they have named Linda Elise. Mrs. Kennedy is the former Miss Ida Elizabeth Bunn.

Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin C. Hogue Jr. announce the birth of a daughter on January 3 at Crawford W. Long hospital, who has been given the name Margaret Lynn. Mrs. Hogue is the former Miss Marguerite Ayres.

Mrs. R. H. Burns is recuperating at the Ponce de Leon infirmary following an operation.

Mr. and Mrs. Jesse C. Thomas announce the birth of a son on January 3 at Crawford W. Long hospital, who has been named Richard Calvin. Mrs. Thomas is the former Miss Mary Alice Skillern.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry T. Freeman announce the birth of a son on January 2 at Crawford W. Long hospital, whom they have named Spencer Tracy. Mrs. Freeman is the former Miss Maybell Campbell.

Miss Nona Wadsworth is in St. Petersburg, Fla., for a visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Jensen A. Kelley announce the birth of a son at Crawford W. Long hospital on January 3, who has been named James Franklin. Mrs. Kelley is the former Miss Martha Elizabeth Ansley.

Miss Joy O'Brien has resumed her studies at the University of Georgia in Athens after visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. F. O'Brien.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Eugene Suddath announce the birth of a son on January 6 at Georgia Baptist hospital whom they have named Robert Eugene Jr. Mrs. Suddath is the former Miss Elizabeth Williams.

Miss Betty Haverty returned Sunday to Sweetbriar College, Va., after spending the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Haverty.

Miss Anne Wagar left yesterday for Washington to resume her studies at Holton Arms.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Patterson and their father, C. E. Jackson, who have been visiting relatives here,

in East Point and in College Park, returned Saturday to their home in Jackson, Ill.

Miss Ann Hurt, of Miami Beach, is visiting Miss Ann Irby, on Brookhaven drive.

Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Oakley and family, and Charles Oakley, of Birmingham, spent the New Year holidays with Mrs. J. A. Oakley at her home in College Park.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert J. Tatum announce the birth of a son on January 2 at Crawford W. Long hospital, whom they have named Charles Walter. Mrs. Tatum is the former Miss Mary Kathryn Davis.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Barnes have returned from a visit with Mrs. D. C. Barnes, in Wilmington, N. C.

Mrs. C. E. Bradshaw left Saturday to spend some time in Winter Park, Fla.

Mr. and Mrs. Elwyn Settle have returned from a visit in Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

George Stephens is convalescing from influenza.

Mrs. Charles Manston has returned from Miami, Fla.

David Moncrief has returned to the University of Notre Dame after spending the holidays at his home on North avenue.

Miss Jane DuBose has returned from a visit in Ludowici, Ga.

Mrs. Garnett G. Russell has returned from a visit in Washington, District of Columbia.

Women's Meetings

TUESDAY, JANUARY 7.

The Atlanta Junior League meets at 3 o'clock at the Piedmont Driving Club.

British war relief committee of knitting meets at First Presbyterian church from 9:30 to 1 o'clock. Mrs. Valeria R. Manley and Mrs. Phinix Calhoun in charge.

Lamar Chapter, U. D. C., meets at 2:30 o'clock at Rich's.

Kirkwood Civic League, meets at 3 o'clock in the school auditorium.

The Atlanta Music Club Chorus meets in the ballroom of the Atlanta Woman's Club at 7:30 o'clock.

Magnolia Garden Club meets at 10:30 o'clock with Mrs. Grace Fincher, 715 Flat Shoals avenue, S. E.

The Perennial Garden Club meets at 10:30 o'clock with Mrs. E. M. Underwood, 21 Avery drive, northeast.

Benjamin Neely P.-T. A. meets at 2 o'clock. Executive board meets at 1:30 o'clock.

Executive board of Clark Howell P.-T. A. meets at the school at 9:30 o'clock.

Executive board of Murphy Junior High School P.-T. A. meets at 10 o'clock.

Lula L. Kingsberry P.-T. A. meets at 2:30 o'clock in the school auditorium.

The executive board of the Atlanta Council of Church Women meets at the Y. W. C. A., 37 Auburn avenue, N. E., at 2:30 o'clock.

For Miss Wilson And Mr. Steinhauer.

Miss Caroline Hall and Mrs. Evans Hall Jr. were hostesses last evening at a buffet supper at the home of the latter on Mabry road, honoring Miss Lester Wilson and Eugene Steinhauer, whose marriage will be an event of this week.

The table in the dining room was covered with a lace cloth. Forming an effective centerpiece was a crystal bowl containing white narcissi. Silver candlesticks holding white tapers completed the decorations.

Assisting in entertaining were Mrs. Evans Hall Sr. and Mrs. Jerry Davidson. The guests included members of the bridal party and a few friends.



Mr. and Mrs. N. Baxter Maddox were photographed in Miami, Fla., prior to leaving on the Pan-American Clipper for Havana, Cuba, where they will spend their honeymoon. Mrs. Maddox is the former Mrs. Mildred Roberts Clark, her marriage to Mr. Maddox having been an interesting event of last week. Upon their return from their wedding trip, the bridal couple will reside with the groom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert F. Maddox, at their home on West Pace's Ferry road.

Mrs. Gilbert Fetes

Students, Parents.

Mrs. Edwin Glenn Gilbert was hostess recently to a group of her Sylvan Hills and West End students and their parents at a studio tea at her home on Willard avenue.

A program was presented by the children after which games and refreshments were enjoyed. Children who were invited with their parents, were: Frank and George Parkins, Richard Jones, Mary Ellen McCartney, Elaine Davis, Jeannine, Henry and Charles Haley, Myrl Sorrow, Betty Wortham, Loraine and Shirley Jones, Billy Bell, Sarah McGee, Ann, Elise and Charlotte Meaders, Janet Ragsdale, Jacqueline Sutherland, Laura Jean Fears, Sandra McWilliams, Ina Snell and Quentina Poole.

Mrs. Gilbert was assisted in entertaining by Misses Frances Campbell, Martha Bradford and Marianna Gilbert.

Hostesses at Tea.

An interesting recent event was the tea given by Mrs. Edward Webster and her sister, Miss Harriet Brown, at the home of Mrs. Webster, at 1696 Pelham road. The hostesses were assisted in receiving by their mother, Mrs. Mary B. Brown. The home was attractively decorated with garlands of evergreen. The tea table in the dining room was overlaid with a lace cloth and the central decoration was of green and silver with white candles in silver holders used to complete the decorations.

Miss Georgia Pepper and Mrs. Roy Hancock poured tea and the punch bowl was presided over by Misses Betty and Kiser Morgan.

Mrs. Webster was gowned in black jersey made on Grecian lines with flowing skirt and gold sequin giraffe. Miss Brown wore wine red velvet offset with old-fashioned gold jewelry.

Society Events

TUESDAY, JANUARY 7.

Mr. and Mrs. Raymond McCalley entertain at buffet supper at their home on Woodward way for their sister, Miss Catherine McCalley, and her fiancé, John Melvin Henson Jr., of Cazenovia, N. Y., after their wedding rehearsal.

Miss Jane Johnson entertains for Miss Margaret Fitzgerald, bride-elect.

Mrs. John M. Slaton Jr. entertains at a luncheon at the Mirador room of the Capital City Club for Miss Emmelyn Carter, debutante.

Mrs. George Murphy and Mrs. B. B. Gay entertain at a luncheon at the Atlanta Athletic Club for Miss Mary Cary Maynard, bride-elect.

Mrs. Percy Merritt and Mrs. Ed Merritt entertain at a luncheon at the Atlanta Athletic Club for Miss Virginia Evans, bride-elect.

Dinner-dance takes place at the Mirador room of the Capital City Club.

Garden Club Meets.

The December meeting and Christmas party of the Bird and Flower Garden Club was held at the home of Mrs. C. J. Shehan.

Mrs. A. Dodderer was elected to membership. Mesdames Perry Bechtel, H. Tichner, M. Corrigan were guests. Mrs. L. C. Credelle was awarded a blue ribbon for the most artistic Christmas arrangement.

Perkerson P.-T. A.

Perkerson P.-T. A. meets Friday evening at 7:30 o'clock for "daddies' night" program. "Safety," a play entitled "Safety," will be presented by some of the pupils.

Business Women To Hold Meeting

The Business and Professional Women's Club of Atlanta will hold its January meeting tomorrow evening at 6:30 o'clock at the Georgian Terrace hotel.

The dinner is sponsored by the legislative committee, composed of the following members: Misses Ruby Davidson, chairman; Elsie Freeman, vice chairman; Kathryn Eberhart, Kate Brown, Idella Bella, Alma DeLucia, Alice Thurmond, Effie Starnes and Mrs. Z. V. Peterson.

Miss Grace Hartley, president, will preside. An interesting program has been planned which includes music by Mrs. Fuzzy Woodruff. The speakers will be Mrs. Helen Douglas Mankin, whose subject will be "Needs for Legislative Reforms," and Mrs. John B. Guerry, of Montezuma, who will speak on "Our Individual Responsibility Toward the Enactment of Legislation."

Commission Chairman To Address Voters.

John Smith, chairman of the Local Government Commission, will speak to the Atlanta League of Women Voters at 10:30 o'clock Wednesday at league headquarters. The Local Government Commission was appointed by the January-February grand jury to make a study of the governments of Fulton county, DeKalb county and the city of Atlanta and make recommendations for needed reforms. The commission has gathered a wealth of first-hand information and recently published its conclusions. Mr. Smith will discuss these recommendations and other findings of the commission.

Mrs. J. D. Thomas, president of the league, has called the first meeting of the 1941 board for 10:30 o'clock today at the league office. The newly elected board is composed of Mesdames J. D. Thomas, J. J. Salvage, O. W. George, H. Griffiths Edwards, Robert Conns, Charles Liebman, J. R. McCullough, Calvin Sandison, J. C. Blacklock, W. F. Bolland, A. L. Bowden, Charles Conklin, Cutler Dawes, Herman Heyman, J. H. Lester, H. L. Rhorer, Edgar Watkins Jr., Misses Lillian Pierce and Eliza King.

To Install Officers.

This evening at 8 o'clock in the Red Men's Wigwam a public installation of officers-elect of Fulton Rebekah lodge No. 14, I. O. O. F., will be held.

Under the direction of Mrs. Helen Callaway, the deputy president of Fulton Rebekah lodge No. 14, will install as officers:

Mrs. Maggie Barnes, noble grand; Mrs. Frances Johnston, vice grand; Miss Ruby Holt, chaplain; Miss Beatie Burnett, recording secretary; Mrs. Lucia Holcombe, financial secretary; Mrs. Mae Garner, treasurer; Mrs. Mary Winton, conductor; Mrs. Gypsy Swords, wardens; Mrs. Jessie Cork, musicians; Miss Sara Garner, inside guardian; D. A. Cassell, outside guardian; Mrs. Lila Thornton, Naomi; Mrs. Evelyn Dodson, Rebekah; Miss Louise Garner, color bearer; Mrs. Grace McGee, right supporter to noble grand; Miss Ida New, left supporter to noble grand; Mrs. Maude Hughes, right supporter to vice grand; Mrs. M. C. Richardson, left supporter to vice grand.

Miss Laura McArthur, past president of the Rebekah Assembly of Georgia, will preside, assisted in the installation by Mrs. Mary Winton, deputy warden; Mrs. Maude Hughes, deputy marshal; Mrs. Emma Freeman, deputy conductor; Mrs. Berdie Durden, president of Rebekah Assembly of Georgia, deputy chaplain; Mrs. Lee Walthall, deputy recording secretary; Mrs. Mary George, deputy financial secretary; Mrs. Helene Callaway, deputy treasurer; Miss Sara Davis, deputy inside guardian; Mrs. Maude Thomas, soloist.

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THOMPSON-BOLAND-LEE

Black Patent

Shiny mineral Black

Paradise De Luxe

Shiny patent like the bright shine of mineral in the sun—your first for a semi-high heel, adorable pump with tiny perforations—opens toe pinch—EXCLUSIVE. 6.95

Shoe Salon—Street Floor

A large luster patent bag for the ingenious that hides in every one of you. . . . 3.00

Bag Bar—Street Floor

Mail Orders Filled

Hartsfield Plan Saved Credit of City of Atlanta

Fiscal Policies of Retiring Mayor Prevented Bankruptcy.

Assuming office just after backwash of the greatest depression in history, following a time when relief loads had taken a heavy toll of the city treasury, Mayor William B. Hartsfield, who retired yesterday, inherited \$2,854,309 in unpaid bills, in script issued in lieu of cash payments for salaries of city workers, and in past due bills for supplies.

Hartsfield led a campaign to provide adequate revenues to protect waning city credits and to re-establish sound fiscal policies. Estimates from the office of City Comptroller B. Graham West, are that about \$4,850,000 has been paid by Atlantans in excess of normal city receipts to refinance the city.

The refinancing program drew the following funds:

- Increase of 30 per cent in water receipts, \$2,100,000; revision of the sanitary taxes, \$800,000; extra one-mill tax levy to retire city's debt, \$1,300,000; one for relief purposes levied for two years only, \$650,000.

Salaries Restored.

During his first campaign in 1936, Hartsfield argued that salaries should be restored, that the police department should be revamped to re-establish public confidence, that especial attention should be given to an effort to reduce the number of traffic deaths, that equipment of various departments was worn out and was costing more to operate than purchase of new equipment would cost, that a sound financing system was imperative if the municipal government was to avoid bankruptcy.

In the year 1936, the administration of the late Mayor James L. Key struggled under the heavy relief load in Atlanta's history. Salaries of employees had been cut on a sliding scale ranging from 10 per cent to 30 per cent, bonds had been refunded to raise money to meet relief demands, and every department of the government had been placed on what Key termed a bread and water diet. It had wrestled with the problem of how to meet the needs of the city and no solution had been found.

One of the first acts of the Hartsfield administration was to cut a blanket six per cent, or 170 employees, off the pay rolls as a prelude to the financing program and as a gesture towards economy.

Legislative Program.

Then Hartsfield launched a legislative program, one designed to authorize the city to levy additional taxes, to increase water rates, to revamp sanitary rates. Invited members of the Fulton county grand jury, civic leaders, members of the legislature and his council to co-operate in mapping a constructive and conservative rehabilitation of finances.

Every one of the major recommendations of the joint group was passed by the assembly and were made effective.

Water rates were raised a blanket 30 per cent for a period of five years, the city was authorized to levy a one-mill tax to retire the debt over a period of five years, sanitary taxes, which formerly were \$3 for each dwelling, were increased to produce an additional \$200,000 a year, and a one-mill tax for relief was authorized for five years.

All the special levies except the sanitary rate were to be wiped out beginning in July, 1942, five years from the time they became operative.

In addition to retirement of the major portion of its inherited debt, the administration has expended \$2,958,616.97 on public improvements and purchase of new equipment for various departments. Records in the office of West show:

The city debt which now stands at \$305,000 will be wiped out this year.

Not only was Hartsfield able to meet claims on the city, but beginning in 1937, he carried over surpluses. In December of that year, a surplus of \$590,000 was listed. It was \$428,836 in cash in 1938; \$772,270 in 1939, and \$521,196 in 1940.

These surpluses exceeded requirements of the city budget law, which became operative in 1937, and provided that successive year appropriations must be reduced progressively one per cent a year over the previous year's actual receipts, until a five per cent maximum reserve is reached. This until 1942, the new budgets must carry the restricted allocations.

Not only did legislative acts empower the city to raise additional revenue, but they also provided that 10 per cent of gross water receipts after the school department's 30 per cent was deducted should be reserved for waterworks improvements.

Produced \$1,000,000.

This fund has produced approximately \$1,000,000 and through federal grants has enabled the city to double the pumping and filtration capacity by constructing new filter basins, enlarging those already existing, and replacing old pumps with modern new equipment. A 20-mile network of new water mains is now being laid in outlying districts. Unless, however, an extension of the waterworks improvement plan is granted by the legislature, this will pass into history after this year.

Atlanta's waterworks system now has the capacity and is equipped to serve the entire metropolitan area, Hartsfield says.

One of Hartsfield's major campaign planks was reorganization of the police department, at least the outer of its heads, T. O. Sturdivant, chief, and the late A. Lamar Poole, assistant chief and head of the detective bureau.

Among his first acts was to obtain the resignations of both of-



Constitution Staff Photo—H. J. Clayton.

FIRST STEP TOWARD HOLLYWOOD—Luella Stone, "Miss Anniversary" of Atlanta's second "Gone With the Wind" celebration, is shown as she boarded a train in Atlanta yesterday morning for Hollywood where she will get her chance in the movies.

officials and the elevation of M. A. Hornsby to police chief and Lieutenant J. A. McKibben to head the detective department.

Hartsfield claimed the moves were non-political and that the department operated on a non-political basis during his administration. Several months later, a blanket maximum speed law of 25 miles an hour was made effective, a vigorous campaign against fixing of traffic violation tickets was launched and a vigorous enforcement campaign was begun.

Deaths Decline.

Atlanta deaths, due to vehicular accidents, were reduced from 86 in 1936 to 57 in 1937; 55 in 1938; 28 in 1939, and 39 in 1940. The two-way police radio was installed during the past four years.

Until recent months, Hartsfield boasted that not a single child had been killed while en route to school from their homes or vice versa, but the record was broken last fall.

The municipal airport has received a lion's portion of improvements with more than \$1,000,000 worth already made or laid out. A new control tower was erected, lighting and radio services were improved, and new runways were laid and old ones extended in a co-operative move of city, county and federal agencies.

From proceeds of the added sanitary tax, a new \$550,000 city incinerator is being built to replace the 30-year-old plant which has operated night and day since the city was completed. It will be finished some time next summer.

New Golf Course.

The John A. White golf course and park in West End was bought and several community park sites were acquired, but the outstanding development from a civic point of view was acquisition of the Joel Hurt Memorial park, fronting the municipal auditorium.

Another of Hartsfield's campaign platform planks was disposition of the old city hall site at Marietta and Forsyth streets, abandoned since the new city hall was occupied in 1929. He contended the city should dispose of the tract and get some revenue from it instead of permitting it to lie idle.

He arranged to exchange the site for a triangular block fronting the auditorium, where the Hurt park was located.

Old dilapidated buildings were torn down, the tract was planted in grass and shrubs, and a beautiful electrical fountain was installed, making the new park one of the show places of the south-east.

Hartsfield also was instrumental in dramatizing the famous Cyclorama painting of the Battle of Atlanta. About \$38,000 was expended in this effort. The picture was retouched, it was lighted and made more lifelike.

Popular Attraction.

Since this project has been completed and because of revived interest in the War Between the States, due to the popularity of "Gone With the Wind," spectators have flocked to see the painting.

Institution of what Hartsfield calls a humanitarian system at the city prison farm is one of the major achievements of the administration. A new \$75,000 prison is now under construction and is scheduled to be finished before summer.

A broadened health program also was encouraged, and in the past two years services have been increased materially. Examination of the police department, at least the outer of its heads, T. O. Sturdivant, chief, and the late A. Lamar Poole, assistant chief and head of the detective bureau.

Completion of the sewer system begun under the Key administration was one of the accomplishments during the past four years.

Hazen and Robert Manners, of Fort Worth, Texas, have been in custody of local authorities for about a week. They are held at police headquarters on suspicion for investigation, and are scheduled to appear in Fulton superior court today on a habeas corpus petition.

Hazen denied knowing anything about the Macon burglary.

Jurist Annuls Bond Receiver Action in Dalton

Contempt Citation Also Dismissed in Surety Litigation.

DALTON, Ga., Jan. 6.—(AP)—Superior Judge John C. Mitchell dissolved today a limited receivership granted December 28 against certain bonds of the American Surety Company.

At the same time, Judge Mitchell dismissed a contempt citation against Horace Hixon, assistant state treasurer, who had declined to surrender possession of the bonds held by the state as surety.

The United States bonds, totaling \$25,000, had been involved as result of a \$10,000 damage verdict growing out of a fatal auto accident near Dalton in 1938.

In granting the motion for dissolution, Judge Mitchell said the receivership was a nullity and the contempt citation was without force.

Under Georgia law, a receivership for surety bonds may be ordered only if a damage verdict remains unpaid 10 days after a final judgment has been rendered.

Protest Filed In Dismissal Of AAA Aide

Cobb County Denies Administrator Is Guilty of Charge.

MARIETTA, Ga., Jan. 6.—Twelve Cobb county farmers, AAA committeemen and delegates to the county AAA convention this afternoon sent a strong protest to T. R. Breedlove, acting administrative officer in charge of the state Agricultural Adjustment Administration at Athens, who Friday dismissed William F. Rountree, Cobb AAA administrator, on charges of politicking and allegedly conducting an improper election in this county December 14 for county cotton committeemen.

At the same time the committee, composed of the 12 farmers who held the elections December 14, recommended to the state AAA committee that new elections not be held in Cobb except "where the most important officers are ineligible to serve."

In reference to the charges against Rountree, the letter to Breedlove said:

"We hereby state that these charges are not true and that dismissal is unwarranted and will hinder the progress of the AAA in Cobb county. We state that he is not guilty of politicking in any respect."

The Cobb farmers further accused the state AAA office of taking steps "without due consideration of the majority of delegates and county committeemen."

The committee letter concluded in stating, "We hereby refute any insinuations, reports or remarks made to the state office in regard to the election held in Cobb county without the full intentions of Mr. Rountree and everyone connected with the holding of these elections to hold them impartially."

A. M. Howard, AAA aide, has been placed temporarily in charge of the Cobb office and the 1940 Cobb cotton committee remains in office until the dispute is settled.

With the exception of H. B. Parris, vice chairman of the 1941 committee, and R. H. Cobb, head of the 1940 committee, the letter was signed by all members of both committees and by a majority of the local AAA delegates.

Wolver M. Smith Athens, Succumbs

ATHENS, Ga., Jan. 6.—Ranking member of the Athens Bar Association in point of service, died in a local hospital today. He had been ill a week.

Services will be held in McDermott chapel Tuesday at noon, the Rev. J. B. Stephenson, of Watkinsville Methodist church, of which Mr. Smith was a member, and Dr. Eugene L. Hill, of Athens, officiating. Interment will be in Watkinsville cemetery.

An honorary escort will include members of the Athens Bar Association, Oconee County Bar Association, Dr. Derschel B. Harris, Dr. Sam Talmadge, Dr. Guy Welch, Dr. Ralph M. Goss, Lee Morris, J. Tom Dickens, Cobb Lampkin, Robert Nicholson, Oconee County Sheriff A. Y. Crowley, Charlie Joel and W. M. Nicholson.

Surviving Mr. Smith are his wife, Mrs. Katie B. Smith; two daughters, Mrs. Ed Wright and Mrs. Charlie Hancock, both of Covington, and brothers, L. C. and Dr. Tully Smith, both of Covington.

Mr. Smith had been a resident and practicing attorney in Athens the last 34 years. He was admitted to the practice of law by New York county superior court in 1888.

Woman Killed in Crash; 3 Other Persons Injured

SARDIS, Ga., Jan. 6.—(AP)—Mrs. Wesley Jenkins was fatally injured and three other persons hurt yesterday when the automobile in which they were riding left the road near here and crashed into a stump.

Mrs. Jenkins died today in an Augusta hospital. Her husband is in a Millen hospital, where his condition is serious.

Mr. and Mrs. Milton Skinner, of Sardis, were slightly hurt.

New York Curb

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—Following is list of transactions on the New York Curb Exchange giving sales and trades:					Net				
—A—					—M—				
Sales (In Hds.)	High	Low	Close	Chg.	Sales (In 100s)	High	Low	Close	Chg.
1 AeroSupt. 35 1/2	35 1/2	35 1/2	35 1/2	1/2	3 LakeShore M 2	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/2	1/2
1 Ainsworth 5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2	1/2	4 LakeShore M 20 1/2	5	4 3/4	4 3/4	1/2
1 Alt Assoc 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/2	1/2	5 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
1 Alt Corp 7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2	1/2	4,500 LakeShore M 20 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
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1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
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1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
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1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
1 Ala Gt Sug 9 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2	10 Lehi C&M 30 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	1/2
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Transactions

720,800

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—(AP)—Following is the tabulation of stock transactions on the New York Stock Exchange:

—A—

Sales (Hds.) High Low Close Net

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I. Y. Stock Market

Jan. 6, 1941

Sales (in 100s) High Low Close Net

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Stock Leaders

Show Modest

Upward Trend

Early Gains of Many

Favorites, However,

Pared at Close.

Daily Stock Summary.

(Standard Statistics Company.)

(1926 average equals 100.)

Monday

Inds. Ralls. Utls. Stocks

104.9 201.5 53.3 65.3

Week ago

104.3 201.5 53.3 65.3

Month ago

104.3 201.5 53.3 65.3

Year ago

104.3 201.5 53.3 65.3

1940 High

104.3 201.5 53.3 65.3

1940 Low

104.3 201.5 53.3 65.3

Dow-Jones Averages.

STOCKS.

Open High Low Close Net

30 Inds. 137.9 138.6 132.4 132.3 -0.3

20 Ralls. 26.9 27.6 26.3 26.4 -0.1

15 Utls. 8.9 9.2 8.8 8.9 0.1

65 Stocks 44.16 44.40 44.07 44.22 +0.13

BONDS.

90-100-111

10 First Ralls

80.67-107

2 Second Ralls

109.62-107

10 Industrials

108.14-111

What Stocks Did.

Advances

Declines

Unchanged

Total Issues

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—(AP)—

Selected stocks moved up in today's

market for the third session in a

row, but the advance was with-

out a great deal of vigor.

Steels, in front most of the day,

slipped at the last, and early gains

running to a point or more for

other favorites were reduced or

cancelled in some instances at the

close. Strength was displayed by

assorted specialties.

Notwithstanding erratic tenden-

cies here and there, the Associated

Press average of 60 issues

was up at the close, the

market was considerably broader

than on Saturday, 787 individual

stocks being traded against 623.

Brightening earnings prospects

based on the huge rearmament

program added several shares, but

bullish inclinations generally were

restrained by continued fears that

country may become an actual

participant in the European con-

flict. The President's message to

congress held the attention of

boardrooms, although it had scant

price-making effect inasmuch as

it was about in line with his

REAL ESTATE—SALE

Houses for Sale 120

East Point

TO BUY or rent South Fulton real estate. COWART-NOLAN CO., CA. 2155.

College Park

\$3,100—E. OXFORD AVE., 6-rm. br., fireplace, corner lot. Mr. J. Wilson, WA. 2278.

Miscellaneous

BUY A HOME HAVE THE TITLE EXAMINED AND INSURED BY Atlanta Title & Trust Co.

Brokers in Real Estate 122

ALLEN M. PIERCE REALTY CO. Hurl Bldg., Main Floor, MA. 3349.

Farms for Sale 127

60 ACRES TIMBER LAND APPROXIMATELY 125,000 FT. NEAR CEDAR TOWN, J. D. COALSON, 1024 LUCILE AVE., RA. 8126.

Improved Georgia Farms

WRITE for info. Atlanta Real Estate Co., 400 Trust Co. of Ga. Bldg.

Investment Property 129

RENTAL \$110 mo.; cor. store & apt., cor. 86,250. Old 4th Ward, WA. 1714.

Lots for Sale 130

BEAUTIFUL wooded lots, Beecher Hills, 80x250. Also choice building sites, Cascade Heights, Cascade Manor, Fully improved, ready to build on. Geo. L. Wilson, agent, RA. 1035.

FOR BEST selection North Side lots call Burdett Realty Co., WA. 1011.

ONE or 2 nice building lots, 50x200, \$75 cash. By owner, AM-herst 1981.

Property for Colored 131

884 McDaniel, S. W., \$1,500

450 Berkeley St., near McDuff, \$1,100

FRASER REALTY CO., WA. 2944.

LANIER AVE.—5 rms., lot 22x150; no taxes; \$2,250. Allen, WA. 8287.

6-ROOM bungalow, 887 Spencer, N. W., \$2,500. Terms. Bell Realty Co., JA. 4723.

Sale or Exchange 132

494 Parkway Drive, N. E. IDEAL duplex, 7 rooms each unit, rents \$80 per mo. Will trade preferably colored rent property. For full information call Mr. James, WA. 2162.

Suburban 137

This week only, bargain for the most critical buyer. A beautiful 4-room house, built in 1930, on a paved highway close to Decatur. The house most fruit is modern to the minute. If bought this week will cut the price from \$3,500 to \$2,500. Can you handle a real bargain? Mr. Wilson, WA. 1035.

WILLIAMS & BONE DE. 3394

A VERY pretty 30 acres of farm land facing 2 roads. Plenty timber and bottom land. No taxes. Will sell for \$800. Mr. Wilson, DE. 3394.

WILLIAMS & BONE.

CLOSING estate, 300 acres, 2 old houses, 5 streams, woods, 50 acres bottom, elec. good rd., 35 minutes to downtown, \$4,500. Terms. Mr. Peavy, CH. 1225.

83 S. Candler Rd., 5-rm. frame, modern, 1-acre tract. Bargain, owner, Lithonia 1221.

3 ACRES, Lake Forrest Dr., 8000. Terms. McKinnon, CH. 3245. McGee, WA. 3880.

\$100 CASH, 515 mo., 3 1/2 acres Osborn Rd. Geo. E. Moore, CH. 6122.

BRICKLIFF RD.—Close in, approx. 4 acres. LaFontaine, WA. 1511.

16 ACRES, bold stream, paved road, near Decatur, DE. 4444.

FOR RENT—Nice cabin on private lake, 11 miles out, convs. JA. 7872.

Wanted Real Estate 138

WE SELL homes, farms, business property, vacant lots anywhere in Ga. or adjacent states. For quick, satisfactory results, see or write to: Atlanta Real Estate Co., 400 Trust Co. Bldg., GA. 3132.

HAVE client for Ansel Park home. Must be outstanding value. Mr. Barber, WA. 1971.

HAVE client for duplex; 3 or 4-room units; good N. S. section. Eugene Anderson, WA. 1971.

NEED suburban farm income, homes. John Low Smith, 402 Arcade, JA. 4456.

AUTOMOTIVE

Used Autos for Sale 140

Buicks

1940 BUICK Special sedan, \$665. Good trade for light car. Dan Graham, FRANK GRAHAM, INC., 449 W. Peachtree St., JA. 2568.

Cadillacs

1936 CADILLAC convertible coupe, small series. Tan color. Excellent condition, must sell. Will take trade. GE. 6394-J.

Chryslers

1934 CHRYSLER "B" 4-dr. sedan; original paint, looks like new. 4 good tires, chrome clean inside. Can be real good shape throughout. Can be bought for \$125. \$25 down, \$11.25 mo. Call Jack Towns, MA. 2280.

BUMMERS used cars are better. Cost no more. Harry Sommers, JA. 1824.

Chevrolets

1939 CHEVROLET Master 85 4-door touring sedan, full de luxe equipment, including radio and heater. Beautiful dark blue color, interior spotless, but new tires. This car has been owned and driven 14,000 miles by one careful owner, whose name we will gladly furnish. Someone desiring a really nice used car will have to see and drive to appreciate this one. For price and demonstration call Ralph Harper, RA. 4600 or JA. 2732.

ATLANTA PACKARD MOTORS.

1939 CHEVROLET Master 4-door sedan with trunk, original black finish, nearly new tires, interior exceptionally clean. Looks and runs fine. Can be bought for \$425 with \$75 down and \$25 per month. Call H. L. Breck, personally, MA. 2281.

1936 CHEVROLET Master 2-door sedan, beautiful dark gray finish, A-1 mechanically with 4 practically new tires. A real buy for only \$225 with \$50 down and balance easy monthly notes. Call Sam Burkhalter, RA. 4600.

1936 CHEVROLET 4-door sedan, runs good and is a real value. Only \$150. \$40 cash and \$11.67 per month. YARBROUGH MOTOR CO., 547 West Peachtree St., HE. 5142.

DOWNTOWN CHEVROLET CO., 329 WHITEHALL, WA. 5000.

For Best Buys to Used Cars. East Point Chev. Dealer, Inc. CA. 2107.

1940 CHEVROLET touring sedan, saf. planning car, 400 Spring, WA. 6740.

1939 MASTER de luxe coach, \$400 cash. No trades, 1677 Westhaven Dr., S. W.

1940 CHEVROLET de luxe 2-door, \$545. 116 Spring, Opp. Sou. Ry., WA. 5545.

Dodge

1939 DODGE 4-door de luxe, the best sedan, radio and heater. Very low mileage. Even the upholstery looks brand-new. Let me show you this one. Mr. Patrick, DE. 1163.

1939 DODGE 4-door de luxe touring sedan; low mileage; excellent condition throughout; will trade at attractive price or give good trade. Jack Martin, HE. 1650, nights MA. 2280.

1939 DODGE luxury liner, 4-door sedan, extra clean, radio, \$545; easy terms. T. Fred Thomas, JA. 2557. 28 W. Peachtree Pl., N. W.

\$50 CASH, easy terms, gets this 1936 Dodge coupe. Is in excellent condition, good tires, looks fine. Mrs. Mauldin, RA. 6337.

1937 DODGE 4-door de luxe sedan, excellent condition, good tires, at bargain or swap for cheap car and easy notes. Odum, WA. 5327.

1937 DODGE 2-door trunk, extra special, \$175. Atlanta Motors, 27 Courtland.

Fords

1941 FORD super de luxe 2-door sedan, with radio, maroon finish, driven only 700 miles. Cost \$967.50, will sell for \$825. Easy terms. Call O. J. Davis, JA. 3177.

1936 FORD station wagon, extra clean every way, thoroughly reconditioned; will trade for light car and easy notes. Pressley, RA. 4463.

GOOD 29 A model Ford. Any res. offer accepted. GE. 9198.

1934 FORD 4-door sedan. Clean car. 815, DE. 3711.

1938 FORD de luxe, 2-door, \$345. 116 Spring, Opp. Southern Ry., WA. 5527.

1938 FORD touring sedan, clean, \$195. UNDERWOOD MOTORS, BE. 2051.

0 FORD touring, Mercury motor, \$550. O. C. Chupp, JA. 1633.

Private Lives

NOVEL GESTURE

BEFORE AUTHOR KENNETH ROBERTS SENDS A NEW BOOK TO HIS PUBLISHERS HE ALWAYS RUBS HIS MANUSCRIPT OVER THE BRASS PAUNCH OF THIS OLD CHINESE GOD—FOR LUCK.



GOOD ENOUGH FOR FATHER.

WORLD'S GREATEST BILLIARDS PLAYER WILLIE HOPPE HAS NEVER USED BUT ONE CUE—THE ONE HIS FATHER STARTED WITH 40 YEARS AGO.



THE LADY LAUGHS

THE MOST FASCINATING FACE ON THE AMERICAN STAGE HAS NEVER HAD A FACIAL! IT BELONGS TO LOVELY LYNN FONTANNE—WHO LAUGHS AT GLAMOR.

AUTOMOTIVE

Used Autos for Sale 140

Oldsmobiles

1938 OLDSMOBILE "B" 4-door touring sedan, beautiful original gray finish like new, clean interior, mechanical condition excellent, practically new tires. An excellent used car at a price that makes it a big bargain. Only \$245 with \$75 cash or trade and balance in easy monthly notes. Call Roy Hunt, MA. 2280.

1936 OLDSMOBILE touring sedan, Bargain, JA. 4993 or RA. 1789.

Automotive

PIEDMONT BARGAINS

40 OLDS "B" 2-Door Sedan; radio 595

39 BUICK 4-Wheel Sedan 595

40 STUDEBAKER Com. 4-Door 495

39 PLYMOUTH 2-Door Sedan 445

39 OLDS "B" 4-Door Sedan 445

39 CHEVROLET 2-Door Sedan 395

39 OLDS "B" 2-Door Sedan 395

Cor. Spring & Baker—Open Even.

PIEDMONT MOTORS, Inc.

285 Spring St., N. W. WA. 8998

TEN OUTSTANDING VALUES AT 53 North Ave.

AUTOMOTIVE

Used Autos for Sale 140

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0 FORD touring, Mercury motor, \$550. O. C. Chupp, JA. 1633.

BEAUDRY'S

36 PLYMOUTH 2-dr. Sedan \$225

36 CHEVROLET 2-dr. Sedan \$255

35 FORD Coupe \$175

39 PLYMOUTH 2-door Sedan, \$375

ERNEST G. BEAUDRY

"24 Years a Ford Dealer"

233 SPRING ST.

Corner Harris

Open Nights WA. 3297

JOHN SMITH CO.

MORE THAN 125

Chevrolets, Fords, Plymouths, Buicks, Packards, Pontiacs and Oldsmobiles

GRADED AND PRICED ACCORDING TO VALUE.

Remember: You are fully protected by our "Better Than a Guarantee" plan.

"The Old Reliable"

JOHN SMITH CO.

Chevrolet Dealers

530-540 West Peachtree

100 OTHERS

J. M. HARRISON & CO.

WA. 5527

OPEN EVENINGS.

By Edwin Cox

At The Federal Offices

R. C. Copeland, regional manager of the Civil Aeronautics Authority, is in Miami, Fla., where he will attend the national air races.

E. C. Palmer, special agent in charge, Internal Revenue Intelligence Unit, is in Birmingham on a routine survey of the territory.

Boisfleur Jones, NYA regional director, yesterday attended a meeting at Forsyth, Ga., with representatives of the Monroe county board of education and the state department of education, with reference to continuance and expansion of the NYA resident work center for Negroes at the Hubbard Training school, Forsyth.

Charles H. Logan, of New Orleans, NLRB director of region No. 15, and Warren Woods, former regional attorney here, who was transferred to New Orleans last fall, visited Atlanta yesterday.

Major Willis M. Everett, assistant to the public relations officer, Fourth Corps area, is confined to his home by illness.

Harvey Tysinger, assistant United States district attorney, plans a hunting trip in south Georgia this week.

Inspectors of the wage and hour division, Department of Labor, plan an intensive drive in the Savannah area soon, working in diversified industries, it was announced yesterday by James G. Johnson, acting regional director.

M. H. Ackerman, postoffice inspector in charge, is out of town this week working in the territory.

Good used bikes are in demand. They put cash in your hand when offered through the Want Ads of The Constitution.

AUTOMOTIVE

Auto Trucks for Sale 141

GOOD USED TRUCKS

28 International 2-ton, panel \$250

37 Chevrolet 1-ton, panel \$225

37 Ford 1-ton, panel \$225

34 Reo Cab, 14-ft. flat body \$100

30 Others To Select From

INTERNATIONAL TRUCK & TRAILER CO., 1128 or Main 2757.

1-TON 1941 Dodge express truck, pickup body, driven 1,000 miles, but good as new. \$750. Also 1 1/2-ton Dodge truck, stake-body, with six new tires, and in good running order. Terms, cash-in-hand or 10% down, balance in 12 months. Call Mr. Farris or H. M. Garner, Walnut 1128 or Main 2757.

GOOD cars, \$10 down, \$2.50 per week. See Lovick, 262 Edgewood Ave.

SEE me before you buy or sell. Hal Motors, 231 Spring St., N. W. 2263.

\$10 DOWN, \$2.50 weekly. We finance our own notes. 268 Edgewood Ave.

Automotive

1937 Plymouth

De Luxe 2-Door \$225

Southern Buick, Inc.

401 and 324 Spring St., N. W. JA. 3165

1938 STUDEBAKER

4-door sedan, trunk, \$365

BOOMERSHINE'S

425 Spring St., JA. 1921

1936 FORD

Convertible Coupe; Comer cream \$275

A. M. CHANDLER, Inc.

DECATUR, GA. DE. 3363

TEN OLDSMOBILES

6's and 8's, 2-door and 4-door touring sedans and coupes. Some equipped with radio, each of these cars are exceptionally clean and have very low mileage. Beautiful colors to select from. The finest selection we have ever had to offer. Prices range from

\$495 to \$545

Your present car as down payment and balance in 24 easy monthly notes.

MITCHELL MOTORS

Open Evenings. MA. 2280

WATCH FOR AMERICAN Test Run—in Atlanta J